
FIST FIGHT AT CLOSE OF CHURCH

Minister's Son Badly Battered by Acquaintance for "Telling Tales."

QUARREL STIRS BROCKTON

BROCKTON, June 21.—Nineteen-year-old Lewis B. Coddling, Jr., freshman at Wellesley Reformatory and son of the Rev. Lewis B. Coddling, was knocked down five times and severely thrashed by Lester B. Flores, an eighteen-year-old acquaintance, who second Coddling of "telling tales" on him, according to Coddling's testimony against Flores in Brockton District Court today. Flores was adopted guilty of assault and was fined \$100, the heaviest assault fine ever imposed in the case for him and bail of \$200 was furnished.

The fight between the two youths took place right after last Sunday evening's service at the Pearl Street Methodist Church, of which Coddling's father is pastor. On the stand Coddling displayed a split lip and bruised face. A blood-stained shirt was on exhibition for Coddling. He is shorter and lighter than Flores, though the latter is a year younger. Coddling said:

"Last Sunday night I was at church. Just before I left I saw Blood told me something was 'going to happen to me.' I thanked him and went along with another boy.

"We walked up Pearl street. About 300 yards from the church we met a group, including Flores. As I passed, Flores made a remark that I had been telling stories about him. I asked if he meant me and he said he did. He said, if I wasn't seen a baby, he would smash me. I said, 'Why are you do that? He hit me and I fell on the grass.

"I think I was knocked unconscious for a while. I was helped up and more talk followed. He slapped my face and I started to defend myself. I got hit in the scuffle. Then I took off my coat and went at it. I distinctly remember being knocked down four times. I hit him once.

"After the fight he offered to shake hands, but I told him my father would hit another that way was dirty and I wouldn't shake hands. As he left I heard him say: 'Well, fellows, that was worth a nickel, anyway.'"

Schumann-Heink to Raise Oranges Now

Most Interesting, Next to Raising Babies, Says Diva.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., June 21.—"You, now as a farmer, also I am a grower, and I have just had my first second birthday."

It was Mrs. Schumann-Heink who spoke. Thrilled to notice and radiating health, the great artist, accompanied by her youngest child and most beautiful daughter, descended from an incoming train to begin a six months' vacation here.

She has just completed her longest American tour and returns with the greatest profits made by any artist in concert this season.

Last year Mrs. Schumann-Heink bought 5,000 acres here. She plans to make barren wastes into orange orchards and her ranch the garden spot of America.

"Paradise," estimated Madame, "next to the rearing of babies, is the most interesting work in the world."

Up-to-Date Nursery in Church Vestry

N. H. Rector Finds Way to Bring Newborns to Worship.

MANCHESTER, N. H., June 21.—An up-to-date nursery, equipped with every facility for the young ones, while their parents are attending divine worship in the auditorium above, will be opened for the first time in the Grace Episcopal Church—Manchester's most fashionable Protestant congregation—to-morrow.

Rev. George Robinson Hazard, M. D., trained nurse and several assistants will be in charge of the nursery to visit the little ones while services are in progress. The progressive pastor believes it will be the means of adding to the number of new-borns in the church work. These, with children in arms and little ones up to five years old have long used the children as an excuse for neglecting church attendance. The nursery is designed to put a crimp in that plan.

Market Rate of Blood Is \$25 Quart

NEW YORK, June 21.—Athletes in the West Side Y. M. C. A. gymnasium are ready to sell human blood for transfusion operations at \$25 a quart. That was the market rate. It was established when ten answered an advertisement in the gymnasium asking for a man, strong and healthy, who would give a quart of his blood.

A successful applicant is a Western college graduate.

Wife and Daughter Save Harry H. Gay

Give Up Teas ★ Quit Society ★ Defy Blizzards For Hill Life ★ To Nurse Him ★ In Mountains

Broker and Clubman Fails "White Plague"

Victorious in Health Fight by
Loyal Women's Aid, Banker
Will Return in Fall.

To the loving care of a devoted daughter and a faithful wife, Harry H. Gay, prominent Boston broker and banker, and well known clubman, owes his life.

These two women of wealth gave up their home life, society of friends, theatre parties, afternoon teas and a hundred and one other little pleasures to go into the Adirondacks to nurse the father and husband back to health.

Yesterday word came out of the mountains that they are happy in the realization that they have won their good fight—that Harry H. Gay can once back home to the Fall to again take his place as head of Gay & Burges, one of the largest banking and brokerage houses in Boston, and as a leader in the affairs of many clubs.

The daughter, who has shown such rare devotion, is Mrs. Francis H. Burrage, who before her marriage in 1911 was Marion Otis Gay, pretty debutante and lover of outdoor sports. The wife, before her marriage, was Caroline L. Burrage, a member of the Back Bay Club of that name.

Seize Only Chance.

Half a year ago Harry H. Gay was stricken with tubercular trouble. His life was despaired of. Too much work had shattered his health—beyond repair, it was feared.

There was only one ray of hope. Outdoor life in the high mountains was Harry H. Gay's only salvation. His wife and daughter promptly took charge of the fight for his life. They closed the luxurious home at No. 31 Chestnut street, and also The Ledger, the published Colonial Summer home, and a hasty good-bye to friends and started with the sick man to the mountains.

Then they took up their abode in a



Through the loyalty and nursing of his wife and of his daughter, Mrs. Francis H. Burrage, Mr. Gay is fast winning his way back to health in the Adirondacks.

GIRL LOOKS OUT AND MEETS FATE

Passerby Meets Glance, Cupid Shoots and Now They're Married After Eloping.

Pretty Agnes Brunkish looked out of the window of a delightful shop on St. Nicholas street one day last Spring just as Randall C. Grosvenor happened past. His eyes were met the blue eyes of the girl. The glances lasted but a second. Cupid did the rest.

Grosvenor found it necessary to visit the delightful store very often after that. And the only one who could was upon him satisfactorily was Miss Brunkish.

Then after a search he found a friend who introduced him to the charming girl. The affair progressed very rapidly after that, and on last Tuesday the couple quietly eloped and were married.

The bride formerly lived at No. 23 Kilson street, Brookline. Grosvenor is the son of Edmund H. Grosvenor of Union, superintendent of the Union Pacific Railway Company of Boston.

Mrs. Grosvenor was found at the counter of the grocery store last night. Her husband would soon leave their present home at No. 128 Huntington avenue and would go to homecoming.

BALKAN CRISIS AGAIN IS ACUTE

Serbia Rescinds Demobilization Proposal and Makes Ready for War.

LONDON, June 21.—Serbia today rescinded her recent proposal that three-quarters of the Serbian and Bulgarian troops be under arms in the Balkan peninsula. Both countries are immediately getting into military preparation.

Belgium, in a note sent to Greece, has asked the same attitude that she took in a memorandum addressed to the Serb government yesterday. The note says that Belgium desires to ensure the concentration of her troops on the French border or immediately her forces values Greece's to a joint occupation of the disaffected territory.

A joint note from the Allies insisting on an immediate award of this case was today handed the International Commission, while serious financial losses arising from Balkan war.

VORENBERG'S

You can back on these bargains

You can start a bank account the money you save on these bargains. Every item quoted at regular price and \$100.00. Figure it out and see what it will save you. It pays to go to Vorenberg's.



For this \$10.00 worth of goods, you can have it for \$4.97.	For this \$10.00 worth of goods, you can have it for \$4.97.	For this \$10.00 worth of goods, you can have it for \$4.97.	For this \$10.00 worth of goods, you can have it for \$4.97.	For this \$10.00 worth of goods, you can have it for \$4.97.
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Vorenbergs

Since 1876

Washington, Hanover and Elm Streets

ADIES

ON RETAIL PRICES AT
A. W. Jones Co.'s
WHOLESALE HEADQUARTERS
At 20 Chauncy St.

DID YOU EVER SEE A GENUINE WHOLESALE SALE STOCK OF FINE OSTRICH PLUMES?

By which question we mean to point out not only the advantage of a wide variety of splendid choice of colors, but the importance of the item of the Price!

We control the famous "Stanley Ostrich Farm" South African Plumage. Here you will find them in all we have them come direct from the dyes. The quality and colorings are superb. Your every desire can be satisfied from this immense stock. Our big whole sale number with millions of colors—see our list.

3.96
Retail Value \$5 and \$7

EXTRA SPECIAL—Fifteen Dozen 2-ton Plumes, 16-inch length, \$3 retail value. 1.24 Wholesale, each dozen, Monday

PANAMAS!

Why not save from \$2 to \$5 on the Finest Panamas?

You can do this here at wholesale. Make comparisons if you wish. Our hats are woven by hand by expert native artists. Selected solid ivory white strands only are used. Our importations for the trade in all sections of the country are for you to choose from. Good, head sizes and models are in the latest styles only. A. W. Jones Co.'s wholesale \$4.28 to \$10.00 Price direct.

OSTRICH BANDS
This section of our wholesale salesrooms is a popular one now. We've anticipated the color demands of the season and you will find here just exactly what you want. Fine full Amazon Curled Bands—in white, black or colors—retail for \$4 and \$5. Our \$2.48 wholesale price direct.

A. W. JONES CO.

Wholesale Millinery and Manufacturers
20 CHAUNCEY STREET, Up One Flight
Opposite MOVIE'S CHAUNCEY ST. Entrance—LOOK FOR BIG YELLOW SIGN

Teach 'Three R's,' and Not French

Urges Grammar Schools Train Pupils for Business.

Major Fitzgerald in a statement last night protesting against the study of French in the elementary grades of the Boston public schools declared that the study of the children spent in the grammar schools is no more than enough to equip them for the "Three R's."

The major added that he had been told by Boston business men that they have been disappointed in the qualifications for employment of girls leaving positions.

"These business men claim the girls lack the essentials which boys and girls should have in entering the business career," said the major. "This being the case, I would urge the School Committee to make an inquiry among the business houses in Boston as to their opinion on the value of French in the grammar school grade as against reading, writing and arithmetic."

Improves in Spring. Then came the Spring and a marked improvement in the condition of their patient. Harry Gay began to take short walks. The cold, clear, invigorating air of the mountains had put new life into his veins.

With the approach of Summer "the patient" was able to take long motor trips, walk down the road to the lake for his meals, enjoy the company of a few visitors, take long jama with his daughter and otherwise enjoy life in the open. Harry Gay was slowly winning back his health.

Last week his condition became so much improved that Mrs. Burrage's daughter was able to leave the patient for a few days. She came to Boston, made a few brief visits among old friends, got some Summer clothing together and then hurried back. It was she who brought the cheering news that Harry H. Gay is "coming back."

The good news that Mrs. Burrage brought to Boston was received with much rejoicing in State street and at the club. Everyone, too, congratulated Mrs. Burrage and sent congratulations to the mother on the successful outcome of their noble fight.

CUSTOMS "MOVING DAY."

It was "moving day" at the temporary quarters of the Boston Custom House on Tremont street yesterday. The government's three-year lease having expired, the owners retained the two street floors for department store, but the Customs Department retained the six upper floors, with the new structure in place as has been desired.

Swedish Dances New Newport Fad

Mrs. Spencer Introduces Whirls and Twirls.

NEWPORT, June 21.—During the coming season, which gives promise of being one of the most brilliant in the history of the fashionable Newport colony, fancy dancing will be one of the popular diversions.

The younger set, of which Mrs. Leland Spencer, Jr., is a leader, has engaged an instructor, and dancing clubs have been organized for the purpose of giving instruction in the art of dancing.

Mrs. Spencer is an accomplished dancer herself, and says new forms of dancing inaugurated by her are certain to be taken up and followed by the young people of Newport. The colony is awaiting this innovation with interest.

CHINESE TANNERY STUDENT.

T. G. Hom, a Chinese student, is working in the tanneries of Salem to gain practical experience in American leather making with the idea of returning to China and starting a plant there.

Luggage

To be well-kept, presentable under all circumstances, in strict accord with the appearance of its owner, growing constantly more genteel, and never shabby—must be of the Aristocracy of Leather Goods, fairly represented by MARK CROSS.

EXAMPLES AT MODERATE PRICES—
Fitted Bags, for Men and Women—\$23.50 Traveling Bags—\$10.00
Suit Cases—\$13.00 Rite-Hits Wardrobe Trunks—\$26.50 Steamer Trunks—\$13.00 Steamer Bags—\$7.75 Umbrellas—\$5.00 Walking Sticks—75c Leather Back Cloth Brushes—\$2.75 Collar Bags—\$2.00 Toilet Cases—\$7.50 Military Brushes—\$3.00

Mark Cross
BOSTON: 145 Tremont Street, near Temple Place
NEW YORK: 210 Fifth Avenue—253 Broadway
World's Greatest Leather Stores

OFFICER BEATEN AND JUMPED ON

**Thompson Knocked Unconscious
by South Boston Gang, Which
Rescues Prisoner.**

A gang attacked Patrolman Walter D. Thompson of the City Point station, late last night, when he was making an arrest at the corner of I and East Seventh streets, South Boston, and rescued the prisoner.

He was helped to the patrol box by

Thompson was attracted to the corner by a boisterous gang. He found one man very much intoxicated, and tried to arrest him. Before he realized his danger, someone had leaped on his back and

TWO BOYS DROWNED.
NEW BRITAIN, Ct., June 21. — While

cleer. fifteen—the latter a local high school boy—were playing on a raft in the pool in Holmes' brick yard this afternoon, both fell into the water and were rowed.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO



100

Women's 35c Silk Lisle Hosiery

525 pairs of extra fine silk lisle hosiery, reinforced where the wear comes, double sole, high spliced heel and wide garter tops, in black, tan and white, all sizes; regular and outsize, at—

19c

Also 200 pairs of Men's Silk Lisle Hosiery, with double sole and high spliced heel, in black and colors, all sizes, at—

4 Minutes by Tunnel to North St. Nearest Big Store in South Station

HENRY SEGEL CO

Washington and Essex Streets, Boston

Mr. Henry Siegel Announces That In the Interest of His Employees

This store will close daily at 5 P. M. and every Saturday afternoon. In addition to this the store will have an extra day of 48 hours, thus giving his employees a double holiday at that time.

Wonderful Economies in Dress Goods and Silks

Just before inventory each year comes this sweeping and radical markdown on the most wanted of dress fabrics and silks—plenty of lengths suitable for waists, dresses, suits and coats—in many instances whole pieces go into the sale at remnant prices—Plenty of extra salespeople will be here to serve the tremendous crowds that are sure to be here. Values are even better than those that caused such a sensation a year ago.

89c, 98c and \$1.25 Dress Goods—50-inch airmo serge, in cardinal and black; 50-inch black panama and pique outfitting; 52-inch black basket weave and 44-inch novelty outfitting, in tan, black, navy, olive, reosda, brown, wine and Copenhagen; and 50 to 54-inch striped materials. Yard.

69c

\$1.59 to \$3.00 Dress Goods—Colored materials, 50-inch French serge, striped serge and prunella, imported suitings, hair-line serge; 50 to 54-inch coatings, Scotch mixtures, nub outfitting, imperial serge, storm serge, broadcloth, 52-inch chevrons, 44-inch fancy herringbone, 44-inch hairline striped serge, 44-inch hairline cord and 44 to 50 inch fine twills. Yard.

98c

\$1.59 to \$3.00 Black Dress Goods—50 to 54-inch storm serge, French serge, forries and herringbone weaves; 52-inch diagonals, 50-inch clay serge, velvet, striped prunella; 44-inch silk, warp herringbone, prunella and Bedford cords and 44-inch whipcords. Yard.

98c

How You Can Save on Thousands of Yards of Wanted Silks

\$1.00 and \$1.25 Messalines—25 yards wide, double sole, high spliced heel and wide garter tops, in black, tan and white, all sizes; regular and outsize, at—

89c

\$1.25 and \$1.40 Silks and Wool Petticoats—40 yards wide, beautiful line of colors, double sole, high spliced heel and wide garter tops, in black, tan and white, all sizes; regular and outsize, at—

89c

The Natural Hand Woven Shaggy—40 yards wide, beautiful line of colors, double sole, high spliced heel and wide garter tops, in black, tan and white, all sizes; regular and outsize, at—

89c

50c Colored Shantung Pongee—26 inches wide, colors are taupe, prunella, plum, watermelon, cotton brown, myrtle, old rose, pink, coral and black. Yard.

49c

\$1.00 Dress Goods—40 yards wide, colors are taupe, prunella, plum, watermelon, cotton brown, myrtle, old rose, pink, coral and black. Yard.

49c

50c and 50c Black—40 yards wide, colors are taupe, prunella, plum, watermelon, cotton brown, myrtle, old rose, pink, coral and black. Yard.

59c

50c and 50c Charmeuse—40 yards wide, colors are taupe, prunella, plum, watermelon, cotton brown, myrtle, old rose, pink, coral and black. Yard.

59c

50c and 50c Black—40 yards wide, colors are taupe, prunella, plum, watermelon, cotton brown, myrtle, old rose, pink, coral and black. Yard.

59c

Women's \$3.50 & \$4 La France Pumps and Oxfords Tomorrow At \$1.55



All Goodyear wells, just 700 pairs of this famous make in a large assortment of styles, leathers, sizes and widths; no rubber soles.

Children's Messalines and Growing Girls' \$2.00 to \$3.00 White Canvas Pumps, extra pair Goodyear well, the perfect style for graduation; sizes 4 to 8, 8 1/2 to 11, 11 1/2 to 2, 2 1/2 to 3. At—

79c

Women's Summer Dresses About 1/2 Price

\$4. Summer Dresses \$1.98

In Women's and Misses' Sizes. Two Styles Illustrated at the Left.

Materials include linen, chambray and others. Some are very delicately trimmed with lace, others are finished with contrasting materials. One or two-piece Balkan models are also included. Your choice of all the newest color combinations of waist and skirt, or plain blue, white, tan or pink. All sizes from 14 to 18 for misses and 30 to 44 for women.




Women's \$7.50 and \$12 Coats \$4.98

Single-breasted coat, in the latest model, in navy blue, with contrasting collar and cuffs, and a large pocket. Also a two-piece coat, in navy blue, with contrasting collar and cuffs, and a large pocket. All sizes from 14 to 18 for misses and 30 to 44 for women.

\$4.98

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Single-breasted coat, in the latest model, in navy blue, with contrasting collar and cuffs, and a large pocket. Also a two-piece coat, in navy blue, with contrasting collar and cuffs, and a large pocket. All sizes from 14 to 18 for misses and 30 to 44 for women.

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\$4.98

Sale of Sample Leather Goods

Factory, Office and Salesmen's Lines of Two of the Country's Largest Manufacturers of High-Grade Merchandise

Naturally they are made in the finest possible manner, as samples always are

Your Savings Average Half or More

50c and 75c Values—25c and 35c Values

\$1.00 Values—50c and 75c Values

\$1.50 and \$1.98 Values—75c and 98c Values

Sample Leather Hand Bags and Turist Cases \$1.98

Sample leather hand bags, various shapes and leather, black and color. Also fitted tourist cases for men and women. Regular \$5.00 values.

\$1.98

25c and 35c Leather Goods—Pillbox, tourist case, satchel, bag, etc. All sizes, all colors. All sizes from 14 to 18 for misses and 30 to 44 for women.

25c

35c

50c

75c

98c

1.98

2.98

10c

GROCERIES

SUGAR—Best quality, 100 lbs. 39c; 50 lbs. 20c; 25 lbs. 10c.

Hazel Flour—Best quality, 100 lbs. 39c; 50 lbs. 20c; 25 lbs. 10c.

Household Flour—Best quality, 100 lbs. 39c; 50 lbs. 20c; 25 lbs. 10c.

CORN—Best quality, 100 lbs. 39c; 50 lbs. 20c; 25 lbs. 10c.

PEAS—Best quality, 100 lbs. 39c; 50 lbs. 20c; 25 lbs. 10c.

BEANS—Best quality, 100 lbs. 39c; 50 lbs. 20c; 25 lbs. 10c.

SOAP—Best quality, 100 lbs. 39c; 50 lbs. 20c; 25 lbs. 10c.

OILCLOTHS and LINOLEUMS—Best quality, 100 lbs. 39c; 50 lbs. 20c; 25 lbs. 10c.

COCOA—Best quality, 100 lbs. 39c; 50 lbs. 20c; 25 lbs. 10c.

Takoma Biscuit—Best quality, 100 lbs. 39c; 50 lbs. 20c; 25 lbs. 10c.

Rice—Best quality, 100 lbs. 39c; 50 lbs. 20c; 25 lbs. 10c.

Macaroni—Best quality, 100 lbs. 39c; 50 lbs. 20c; 25 lbs. 10c.

A Thousand Summer Waists

HALF PRICE

2 Lingerie and Voile Waists \$1.00

High neck, V neck, square neck or Medici collar effects, trimmed with lace, German val, Irish lace, dainty embroidery, crocheted buttons, yokes back and front, frills of lace, the newest ideas for Summer wear, all sizes 34 to 44. Your choice between row, at—

\$1.00

RUGS

AT ABOUT Wholesale Cost

Three Splendid Groups on Sale Tomorrow

\$19.50 Brussels Tapestry 9x12 Rugs—468 Triple Extra Quality Standard Tape Mark Brussels Tapestry Rugs—Only the latest of original designs in this lot which consist of about twenty different patterns. This rug would be an unusual bargain at \$35.50. For Monday only.

\$13.45

9x12 Tapestry Brussels Rugs—425 Extra Quality Brussels Rugs—Only the latest of original designs in this lot which consist of about twenty different patterns. This rug would be an unusual bargain at \$35.50. For Monday only.

\$9.85

28x50 Axminster 9x12 Rugs—425 Extra Quality Axminster Rugs—Only the latest of original designs in this lot which consist of about twenty different patterns. This rug would be an unusual bargain at \$35.50. For Monday only.

\$18.90

Attractive Summer Floor Coverings

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Sale of Feather Bed Pillows

60 Pillows, size 17x26, each 30c; 40 Pillows, size 14x20, each 20c; 20 Pillows, size 12x18, each 10c.

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Refrigerators

Lift Cover Style. Zinc lined, thoroughly insulated. Capacity 50 lbs. Price \$11.98. Capacity 60 lbs. Price \$13.98. Capacity 70 lbs. Price \$15.98.

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doors on front. Value \$12.98. Capacity 50 lbs. Price \$11.98. Capacity 60 lbs. Price \$13.98. Capacity 70 lbs. Price \$15.98.

HARDWOOD ICE CHESTS

Holds 100 lbs. Price \$9.00 value. In high top. Price \$11.98. In low top. Price \$10.98.

GARDEN HOSE

Four ply rubber. 50 feet. Price \$5.98. 100 feet. Price \$10.98. 150 feet. Price \$15.98. 200 feet. Price \$20.98. 250 feet. Price \$25.98. 300 feet. Price \$30.98. 350 feet. Price \$35.98. 400 feet. Price \$40.98. 450 feet. Price \$45.98. 500 feet. Price \$50.98. 550 feet. Price \$55.98. 600 feet. Price \$60.98. 650 feet. Price \$65.98. 700 feet. Price \$70.98. 750 feet. Price \$75.98. 800 feet. Price \$80.98. 850 feet. Price \$85.98. 900 feet. Price \$90.98. 950 feet. Price \$95.98. 1000 feet. Price \$100.98.

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2-burner, size 18x20. Price \$2.98. 3-burner, size 20x22. Price \$3.98. 4-burner, size 22x24. Price \$4.98. 5-burner, size 24x26. Price \$5.98. 6-burner, size 26x28. Price \$6.98. 7-burner, size 28x30. Price \$7.98. 8-burner, size 30x32. Price \$8.98. 9-burner, size 32x34. Price \$9.98. 10-burner, size 34x36. Price \$10.98. 11-burner, size 36x38. Price \$11.98. 12-burner, size 38x40. Price \$12.98. 13-burner, size 40x42. Price \$13.98. 14-burner, size 42x44. Price \$14.98. 15-burner, size 44x46. Price \$15.98. 16-burner, size 46x48. Price \$16.98. 17-burner, size 48x50. Price \$17.98. 18-burner, size 50x52. Price \$18.98. 19-burner, size 52x54. Price \$19.98. 20-burner, size 54x56. Price \$20.98. 21-burner, size 56x58. Price \$21.98. 22-burner, size 58x60. Price \$22.98. 23-burner, size 60x62. Price \$23.98. 24-burner, size 62x64. Price \$24.98. 25-burner, size 64x66. Price \$25.98. 26-burner, size 66x68. Price \$26.98. 27-burner, size 68x70. Price \$27.98. 28-burner, size 70x72. Price \$28.98. 29-burner, size 72x74. Price \$29.98. 30-burner, size 74x76. Price \$30.98. 31-burner, size 76x78. Price \$31.98. 32-burner, size 78x80. Price \$32.98. 33-burner, size 80x82. Price \$33.98. 34-burner, size 82x84. Price \$34.98. 35-burner, size 84x86. Price \$35.98. 36-burner, size 86x88. Price \$36.98. 37-burner, size 88x90. Price \$37.98. 38-burner, size 90x92. Price \$38.98. 39-burner, size 92x94. Price \$39.98. 40-burner, size 94x96. Price \$40.98. 41-burner, size 96x98. Price \$41.98. 42-burner, size 98x100. Price \$42.98. 43-burner, size 100x102. Price \$43.98. 44-burner, size 102x104. Price \$44.98. 45-burner, size 104x106. Price \$45.98. 46-burner, size 106x108. Price \$46.98. 47-burner, size 108x110. Price \$47.98. 48-burner, size 110x112. Price \$48.98. 49-burner, size 112x114. Price \$49.98. 50-burner, size 114x116. Price \$50.98. 51-burner, size 116x118. Price \$51.98. 52-burner, size 118x120. Price \$52.98. 53-burner, size 120x122. Price \$53.98. 54-burner, size 122x124. Price \$54.98. 55-burner, size 124x126. Price \$55.98. 56-burner, size 126x128. Price \$56.98. 57-burner, size 128x130. Price \$57.98. 58-burner, size 130x132. Price \$58.98. 59-burner, size 132x134. Price \$59.98. 60-burner, size 134x136. Price \$60.98. 61-burner, size 136x138. Price \$61.98. 62-burner, size 138x140. Price \$62.98. 63-burner, size 140x142. Price \$63.98. 64-burner, size 142x144. Price \$64.98. 65-burner, size 144x146. Price \$65.98. 66-burner, size 146x148. Price \$66.98. 67-burner, size 148x150. Price \$67.98. 68-burner, size 150x152. Price \$68.98. 69-burner, size 152x154. Price \$69.98. 70-burner, size 154x156. Price \$70.98. 71-burner, size 156x158. Price \$71.98. 72-burner, size 158x160. Price \$72.98. 73-burner, size 160x162. Price \$73.98. 74-burner, size 162x164. Price \$74.98. 75-burner, size 164x166. Price \$75.98. 76-burner, size 166x168. Price \$76.98. 77-burner, size 168x170. Price \$77.98. 78-burner, size 170x172. Price \$78.98. 79-burner, size 172x174. Price \$79.98. 80-burner, size 174x176. Price \$80.98. 81-burner, size 176x178. Price \$81.98. 82-burner, size 178x180. Price \$82.98. 83-burner, size 180x182. Price \$83.98. 84-burner, size 182x184. Price \$84.98. 85-burner, size 184x186. Price \$85.98. 86-burner, size 186x188. Price \$86.98. 87-burner, size 188x190. Price \$87.98. 88-burner, size 190x192. Price \$88.98. 89-burner, size 192x194. Price \$89.98. 90-burner, size 194x196. Price \$90.98. 91-burner, size 196x198. Price \$91.98. 92-burner, size 198x200. Price \$92.98. 93-burner, size 200x202. Price \$93.98. 94-burner, size 202x204. Price \$94.98. 95-burner, size 204x206. Price \$95.98. 96-burner, size 206x208. Price \$96.98. 97-burner, size 208x210. Price \$97.98. 98-burner, size 210x212. Price \$98.98. 99-burner, size 212x214. Price \$99.98. 100-burner, size 214x216. Price \$100.98.

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Exposition Samples From the New York Furniture Exchange At From 1/3 to 1/2 OFF

Every bed is of finest construction and finish, made for the critical inspection of the leading furniture buyers of the country—Room to picture only six patterns—Sixty others equally as good. Only one of each of the pictured styles 4 ft. and 4 1/2 ft. sizes. No more at these prices

Extra Size \$25.00

Regularly \$35.00

Regularly \$40.00

Regularly \$48.00

Regularly \$74.00

612.00 Brass Beds—20 of these (Chicago) bed, built on extra heavy frame, with brass head and foot, and 10 of these, at—

\$6.95

625.00 Brass Beds—20 of these (Chicago) bed, built on extra heavy frame, with brass head and foot, and 10 of these, at—

\$12.50

335.00 Brass Beds—20 of these (Chicago) bed, built on extra heavy frame, with brass head and foot, and 10 of these, at—

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440.00 Brass Beds—20 of these (Chicago) bed, built on extra heavy frame, with brass head and foot, and 10 of these, at—

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448.00 Brass Beds—20 of these (Chicago) bed, built on extra heavy frame, with brass head and foot, and 10 of these, at—

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744.00 Brass Beds—20 of these (Chicago) bed, built on extra heavy frame, with brass head and foot, and 10 of these, at—

\$47.50

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Japanese Bamboo Porch Screens

Attractively Priced Tomorrow

Made from the hard outside bark of the bamboo, keeps out the hot sun and admits the cool breezes, not affected by rain or moisture, complete with rope and pulleys, all are 8 ft. long. Your choice of the four sizes below.

5 ft. wide Screen, 59c

6 ft. wide Screen, 89c

7 ft. wide Screen, \$1.19

8 ft. wide Screen, \$1.44

35c and 45c Taffeta Cretonnes, a special grouping of single pieces and odd styles, which we intend to discontinue, columns and designs to match or harmonize with most any room.

25c

\$1.50 to \$2.00 Summer Curtains, samples, which are some of the most beautiful, and of heretofore pattern, come into the store as many as 12 pairs of a pattern, included are Dutch curtains, Tambour curtain, Nottingham and serria curtain. At pair—

89c

\$1.00 Burial Hamper or Porch Cushions, effective embroidered, lined with bonnet embroidery, size for canvas. At—

TO LECTURE ON ANIMALS.
A course of twelve free lectures
dump animals, their diseases and h

PURE MILK
For Sale After October 1st
25 to 40 cans per day. Handled under the best known hygienic conditions. Price 10¢ per can, F. O. B. Watselet. For further particulars apply to
R. F. McARTHUR & CO.
113 Arch Street. Boston, Mass.

His
June

June Piano Sale Now On

Piano Sales

As a sacrifice, always a bargain
The very nature of business,
unconsciously, the business of
a regular Piano store down
to make a profit on each piano—
to get it out of the sale of spare in-
struments and on the floor of the Rox-
bury store, in DUE TIME a Sac-
rifice of high grade, low grade or mid-
dle grade piano or woman who wants
tag—not a cent more or less.
Roxbury
is figured to let the accounts
regard to profit—so you can see
as sales must necessarily be sac-
rifice in
with their costly appointments,

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14

**The New
Frederick
Piano**
\$300 Value
For \$175

Guaranteed

Uprights:
Haynes Upt. \$165
Fischer Upt. 60

Mason & Hamlin Upt.	110
Merrill Upt.	120
Huntington Upt.	85
Steinberg Upt.	85
McPhail Upt.	80
Chickering Upt.	95
Schumann Upt.	175

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\$1.00 A WEEK

FREE DELIVERY
 Anywhere in New England
 sold this week at reduced prices

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 We go on the street from 9-6 and
 10-12 and 12-2 to 2-5 and 2-5
 to 5-8, going towards Forest Hills - don't
 miss it.

BRANCH,
 at the Heart of the City
 and Sat. Eve. Till 9 O'Clock

Biggest block in Lowell.
Easiest Terms in Lowell.
Above can be seen. If not,
them,
Allowed in your home.

EVELYN THAW 'RAGTIME' GLORY WELCOMES DALE

After 'Hippodrome' She Goes to
Paris—and New York, She
Tells Critic.

A REAL LONDON SUCCESS

By ALAN DALE.

Special cable to Boston American.
LONDON, June 21.—It was "Hips
Ragtime" at the Hippodrome that
brought Evelyn Thaw within my juris-
diction, as a go-between. Miss Thaw, as
she is programmed here, received me
without hesitancy in her rooms at the
St. James Hotel, of Piccadilly, and con-
fidedly told me of her life.

It was quite early morning.
Evelyn Thaw wore a loose pelisse of
black, shiny something, slashed at the
back with yellow. Her hair was
loosely fluffed out. She was devoid of
the slightest effort at make-up, her
eyes being quite startlingly natural.
She was as pretty as any picture of
beauty, and though the effect of her
youth may have faded a little, there
was a shadow of a doubt on the face
of Evelyn Thaw's. Never in all the
ladies I have professed not to have
found more self-possession, a keener
sense and less consciousness than in
Evelyn Thaw.

She spoke rapidly, gracefully, reassuringly,
without a trace of hesitation or nervous-
ness.

It was awful at first," she said, as
we sat opposite each other. "I had no
idea of going back to the stage after all
these years."

"You mean?" I asked. "You need not
know."

"Oh, I'm not like that," she said, with
the first wistful smile. "I don't mind
repeating anything. The fact is, I came
I appeared on the stage in 1904 in
"The Wild Rose."

"Well, as the Olympic, coming over,
I met a lot of theatrical people, among
them Lee Shauers, Martin Beck and Al-
bert DeCourville, who is manager of the
Hippodrome."

"He had just married Shirley Kellogg,
the boy. I thought it was a pity—she
seemed to take it for granted that
I was a bit afraid, you know?" she said.
"I did, I did, I quite understood."

"I found her a bit afraid, you know?" she
said. "I found her a bit afraid, you know?"
"Oh, there have been other women who
have been through trials like mine, who
I tried New York, and it was hope-
less. So when DeCourville suggested to
me to go to Paris to come to London and
appear I realized that I was not a
man, and I went, of course, but
you know I'm not a novice at traveling
expenses."

"Terrible work,"
"I was determined to do nothing should
force any attention from me to that
sort of thing," she was now an artist
before the public, and I was—

"I had to do a wild trick with a
dancer, and he was hard to find. I had
seen Jack Clifford at the Cafe de Paris,
and I remembered that he used to dance
with Irene Weston, so we engaged him
and rehearsed for one week only at the
Irish Club, opposite the Hippodrome."

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THE ONLY SAFE, SURE, POSITIVE CURE FOR
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on your vacation enjoying the
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ure, the advantages of home are
often lacking and most times the
services of a physician are un-
available or else you do not care
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Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey
gives to the sick in a ready
similable form the nourishment
and tonic properties from barley
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simple causes and produce indigestion, the traveler's indigestion, hand,
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EVELYN THAW, billed
as "Miss Nesbit," now
a headliner at London "Hip-
podrome." Photograph by
Underwood & Underwood,
New York.



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Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey
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Mme. Rappold Tells of 8-Year Romance

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of the Metropolitan Opera Com-
pany, for the first time has told the story
of her romance which is to culminate in
her marriage next week to Rudolph Ber-
ger, the tenor.

"It has been a long, weary hard eight
years' wait, and never a moment has my
love wavered," said the beautiful singer,
who recently obtained a Western divorce
from Dr. Julius Rappold.

"Eight years ago I signed a contract
with Mr. Clifford, who felt that he had
found in me a great Wagnerian singer,
went at his advice to Bayreuth to study
German opera. I reached Bayreuth dur-
ing the night, and in the morning I went
for a drive.

"The very first man I saw was
Rudolph Berger. He was extraordinary,
for from that instant we were in love—
constantly, beautifully, earnestly in love.
I wanted to be his, to be his, to be his,
of my new-found happiness. We had
already found our lives unalterable."

Open Anti-Suffrage
Crusade in Newport

Recruits Sought Among Society
Leaders to Oppose the "Cause."

NEWPORT, R. I., June 21.—The New-
port County Women's Suffrage League,
Mrs. Maude Brown, Elliptical president, is
to vigorously oppose this summer by
the Newport branch of the Rhode Island
Anti-Suffrage Association, of which Mrs.
Charles R. Weaver is president, Mrs.
Frederick H. Weaver, secretary, and Mrs.
H. Varnell, treasurer. According to the
summer rally will be vigorously car-
ried on with the aid of the following
memberships whose names are now all
the rights they are in need of.
Among the more active members of
the society are Mrs. Arnold H. H. H.
Mrs. Edith W. Weaver, Mrs. H. H. H.
Mrs. James A. Weaver, Mrs. H. H. H.
Mrs. Charles R. Weaver, Mrs. H. H. H.
Mrs. Charles R. Weaver, Mrs. H. H. H.

Boston Phone Girls to Assist Strikers

Will Fight Sending of Strike
Breakers to St. Louis.

Twenty-two hundred girl telephone
operators in this city today stand pledged
to support, morally and financially the
500 girls on strike at the St. Louis tele-
phone exchange, and notice to that ef-
fect has been wired from the Boston
Telephone Operators' Union to the St.
Louis strikers.

The Boston girls have the largest phone
operators' union in the world. In voting
to support their sister trade unionists at
St. Louis, it was explained that they
meant to "go the limit" to help them
out. This is taken to mean that they
will not permit any of their members to
answer "emergency calls for operators" to
the strike zone. Such calls have been
made by the operators' union, but the
Boston union is determined to prevent
any use of its members as strike break-
ers.

"I don't," she replied, smiling. "When I feel that I've put it
over, but not until—"

Oh, I was terrible work. He throws
me around—I am tossed up in the air
and I see my heels at an angle I never
expected to view them. And I'm as old,
married woman, with still more."

Everett Democrats
Urge Walsh to Run

City Committee Says Election as
Governor Would Be Assured.

The Democratic city committee of
Everett, Mass., today urged Governor
Lester B. Aldrich to support
Lieutenant-Governor David I. Walsh to
become a candidate for the Democratic
nomination for Governor this fall. The
committee said that Mr. Walsh "by reason
of his eminent qualifications in char-
acter, ability, including and experience,
is not only entitled to the nomination,
but that his nomination would appeal
to every citizen of the Commonwealth and
affiliated voters and even to voters of
other parties. His election would be
assured, and the Democratic position im-
proved by Governor Ford during the
past three years would be continued
and perfected during the coming three
years."

Big Blazing Cross for Mt. Lowe's Top

Move to Erect Giant Electric Symbol
Near Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES, June 21.—A move-
ment to erect on the summit of Mt. Lowe,
near Los Angeles, a cross 150 feet high,
which shall bear forth by night with
powerful electric lamps and by day re-
flect the sunlight from a brightly enameled
surface over all the country, was
known at Chatsworth, Cal., yesterday
by the Rev. Baker P. Lee.

He said the plan would have the back-
ing of many church and club organiza-
tions and that sufficient money had al-
ready been pledged to secure a substan-
tial beginning.

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IPSWICH, June 21.—A big outdoor
meeting of the strike committee and the
others is planned for tomorrow after-
noon on the grounds of the Greek Ortho-
dox Church. Many persons are expected
to be present. The speakers will be the
strikers, L. J. Blaney, a prominent so-
cialist, and a New York, will be the
chief speaker.

Are You
Bashful?

Open a
Charge Acet.
and Share in
Ferdinand's
Wonderful
Low Cash
Prices

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings

2260 Washington Street and
The "Beacon" Central Sq. Cambridge

BOSTON FIREMAN INANE.

BIDDEFORD, Me., June 21.—William
J. Goodrich, who came to this city from
Boston, where he was a member of the
fire department for a number of years,
was committed to the house of the
Augusta at a meeting of the municipal
officers Friday night.

"It has been a long, weary hard eight
years' wait, and never a moment has my
love wavered," said the beautiful singer,
who recently obtained a Western divorce
from Dr. Julius Rappold.

"Eight years ago I signed a contract
with Mr. Clifford, who felt that he had
found in me a great Wagnerian singer,
went at his advice to Bayreuth to study
German opera. I reached Bayreuth dur-
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Oh, I was terrible work. He throws
me around—I am tossed up in the air
and I see my heels at an angle I never
expected to view them. And I'm as old,
married woman, with still more."

Chiffoniers

Solid Oak Chiffonier, like illustration,
has five smooth running
drawers. Fine finish and an excep-
tional value. Special—

\$3.95
Others to \$195



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to be present. The speakers will be the
strikers, L. J. Blaney, a prominent so-
cialist, and a New York, will be the
chief speaker.

Dressers

Solid Oak Dresser, like illustration,
level plate mirror. Over 1350
inches, 3 smooth running drawers
with wooden knobs. One of our
timely bargains.

\$5.50
Others to \$275

Open a
Charge Acet.
and Share in
Ferdinand's
Wonderful
Low Cash
Prices

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings

2260 Washington Street and
The "Beacon" Central Sq. Cambridge

WARN AGAINST SOLICITORS.

The Boston Chamber of Commerce has
issued a warning to the public against
issuing subscriptions to various volumes
in the examination of
life-saving organizations, for which money
has been solicited by professional solicitors.
Investigation has shown that the ones
who contribute are being defrauded.

PUBLISH MILK TEST RESULT

Boasting yesterday the Boston Board
of Health will publish semi-monthly the
results obtained in the examination of
milk, cream and skimmed milk, where
they are found to exceed the bacteriologi-
cal standard of 30,000 per cubic centi-
mole.

MACKINLAY'S V. O. S.

SCOTCH WHISKY. Always the same. Un-
derstandable and uniform. Subservient.
Age 10 years in use. \$1.25 the bottle.
The AMERICAN goes into more
houses than all the other whiskies
of Boston combined. It is
the Quality newspaper.

Do You Want to Save Money on Furniture for Your Home, Camp or Bungalow



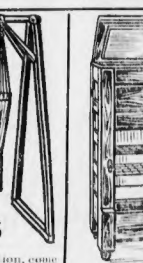
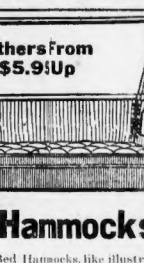
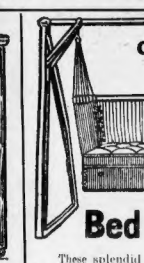
FERDINAND'S BOSTON STORE, 2260 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON

We cannot possibly prove to
you why coming to Ferdinand's
will mean to you in dollars and
cents unless you come and look.
Every man is capable of making
intelligent comparisons. All
we ask—compare. Compare our
quities, our values, our
prices, with any furniture, car-
pets or rugs you find, and you'll
soon know the answer.



Cambridge Branch at
"The Beacon" 111
NEXT TO MANHATTAN MARKET

Remember We Are the Only House in New England Sell- ing on Credit at Cash Prices



Bed Hammocks

These splendid Bed Hammocks, like illustration, come
in 12 or Khaki and Green Dye, Have No
lateral pipe spring bottom and green, red
and khaki mattresses. Regular \$10 value.

Others from
\$5.95 up

Refrigerators

The handsome Refrigerator,
like illustration, Golden oak finish,
porcelain lined, free capacity of 80
pounds, 25 inches wide, 46 inches
high. Special.

Chiffoniers

Solid Oak Chiffonier, like illustration,
has five smooth running
drawers. Fine finish and an excep-
tional value. Special—

\$3.95
Others to \$195

Talking Machines

The largest stock of machines and records in the city
FREE CONCERTS DAILY

Everett Democrats
Urge Walsh to Run

City Committee Says Election as
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Filene's

Automatic Bargain Basement

Every FIRST price must be a BARGAIN price in this basement economy store.

Filene's

Automatic Bargain Basement

\$5 Reward

For any Exaggeration of Misrepresentation of facts, in our advertising or signs.

Automatic Basement bargains that speak for themselves.
Hundreds of other extraordinary lots not mentioned here, ready Monday

9,000 DRESSES, WORTH \$1.50 TO \$ 35, AT 89c to \$14.75

Automatic Schedule
First price must be extraordinary because

—12 Selling Days. Reduction 10%
—18 Selling Days. Reduction 20%
—24 Selling Days. Reduction 30%
—30 Selling Days. Given Away



\$1.50 and \$2

Houses
Dresses, mostly odd lots and accessories. Charming, elegant and lawn.

89c

\$2 and \$2.50

Wash Dresses, neat styles and smart patterns. Piques, ginghams, lawns.

\$1.35

\$15 Children

Party Dresses, dainty styles with shadow lace yokes and simple blouses. Pink, white and blue.

\$8.75

\$3 Linen Crash

and Flamingo Dresses, several styles, natural and white linen and crash also striped voile, neatly trimmed.

\$1.95

\$4 Pure Linen

Dresses, hand and pique collar and cuffs, pearl buttons, popular Summer shades.

\$2.95

\$16.50 Summer

Dresses of white shadow lace with contrasting pink and blue chiffon trimmings, ribbon details.

\$10

\$15 Charmeuse Dresses

Contrasting collar and cuffs; Russian blouse, several colors. Misses' and Women's sizes.

\$10

Manufacturers' Samples, \$20 to \$35, charmeuse, crepe de chine, silk poplin dresses; many coat effects.

\$13.75 and \$14.75

\$3.95

\$4 and \$7 Pure

Linen Dresses, lace collar and cuffs, and lace trimmed vest, linen trimmings, five colors.

\$3.95

\$5 and \$7 Colored

Wool Dresses, striped, voile, tulle, lace, lotions, creps and lawns, as well as a lot of \$15.00 Linen Dresses, neatly trimmed.

\$3.95

\$7.50 to \$12.75

White Linen and White Linen Dresses, some all-over embroidered; others, voile and lace dresses; combination coat dresses.

\$5

\$7.50 to \$8.75

Ramie Linen and Ratine Dresses, Balcan, Russian blouse and combination coat dresses.

\$5

\$8.75 and \$12.50

White Linen and Ratine Dresses, Balcan, Russian blouse and combination coat dresses.

\$6.95



6,000 New Waists

Save About 1/3 to 1/2 by Coming Early

—Reason? Many New York waist makers take stock July 1. Their surpluses have been purchased. Then, again, a big waist house dissolved partnership—we bought their surplus.

LINGERIE WAISTS, several low neck styles, lace and embroidery trimmed; but waists with double fully also a number of odd samples. \$1 and \$1.25 grades.

65c

LINGERIE WAISTS, mostly samples, in size 26. All effectively trimmed, many hand embroidered and a number with high neck and long sleeves. \$1.50 and \$1.75 grades.

89c

LINGERIE WAISTS, some lace collar and ruffle, Dutch neck embroidered styles and a number of samples. \$2 grade.

\$1.20

LINGERIE WAISTS, batistes and plain or crepe voiles; some with lace, all with neat embroidery. \$3 grade.

\$1.65

LINGERIE WAISTS, high grade samples, the season's newest styles, trimmed with real lace and hand embroidered; only one or two of a kind. \$7.50 to \$12 grades, all.

\$4.65

TAILORED AND LINGERIE WAISTS, some slightly imperfect. \$1 grade.

\$50c



WASH SILK WAISTS, many styles, striped, low collar styles, also a number of fine white China silk waists. \$2.50 to \$4 grades.

\$1.69

TRANSPARENT SHADOW LACE WAISTS, dainty styles, many trimmed with silk ribbons. \$5 grade.

\$3

LINGERIE WAISTS, \$2.85 high grade. \$4.50 and \$6 values. MIDDY BLOUSES, \$1 grades.

59c

The Following Lot
For TUESDAY
Women's
All-Wool Navy
Blue Serge Dresses
(WORTH \$5)
\$2.50

Bathing Suits
Children's, Misses' and Women's. Size \$1.95 8 to 44. \$2.75 grade.

\$18.50 Cutaway Eponge Coats, \$12.50

\$16.50 Mail Order Suits, \$8.85

MISSIES' AND WOMEN'S BATHING SUITS, \$6 and \$7.50 grades.

\$4.90

EPONGE COATS, all silk lined, in black, navy and Copenhagen; cutaway model, buttoning to neck; turned cuffs. \$16.50 grade.

\$12.50

MISSIES' AND WOMEN'S COATS, 1/2 and full length top coat style, many samples, mixtures, stripes, etc. Many in plain tailored serge, mannish styles. Mostly yoke lined and self material. \$8.75 and \$12.50 grades.

\$5.90

SUITS, mostly trimmed serge, satin lined, skirts trimmed with lace buttons and braid. \$12.98 and \$13.50 grade.

\$6.90

BATHING CAPS, about 300, mostly samples. \$1.50 to \$2.25 grades.

79c

MISSIES AND WOMEN'S SUITS, mostly samples and odd lots, surplus stocks of a large mail order house. Flare and lace serges, stripes, mixtures, black, blue and colors. All lined with silk or satin. No too many styles to describe. \$12.98 to \$16.50 grade.

\$8.85

WOMEN'S ODD COATS, including the wanted all white sports coats in heavy cloths. All silk lined serges. No many of a style. \$13.50 and \$16.50 grades.

\$9.75

MISSIES AND WOMEN'S WASH SUITS, in cotton, eponge and linen, not many of a style or color, but a number of different models. \$9.75 and \$13.50 grades.

\$7.50



All White Shoes

SAMPLES FACTORY DISCONTINUED LINES AND DEPENDABLE SECONDS. NEARLY ALL GOOD-YEAR WELT.

Women's Silk Stockings—Dependable seconds of \$1 pure thread silk. All fashioned stockings, late gate top, heels, soles, toes; black and white.

50c

FOR MEN, WOMEN, CHILDREN AND MISSIES

MEN'S \$1 CANVAS OXFORDS—Several styles; sizes 6 to 11, D & E.

\$1

MEN'S \$2 CANVAS SHOES—Medium and full toes; sizes 5 to 11, D & E.

\$1

WOMEN'S \$1.50 and \$2 CANVAS OXFORDS AND PUMPS—High and low heels; sizes 2 1/2 to 7, C to E widths.

\$1

WOMEN'S \$1.50 CANVAS BUTTON SHOES—Low or high heels; sizes 2 1/2 to 7, C to E widths.

\$1

GROWING GIRLS' \$1.50 to \$2 CANVAS OXFORDS AND PUMPS—Low heels, full toes; sizes 2 1/2 to 6, C & E widths.

\$1

GROWING GIRLS' \$1.50 and \$2 CANVAS BUTTON SHOES—Low heels, full toes; sizes 2 1/2 to 6, C to E widths.

\$1

MISSIES AND CHILDREN'S \$1.50 and \$1.75 CANVAS PUMPS—One and two straps over; instep; sizes 2 1/2 to 11, 11 1/2 to 2, C to E widths.

\$1

MISSIES AND CHILDREN'S \$1.50 and \$1.75 CANVAS BUTTON SHOES—Sizes 2 1/2 to 11, 11 1/2 to 2, C to E widths.

\$1

Infants' Fancy Socks—Imported fancy top socks, white and tan ground with colored stripes, checks and plaid tops.

10c

Women's Wool Sweaters—Plain weaves; wanted colors; \$2.50 and \$3.50 grades.

\$2.00

All At \$1

Girls' Wash Dresses
at prices that should make mothers rub their eyes, to be sure they are true.



Boys' Wash Suits—Russian style; military, eton or sailor collars; sizes 3 to 7 years; \$1 grade.

69c

Leather Bags—Seal grain leather, moire lined, five Parisian Ivory fittings. \$2.25 grade.

\$1.59

Watches—Thin model, nickel cases, American movement, warranted for one year. 98c grade.

62c

Tub Skirts—Women's, several styles in repp, linen, pique, \$1 grade.

59c

Long Back Collar and Cuff Sets, made of Venice lace, in new shapes and designs. \$1 grades.

50c

Love Triumphs in Ever Test as Vinie Daly Re-weds Girl Friends Faine and Husband Once Denied Her

Shattered Dream of Early Matrimonial Bliss Stirrs Reverse Dancer to Career in Opera

JACK KOHL AND HIS BRIDE (VINIE DALY).

A REAL love story, straight from the pulpit pages of actual life, a story of love triumphant over every test; love that has defied all opposition, bridged oceans and spanned continents, braved a marriage annulment, endured five years of complete separation and at last through sheer ardor and persistence has achieved its object—much in the romance revealed in the address re-marriage here of Vinie Daly, the noted singer and grand opera singer, and "Jack" Kohl, of Chicago.

Everybody knows what a future there was in Chicago when it became known, five years ago, that young Kohl, then under twenty-one, had secretly married the charming dancer in Philadelphia, where she was appearing at Keith's Theatre. Everybody knew, too, what a married and infernal drama the marriage was.

In his wedding scene, the young man had reckoned without his father, the powerful head of the Kohl and Castle Amusement Company, man of millions, man of purpose, man of well-ordered traditions, and of high ideals for his son. The girl's son had chosen for a wife, was a dancer in the theatre controlled by her magnate, and her mother had been engaged to the young dancer's father for years on the vaudeville circuit. Charles Kohl had a different future in mind for his son. Moreover, he was set upon having him achieve a definite career for himself before he attempted marriage.

The romance was shattered, the tie legally severed and the young bride and groom parted before their dream of wedded bliss had even begun.

That was in 1910. In 1910 occurred the death of the elder Kohl, who left a fortune estimated at between \$1,000,000 and \$2,000,000. Practically everything was bequeathed to his widow, Mrs. Caroline Louise Kohl.

DEATH REMOVES CHIEF OBSTACLE IN PATH OF LOVE.

The chief obstacle to the romance of the parted lovers was now removed, the young man was working into a definite business success under the direction of his mother. It came in the advertising end of the Kohl & Castle firm. His thoughts reached to the girl from whom he was so quickly separated and for whom his love still burned as ardently as before.

But where was she? What had become of the girl who had completely disappeared, she had dropped away from the world, vanished in space, leaving no possible trace of her existence or her whereabouts.

In this Vinie's own words, she had been "buried of absolutely dead the land of her heart's tragedy." And she did not want to be buried or to talk of it or to be connected with it in any way.

But fate decreed otherwise. Confronted with the determination not to let the young stage favorite toward an anti-social career that anything she had ever been dreamed of or hoped for in the future, she had made up her mind to become a grand opera singer, and to devote the very best of her life to that.

And the woman's own of her own who are crushed when love for them is over, this plucky, courageous young woman resolved to make it. She would go away and never see America again, and could not bear to be connected with it in any way. She would go away and never see America again, and could not bear to be connected with it in any way.

MEAN LIFE OF SELF-DEMAND TO ACCOMPLISH AMBITION.

And now Vinie Daly plunged heart and soul into the great undertaking, served up to the requirements of strenuous study and hard work ahead of her. She devoted herself all pleasure. She devoted herself all pleasure. She devoted herself all pleasure.

She had her lessons per day, every day in the working week. One singing lesson, one piano, one in Italian, one in French and one in the study of opera. No less than twenty opera songs were sung mastered in this course.

Mrs. Daly has given to the Sunday American her own story of her life. It is a wonderful story, the story of human love and ambition, the story of a young girl who has achieved her ambition through sheer will and persistence.

Mr. Kohl, who is now in Philadelphia, has been looking for his daughter for five years. He has been looking for his daughter for five years. He has been looking for his daughter for five years.

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JACK KOHL AND HIS BRIDE (VINIE DALY).

But one real romance in man or woman's life.

It was here Mrs. Daly uttered her theory of real marriage.

"There can only be one romance," she declared, seriously. "No matter how many times you are married, there can only be one really possible. Until a woman meets the one man she loves, she doesn't know the meaning of the word love. And when she does meet him—she can never part without him."

And that was the story of the young man who was working into a definite business success under the direction of his mother.

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Objects to 'Cross Symbol of Defeat'

Pastor Ribhany Criticizes Rem of Rev. Edward Cummings.

Rev. Abraham M. Ribhany, pastor of the First Baptist Church, Black River Falls, Wis., has expressed his objection to the removal of the cross as a symbol of defeat.

"I think of a man as well informed in Christian history and as well informed in the history of the cross as I think of a man who is a Christian minister," he said.

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RANDALL PLANS TO PAY PRISONERS

Big New Scheme of Penal Reform.

Aid for Families of Convicts in Famous Surgeon of Minnesota

and His Brother Electricity

the World with Statement.

Frank J. Randall, of the Minnesota State Prison Commission, has formulated a plan to aid the families of prisoners.

"The most striking feature of the campaign has been outlined for me," he said.

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'Urns or I Quit,' Says 'Honest' John Quinn

Sherriff Firm on Flower Holders for Court House Lawn.

Stirred by the revelation of a rumormongering by flower holders to investigate conditions in the prison at Sing Sing, "Honest" John Quinn, the prominent lawyer and reformer, declared last night that he will resign if the "City of Flowers" doesn't give him two acres of flowers for the Court House lawn in Manhattan square.

Early in the Spring the sheriff lavished on two or three acres of the lawn, which was to have been given to the flower holders.

"I don't make the place with a picture as every picture hanging in the room should be a picture of a flower," he said.

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Alumni of B. U. Medical Plan Fete

Fair for Scholarship at Copley Plaza in November.

The Boston University School of Medicine Alumni are planning a "Fair and Fete" to be held at the Copley Plaza, November 14 and

ELECTRIC GEAR SHIFT IS LATEST MOTOR CAR DEVICE

Levers Will Not Be Needed as the Pressing of a Button Will Change the Gears on 1914 Models to Equip with This Appliance.

By J. C. KERRISON.

Not an experiment, but a practical device, the electric gear shift, which will be used on the 1914 models of the General Motors cars, is the latest advance in motor car engineering. It has been tried out for several months and has given excellent results. The device is a small, compact, and simple mechanism, which is operated by the pressing of a button. It is located in the center of the dashboard, and is easily accessible to the driver. The device is operated by a small electric motor, which is connected to the gear shift mechanism. The motor is powered by the car's battery, and is controlled by a switch on the dashboard. The device is designed to be used in the same manner as a manual gear shift, but it is much simpler and easier to operate. It is especially useful in cars with a manual gear shift, as it allows the driver to change gears without having to use his hands. The device is also useful in cars with a manual gear shift, as it allows the driver to change gears without having to use his hands. The device is also useful in cars with a manual gear shift, as it allows the driver to change gears without having to use his hands.

Was Displayed at Boston Show. The car of the electric gear shift was fully equipped with the latest accessories, and was displayed at the Boston show.

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HUB HAS FIRST GLIDEN ENTRY

Run to Glacier Park Will Be Through Interesting Country.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 21. The Hub Motor Car Co. has announced that it will run a motor car from Minneapolis to Glacier Park, Mont., through the most interesting country in the West.

The car will be a Hub motor car, and will be run by a driver named John H. Hub.

The car will be run from Minneapolis to Glacier Park, Mont., through the most interesting country in the West.

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Truck Dumps Load in Thirty Seconds

Also's Mechanical Lifting Device Is Said to Be Extremely Simple.

A new power-operated dump body, built on an existing principle, is being marketed by C. A. Also.

The device is a simple, compact, and easy to operate. It is designed to be used in the same manner as a manual dump body, but it is much simpler and easier to operate.

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HAS MODERN IDEA OF SERVING PUBLIC

Auto Industry Responsible for Changes in Methods of Merchandising.

Modern ideas of serving the public have been introduced into the automobile industry by the most progressive manufacturers.

The methods of merchandising have been changed, and the public has been benefited by the changes.

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Built First Auto in the Far West

The man who built the first automobile that ever appeared in the streets of Denver, Colo., is about to enter Europe, in a specially built car, with his wife and six children.

The car will be a forty-five horsepower eight passenger car built by the Jeffery Company for Robert Temple, proprietor of the Temple Engineering Works, Denver.

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1911 CADILLAC

JUST OVERHAULED: In fine running order; car is now being painted blue with yellow wheels; top recently recovered; all practically new tires; price \$775, one-half cash; balance, time payments, to responsible party. Address P 288, Boston American.

The circulation of the AMERICAN is 300,000 more than its next highest competitor and 100,000 more than all the other evening papers of Boston combined.

Firestone

SMOOTH ROADS OF NON-SKID TIRES

Firestone rubber and design mean mileage never before approached. Full comfort, greatest car protection with fewest tire and car repairs are additional values and economies. Nearly forty years of uninterrupted leadership is your proof.

Ask for book, "What's What in Tires."

Firestone Tire and Rubber Co. of New York

Corporation, 40 and 42nd Sts., New York, N.Y.

The Firestone Tire and Rubber Co. of New York is the largest tire and rubber company in the world.

\$675 Buys 1909 Peerless

\$250 under the market price for this model; in excellent running order; four doors; anti-rattle cover; fully equipped. Write for details to the Peerless Motor Car Co., 1000 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

No-Rim-Cut Tires 10% Oversize

Don't Pay a Higher Price

Since our 11 per cent reduction, numerous tires cost users more than Goodyears. That's a unique condition.

No-Rim-Cut tires used to cost one-fifth more than others. Yet they never were made better than today.

The Utmost

Bear in mind that, for years and years, No-Rim-Cut tires have been the best-price tires. Nobody claimed to make tires that were better. But other standard tires cost less.

Yet No-Rim-Cut tires came to cost all others, because of their proved economies. They saved their extra cost to users, two or three times over.

The demand for these tires doubled over, and over, until last year's sales by far exceeded their previous 12 years put together.

With this multiplied output the cost came down, and the saving was deducted from our price.

Now no standard tire of any type costs less than No-Rim-Cut tires. And lesser tires, with a limited output, cost more than these famous tires.

You get, as always, in No-Rim-Cut the utmost in a tire. You get tires that can't rim-cut. You get 10 per cent overcapacity compared with standard tires. You get the tire which, by sheer merit, have won the top-most place in Tread.



Write for the Goodyear Tire Book—14th year edition. It tells all known facts in concise and simple language.

Reo Truck Totes Whole Menagerie

Carriers are the trucks received recently by the big trucking company. An example is an order that was executed the other day in Chicago. The package of a traveling menagerie. After morning called The Newhouse Trucking Company of Blue Island, Ill., and asked for a good, solid truck. He had his reply from Blue Island to another address.

He was sent out a Reo. When the driver reached his destination he found a lot of menagerie of pet dogs, several live trucks, the last car, and a lot of other things.

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To Give Maxwell Cars to Winners

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Hundreds of Big Firms Save Money by Alco Trucks

One Alco truck is displacing six horses; another eight; another ten; another sixteen; another twenty. One saves 66 per cent; another saves 20 cents a ton; another delivers 150 miles a day. Alco trucks are saving in 103 different lines of business. Below are specific instances:

R.H. WHITE CO.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED

June Sale of Towels

That Will Set a New Record for Savings in Household Necessities

MANUFACTURER'S "SECONDS" of Bleached and Unbleached Towels, in all sizes. Called "seconds" on account of slight irregularities in the weave, but for all ordinary purposes equal to "firsts." Two groups:

10c Values in Crash and
Huck Towels, at . . .

6c

12½c Values in Bleached
Turkish Towels, at . . .

9c

12½ Hemmed Honeycomb Towels—18x39 inches,
full bleached. At. . .

.08

15c Bleached Turkish Bath Towels—Heavy
quality, hemmed, ready for use. At. . .

.10½

19c Scalloped Guest Towels—Fancy damascene
borders. At. . .

.12½

20c Turkish Bath Towels—Full bleached, slightly
damaged. At. . .

.14

55c French Ramie Linen Suiting—
White only, heavy round
thread, pure linen, 45 in wide. At. . .

.39

\$1.00 (Piece) White Longcloth—
Chambré finish, 10½ yard pieces.
At. . .

.67

\$1.00 (Yard) Satin Table Damask
—Heavy pure Irish linen, 72
inches wide. At. . .

.79

25c Hemstitched Huckaback Towels—Large size,
handsome monogram borders. At. . .

.18

25c Turkish Bath Towels—Snow white, 22x44
inches, fine grade. At. . .

.19

35c Embroidered Huckaback Towels—Hemstitched,
18x36 inches. At. . .

.25

39c Turkish Bath Towels—Extra heavy quality,
weigh 7 lbs. per dozen. At. . .

.29

Special Sale of WASH GOODS

It took a lot of hustling on the part of our buyer to secure these bargains, but they're here for Monday's selling at

SAVINGS AVERAGING ONE-THIRD

12½c Shirting Percales—36 inches wide, full pieces,
mostly white and black stripes. . .

.08

15c Cream Cotton Serge Suiting—28 inches wide, cream
ground, with 5 different width black stripes, will
launder perfectly. . .

.09

19c Printed Checked Batiste and Dimity—27 inches
wide, handsome floral and neat figured designs. . .

.10

19c Galatea—27 inches wide, 6000 yards, best quality,
full range of staple styles, also plain
colors. . .

.12½

19c Mercerized Poplins—27 inches wide, fast
colors, all the wanted shades. . .

.12½

25c Natural Linen Suiting—36 inches wide, pure linen, good
heavy quality, suitable for suits, coats and chil-
dren's wear. . .

.17

29c Ratine Suiting—27 inches wide, with a neat self-colored
stripe in pink, natural, cream, lavender, light blue,
cadet and Copenhagen. . .

.19

29c Half Silk Fabrics—Including shantung, plain and dotted
chiffons, tub silks in neat hairline stripes and silk stripe
tulletrilles, 27 inches wide, in a large range of
colors. . .

.19

39c Imported Ramie Linen Suiting—36 inches wide, Irish
manufacture, every thread pure linen; colors, champagne,
taupe, wistaria, pink, tan, lavender, cadet, dark
copenhagen and navy. . .

.25

A Phenomenal Sale of the FINEST CUT GLASS At Savings Averaging One-Half!

It is the surplus stock of a large manufacturer and as it is impossible for us to find adequate storage space for the purchase we need to offer it for sale at prices that average a half of what they are really worth. We cannot emphasize too strongly the advantage this sale holds for those who need cut glass for personal use or for wedding gifts. As a matter of fact, it will even pay you to purchase now for Christmas gifts. The cuttings and shapes are all new, fresh from the cutter's wheel—glamorous floral patterns and very rich mirror designs cut on heavy, polished lead blanks. To give you an idea as to just what will be offered in this sale, you may secure, for instance, a Handled Olive Dish, 8 in. in size, in both pinwheel and chrysanthemum pattern. These dishes sell regularly at \$1.25. Sale price 50c. Berry Bowls of regulation 8-in. size, the kind that regularly sell at \$2.50; in this sale \$1.50. Sugar and Cream Set of medium size, with pinwheel and chrysanthemum cuttings. We sell this quality regularly at \$3.00. Sale price \$1.50.

Hundreds of other pieces ranging from 50c for a \$1.00 Handled Olive Dish to \$40.00 for a beautiful \$65.00 Electrolux.

Save Money by Buying Your KITCHEN GOODS

In the "Lives" Housefurnishing Department in Boston

Savings in Many Instances One-Third to One-Half

Brass Jardiniere, 12½
in. dia. 10 in. high, \$1.00
regular \$1.50, for. . .

.60

Embossed—Nickel
plated, 12 in. dia. 10 in.
high, regular \$2.00 val-
ue, for. . .

.89c

12 in. dia. 10 in. high, 2 pc.
set, regular \$1.00 val-
ue, for. . .

.69c

12 in. dia. 10 in. high, 2 pc.
set, regular \$1.00 val-
ue, for. . .

.69c

12 in. dia. 10 in. high, 2 pc.
set, regular \$1.00 val-
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12 in. dia. 10 in. high, 2 pc.
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12 in. dia. 10 in. high, 2 pc.
set, regular \$1.00 val-
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.69c

12 in. dia. 10 in. high, 2 pc.
set, regular \$1.00 val-
ue, for. . .

.69c

String Mops—17c
6 lb. value 20c
12 lb. value 20c
20 lb. value 20c

Mirrors—Heavy
French glass with
white enamel
frame, size of pic-
ture, outside meas-
ure, 12 in. high, 18 in.
wide, for. . .

.89c

Enamel Rice or
Wheat Boilers—First
quality, 8 quart, blue
with white lining, reg-
ular \$5.00, for. . .

.59c

Enamel Rice or
Wheat Boilers—First
quality, 8 quart, blue
with white lining, reg-
ular \$5.00, for. . .

.59c

Extra Heavy Galvane-
ized Iron Ash Can—
with triple Y-shaped rim
made of steel, prevents
denting. Value \$1.69
for. . .

.89c

Judge Wardrobe Holder—One 5
foot pole, 1½ dia. 10 wood hangers.
No iron clasp, double the facing of
quality, for. . .

.49c

Tooth Brush Holder—Holding 4 and
6 brushes, nickel plated on
steel, 2½ in. high, 1½ in. wide, for. . .

.15c and 17c

Solid Glass Towel Bar—Each dem-
onstrator 24 in. long, 1½ in. dia.,
1½ in. high, 1½ in. wide, for. . .

.98c

Large Round Braided
Top Willow Clothes
Hamper, value \$1.50, for. . .

1.59

Glass Shelves—
wood, stained
brackets, 5 in.
wide, 18 in. long,
for. . .

.69c

Foiled Paper Hold-
ers—Nickel plated on
steel, 10 in. long, 1½ in.
wide, for. . .

.89c

Full Line of Croquet Sets—4 and
6 ball, for. . .

.125 to .450

Japanese
Peanut Butter
Jar—1 quart
size, 10 in. high,
10 in. wide, for. . .

.35c

DEMONSTRATION
Oscar Pollak—All 25c to \$2.50
size

.11.39

AGAIN! All Records for Value Giving in Men's Shirts Broken at White's

\$17,850 Worth of Men's New Shirts for \$10,200

VALUES \$1.50 TO \$3.00

ALL ON SALE MONDAY AT ONE PRICE

Take Your Choice from 10,200,
Included are

Silk Mixed Shirts
Mercerized Shirts
Mercerized Russian Cords
Mercerized Madras Shirts
Printed Percal Shirts
Mercerized Twill Weaves
Satin and Silk Stripes

At \$100

Sale Begins
MONDAY
June 23d,
at 8:30 A. M.

10,200
of the
most desirable
shirts made

All are
PLAIN
NEGLIGEE
COAT STYLE
with the
soft French
cuffs

Almost every
conceivable color
and
color combination
as well as
black and white

One Entire Aisle and About 100
Extra Salespeople Devoted
to This Sale



About the 1st of last April we held a sale of the first day's selling, we immediately went to work operation of some of the best shirt manufacturers in this country we now offer full as great, if not greater values than in our April sale. THIS SALE IS PLANNED JUST IN THE NICK OF TIME, when men are about to lay in a supply of cool, comfortable shirts for the hot months of July and August.

Remember, You Save Fifty Cents to Two Dollars on Every Shirt

No matter how many other things you have to do Monday, don't fail to get your share of these shirts.

R. H. WHITE CO.

R. H. WHITE CO.

Boston American Society and Foreign News

FASHION IN GORGEOUS ARRAY AT RACES

Among the many prominent members of the Smart Set seen at the races were Miss Helen Sears, who appears at the right, and (from left to right) Mrs. Percy Haughton, Mrs. Nichols, Miss Anne Morgan and Miss Marion Mason.

Animated scene at the Country Club during the races which attracted hundreds of fashionable circle.

Social Throng at the Races

By ELIZABETH ELLIOTT.

WHAT else so rare as the races in June—when weather conditions strike the jubilant note and make the gala days glide off like a song? Usually we have had poor weather for these smart events and most sumptuous frocks and head gear were greeted by rain and sadly bedraggled before the end of the day. But on Thursday particularly the weather was glorious and the hats and gowns worn by the feminine element attracted even more attention than did the race themselves.

Harvard Commencement, too, made a happy occasion for those with their wardrobes filled with pretty frocks in wait for an occasion upon which they might fittingly be worn, and with all the events crowded into the past week and a new track for each, it was a decided strain on the most generously supplied.

The much draped and silk skirts were decidedly in evidence, as were also the new parasols, gay in color and unique in design, but lending life to the scene by their very brilliancy.

But so handicapped were the women with their tight skirts despite the small leeway the silk gives that instead of being able to cover the ground from the grandstand to the club house in the far long easy strides for which the athletic Boston girl is noted, she was compelled to make along with her two inch steps and an expression of longing on her face which was anything but becoming while she watched her convention-free skirts leave her far behind to work out her problem of locomotion as best she could. But it wasn't the women in the narrow skirts who came in for the greatest amount of sympathy, it was their poor benighted escorts, who instead of being able to race from one side of the track to the other in the most exciting moments of the water races, with their companions close at their heels as in the past, gave up hopelessly to the inevitable and did the small stomp by the side of the fair damsels or dangled in her conning forebodings, while agony was depicted on his every feature.

"Why doesn't he pick her up and carry her?" one pretty but asked another while watching a much perplexed, big, athletic man and the frantic endeavors of his petite though fashionably gowned wife to get from one side of the paddock to the other.

But the doing at Harvard were less

strenuous, though quite as interesting, and when the fashions took their time there was but slight inconvenience. The scene was a decidedly interesting one and the day was filled from beginning to end with spreads, dances and all sorts of other smart affairs. But it was at the spreads that society shone its brightest. The flock that spread was as usual, one of the most interesting and it was to be since along with her two inch steps and an expression of longing on her face which was anything but becoming while she watched her convention-free skirts leave her far behind to work out her problem of locomotion as best she could.

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One of the most admired girls was pretty pretty Anne Nelson, whose engagement had just been announced to Samuel Morse Kelton, 24, of Haverford, Pa. Miss Nelson was most attractive in a prettily draped gown of blue and white with which she wore a large black lace hat.

Another newly engaged girl we attracted

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

BETWEEN the Country Club races and Harvard commencement the week just past was busy beyond the telling for those of the smart set anxious to take in all the affairs going. The races this year were more successful than ever and the crowds who thronged there each day were more generously gowned than in any preceding year.

The affairs of Harvard com-

mencement, which occurred the same days as the races, made it rather strenuous for those who would and did put in an appearance at both affairs.

Among those who were seen at both were Miss Helen Sears, daughter of Mrs. J. Montgomery Sears, who is to wed Mr. Bradley in July; Mrs. Percy Haughton, Miss Anne Morgan, Mrs. Nichols and

Miss Marion Mason. Their gowns were among the most attractive and while they were not so conspicuous as some, they were still among the most fashionable and appropriate.

Mrs. Cecil Fitch, an American woman noted for her beauty, was presented at Waterford Island, Ireland, and nephew King George's court June 9. Mrs. Fitch, of Edward Fitzgerald, author of Oscar

is the daughter of the late Colonel A. K. Khyam. Mr. Fitzgerald has large coal and coke interests in Western Pennsylvania.

Dr. and Mrs. Stephen H. Baggett received informally at their home in Boston the members, with their friends, of the Eastern District of the Massachusetts Homoeopathic Medical Society from 8 until 7 o'clock on Friday afternoon.



THE beautiful little town of Weston was in gala array with its myriads of flags and other decorations for the 200th anniversary, which was celebrated there several days during the past week.

On Monday the all-important feature was the historical pageant held on the magnificent estate of Robert Winsor, when over two thousand persons gathered and sat for hours in the hot sun to watch the series of beautiful scenes in which

Fisk, Mrs. Georgia Paine, Miss Laura Woodworth, Miss Elizabeth Kemmer, Miss Elizabeth Hall, Miss Clara Winsor, Miss Patricia Isham, Miss Josephine Adams, Miss Anna Adams, Virginia Cunningham—Priscilla Alden, Catherine Hays, Mary Smith, Anne Foster, Alice Jones, a cooperative—Mary Dutton, Mary Hubbard, Fannie Johnson, Emma

[illegible]

PARIS FEARS A GRAVE SCANDAL IN ORLEANS SUIT

**Powerful Influences at Work to
Suppress It; Royalist Papers
Are in a Panic.**

birth to a second child five weeks after the first child was born, is to receive two maternity benefits, the Insurance Commissioner having decided that the second child had a separate birth. In the case of twins only one maternity benefit is allowed.

Edna Goodrich Finds Descendant of the Acadians in France
Also a Strange Land Where the Dollar Is Robbed of Power
Discovers Norman Woman Had Never Heard of Evangeline

**Actress Makes Discovery While
Seeking Local Color to Aid
Her on Stage.**

companions, yet this lovable old soul has found that magic "something" in the mute companions which make the old

EDNA GOODRICH IN NORMANDY AND SCENES SHE SAW DURING HER VISIT.



But to return to my startling discovery I did find a place where no hags were spread for dollars, and it was only

ticket. He was not interested. If I could not wait he was sorry, but he knew of another photographer. He might be willing.

Defeated in my first experience with

wanted (he usual time of four or five days. I told him that he was going to do it NOW. He got excited, but fastened a steely glare upon him and told him he was. I kept telling him that

King of Spain Helps an American Writer

Gives Mrs. T. B. Batcheller Pictures of Unphotographed Masterpieces.

CARNEGIE'S WIFE IS BARRED FROM OPERA IN BERLIN

Court Etiquette Would Not Permit Her Presence and He Has to Go Alone.

Labor Must Not Be Honored in Russia

On the evening of Tuesday he made a trip to Potsdam and afterward dined at the Castle where he remained until 10 o'clock with the Kaiser, watching the end of an interesting theatrical

Privy Counsellor Ludwig Max G. burger, whose book describing America as "The Land of Unlimited Possibilities" brought him fame on both sides of the Atlantic, has received another distinction at the hands of the Kaiser, who conferred on him the crown order of first class, and with diamonds.

100

the service have had their rooms taken from them, if there ever was a land of independence it is Normandy.

Poincare on Vis

uttering maiden actively interested in
ask her if she would make herself
available.

The Royalist scandal has given heart to the Imperialists and Prince Victor Napoleon and Princess Clementine, his wife, are rejoicing. So, maybe, is the eighty-seven-year-old Empress Eugenie.

is allowed.

Sleigh Ride Upon Glacier New Sport

second child had a separate birth. In the case of twins only one maternity benefit is allowed.

BUY RADIUM FOR \$1,250.
LONDON, June 21.—To celebrate the twenty-fifth year of the existence of the

LONDON, June 21.—Mrs. Pickup, of Barrow (Lancashire), who recently gave birth to a second child five weeks after the first child was born, is to receive two maternity benefits, the Insurance Commissioners having decided that the second child had a separate birth. In the case of twins only one maternity benefit is allowed.

DOUBLE MOTHER WINS.
LONDON, June 21.—Mrs. Mackay, of Barrow (Lancashire), who recently gave

the first child was born, is to receive two maternity benefits, the Insurance Commissioner having decided that the second child had a separate birth. In the case of twins only one maternity benefit is allowed.

SUMMER REST COTTAGE, Effigy Springs, N. Y.; modern boarding house, efficient management; cuisine unsurpassed; admirably situated opposite park and Indian reservation; rates on application. Address **W. L. DAY, Prop.**



CITY LIFE SECTION OF THE BOSTON Sunday American

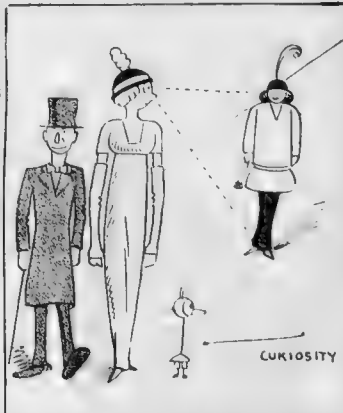
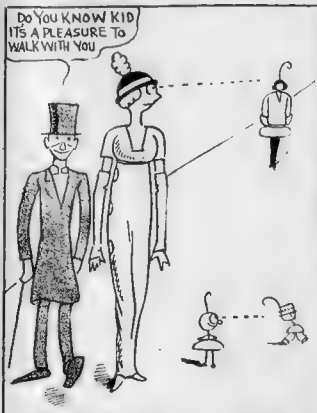


**Sporting
News
In This
Section**

They Certainly Are a Clever Lot--

By T. E. Powers, the Famous Cartoonist

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Life in a Pullman Car—Conroy and Lemaire Fun—

By De Wolf Hopper, in "Iolanthe"

Popular Burnt Cork Artists

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HERE'S where I bare the secrets of a light opera company on tour in a nine-car theatrical train. We leave this dear (meaning expensive) old town with a company of eighty souls, scattered through three sleeping cars, three baggage cars, a diner, a day coach and an observation car. If you'll stop to add up I think you'll find that makes nine. When I say three sleepers, of course, I mean that the train consists of that many in the day time. At night there are naturally eighty.

Every train I have ever taken away from New York goes faster than Paris. They seem at first to be in an awful hurry to get away from here. Maybe it's because the engineer's girl lives in a smaller town. But anyhow, as we veer away to the South and West, I notice that the engine always has an ever-increasing tendency to become more and more tubercular. And when we strike Virginia—ah! Well, our train is the original Virginia creeper, and no questions asked. It is at this juncture, or junction, as they say in the best railroad circles, that I go outside with my little bucket of paint and alter the wording on the Pullman cars to read "Pushman."

The girl chorus has one of those bouffant cars, the he-chorus another, and the principal the third. It was not until I got to studying the names on these Pullman cars that I realized where on earth these chorus girls found their dictionary-defying appellations. Now, whenever I look at a program and see "Kullala," "Iolande," or "Mari-golden," I think of the time-table and begin to get ready for the next stop.

The last time we went, through Kentucky some evil-minded sneak-thief in our menagerie of eighty talented performers played

a most despicable trick on the other seventy-nine. It was like this: Of course, every one knows that Kentucky is noted for just two things, and one of 'em is horses. Furthermore, there were some in our party who were not followers of the philosophy of pawnbrokers. That is, they did not believe in limiting themselves to three highballs.

Dawn broke, bringing with it its fiery thirst. When the first of those afflicted navigated to the water cooler, anticipating that ever-freshening draught (one gallon) of nature's balm—no sooner had the liquid touched his lips than the air became indigo! The balm was bomb—with the accent on the hum! Aforesaid rat had arisen five minutes earlier and filled the inner cooler with hot water, very. The majority of the remaining comatose temporary Kentuckians were likewise punished, and the rest of the day was doubly all to the refrigerator.

But in many respects the Pullman train of the layman is similar to ours. The porter is an eminent and expensive feature of the ordinary train. We also have our porter—also and beer. In your train the conductor is simply a bromide ticket seller. We make our conductor do double duty: take charge of our ticket; and also lead the orchestra when we feel like a little song and dance.

Theatrically speaking, there was a ghastly incident connected with a town in Nevada named Grand Forks, the last time our touring train hit the place. I don't know why they ever called the villa Grand Forks, unless because it was so tiny.

Well, our manager wired ahead to the proprietor of the Grand Forks Grand Opera House that we would like to hold a rehearsal at his theatre at 3 o'clock the next afternoon. He stated in the wire, "Please have your stage manager, stage carpenter, assistant stage carpenter, property man, electrician and all stage hands present at that hour."

All I have to say is, never be deluded by the word "Grand" in the name of a town. (Or in many other things, either.) Some hours later we received the following reply to our wire: "All right. He will be there."

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GEORGE—Was there ever any time that you asked me for money that I didn't give it to you, whether I had it or not?

FRANK—I know, but all my money's gone for life insurance. Here's the policy. See? Niagara Insurance Company.
GEORGE—What? That's NIAGARA Insurance Company.
FRANK—Is it? I thought it said NIAGARA. Anyhow, I only have to pay a dollar and a quarter a week and every week I get sick I get five dollars.

GEORGE—Your policy's a no good.
FRANK—Whassamatter?
GEORGE—Because, you pay five dollars a month, and you have to be sick one week out of every month or you lose money. That means that you can only allow yourself to be healthy nine months out of every year.

FRANK—Don't try to scare me out of this. Run along home. I'm going home and plant my beans.

GEORGE—Plant your beans? Beans don't grow.

FRANK—Where do they come from, then?
GEORGE—Why, the baked beans come from the bean mines in Boston.

FRANK—Bean mines? Where do the other beans come from?
GEORGE—Well, the cold beans are from the Chili bean mines in Chili.

FRANK—How about lima beans?
GEORGE—Well, lima beans are some of them weighing a ton, by the way, are extracted from the Lima bean mines in Lima, Ohio.

FRANK—Oh, ho! And do they make kidney beans out of old kidneys?
GEORGE—Most appetizingly not. Kidney beans are manufactured from the knees of the young goat. Kidney beans have been in great demand of late years, hence the expression, "Get his goat."

FRANK—Well, I lima beans weigh a ton, how do they get 'em out of the mine?
GEORGE—Very simple. They blast them out with a stick of dynamite.

FRANK—Did you notice how mad our audience was last night?

GEORGE—Yes, naturally. We gave a benefit at the insane asylum.

FRANK—I know, but the trouble was that the bean joke goes bad with a man when off his bean.

GEORGE—I'm going to pay you back that big spot next week.

FRANK—Yes, that's what you said last week.

GEORGE—Well, I'll say it again next week. I'll not the man to say one thing one minute and something else the next.

FRANK—Why was the prima donna so

since this afternoon?

GEORGE—She only got nine bouquets over the footlights.

FRANK—Only nine? Did she want ninety?

GEORGE—No, ten. She paid for ten.

FRANK—Im you like that new cigar I gave you? It's called "The Colonel."

GEORGE—Very appropriate name. It's rank.

FRANK—You gotta give me back the money I paid you for that dog. You said he was fine for rats. He won't touch 'em.

GEORGE—Isn't that fine for the rats?
FRANK—I know I gave him enough extra.

GEORGE—How do you know?
FRANK—He goes for a tramp nearly every day.

GEORGE—Why didn't you speak to me down the street this morning?

FRANK—I didn't see you.

GEORGE—That's funny. I saw you twice.

FRANK—That's the reason, then. I never notice a man in that condition.

GEORGE—I'm going up to see my girl now.

FRANK—I didn't know you had one. Where'd you do it?

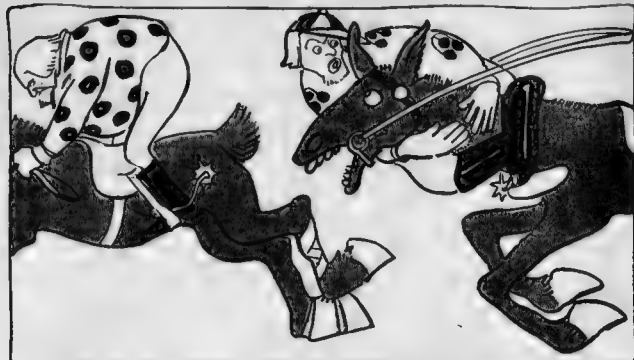
GEORGE—Oh, I fell in with her while she was shaving last night.



They're Off Again

Those Two Clever Fun Doctors,
Raymond and Caverly

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CAVERLY—Hello, Julius! I have not seen you in a dog's age—why such a habbiness?
RAYMOND—I was over to Belmont race track and I won some money on a horse.
CAVERLY—Are they running now?
RAYMOND—Not now, only in the afternoon.
CAVERLY—What was der name of der horse?
RAYMOND—Iona.



CAVERLY—Oh, you own her?
RAYMOND—No, I don't.
CAVERLY—You told me you bet on der horse, did you not?
RAYMOND—Sure, I did.
CAVERLY—Well, what is der horse's name?
RAYMOND—Iona.

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CAVERLY—I can't help if you own her; but it is der horse's fault. I am only asking you der name of der horse.
RAYMOND—I am telling you—Iona, Iona!
CAVERLY—I see she is a regular horse.
RAYMOND—Sure! She's got a leg on each corner; only her shoes leak.
CAVERLY—Say, did you know I used to be it a

RAYMOND—For a drink?
CAVERLY—No! For a race on his back. A man having a flag commenced to shout at me, and when we were all in line he commenced to call me names.
RAYMOND—He was der starter; he wanted to see you get off right.
CAVERLY—All of a sudden some one rang a bell and story was running away.
RAYMOND—Where was you?
CAVERLY—On his back.
RAYMOND—On whose back?
CAVERLY—Brooklyn.
RAYMOND—Brooklyn is a city.
CAVERLY—No, dat was der name of der horse. Und right next door to me was another jockey mit a horse, and his name was Boston.
RAYMOND—Who, der jockey?
CAVERLY—No, der horse. Well, at her quarter-mile Boston was ahead of me; at der half-mile Boston was two lengths ahead of me; at der three-quarters Boston was still three lengths ahead of me, and running fine. When we got in der stretch Boston was four lengths ahead of me, and dot made me mad. But I had an idea.
RAYMOND—What did you do mit it?
CAVERLY—I leaped over on der horse's neck und whispered to him, "Are you going to let Boston beat you?" Right away he commenced to run faster und faster. In a little while we came up mit Boston, und in a second we galloped away from him.
RAYMOND—Did you win?
CAVERLY—No, there was six other horses ahead of me.
RAYMOND—I hear you was to a wedding yesterday?
CAVERLY—Yes, und it was a fine wedding.

RAYMOND—What got married?
CAVERLY—A man und a woman.
RAYMOND—Did they get married one at a time?
CAVERLY—No, both together in der same place.
RAYMOND—Who was their name?
CAVERLY—Day was married to Knight yesterday.
RAYMOND—How can they be married yesterday yesterday?
CAVERLY—By a minister. Who do you suppose married them, a plumber?
RAYMOND—You don't understand it. I ask you who was married?
CAVERLY—Day was married to Knight.
RAYMOND—Oh! then they are not married yet?
CAVERLY—Sure, they are married; they were married yesterday.
RAYMOND—How can anybody be married yesterday tonight?
CAVERLY—It was not Anybody; it was Ahnle Day. RAYMOND—I thought you said yesterday.
CAVERLY—So it was; she married to Knight.
RAYMOND—Then it was not yesterday they were married?
CAVERLY—Yes, it was. Yesterday, Day was married to Knight.
RAYMOND—I'm not interfering with der wedding, am I?
CAVERLY—Oh, no! It's all over now.
RAYMOND—But you said it was tonight?
CAVERLY—Yes, Day was married to Knight yesterday.
RAYMOND—If you are going to commencement again mit dot night und yesterday's business I'll make you swallow some mercury tablets und wait for your finish.
CAVERLY—You don't understand it. Laterine, und I will make it a full explanation of my story. Ahnle Day was married to Knight. She was to get married to Knight tonight, but instead she changed her mind und was married to Knight yesterday. I was to der wedding und saw Day get married to Knight yesterday.
RAYMOND—Say, I have a good job for you this Summer, if you want it.
CAVERLY—What is it?
RAYMOND—Pumping wind in fans.

Hashimura Togo Domestic Scientist By WALLACE IRWIN

Being the Letter of a Japanese Boy-of-All-Work to the Editor of Good Housekeeping Magazine Telling About a Picnic Party.

Published by Permission of Good Housekeeping Magazine To Editor Good Housekeeping Magazine who enjoy fresh air but when slightly cooked:

HON. DEAR SIR:
Why should tame folks wish to be wild when they are getting along in nice condition without any Nature around? I ask to know. Hon. Mrs. Horse W. Snow, by who I was discharged away recently, might still nourish me in her house if it was not for fresh air subject I tell you about.

This Hon. Snow family reside in Trenton, N. J. where they live. Hon. Mrs. Snow have got two (3) complete twins, Frederick & Ederick, age 4 yrs. old each. Hon. Mrs. W. Snow have got asthma. So every one enjoys affliction in his own way.

Last Friday, when I was in Hon. Kitcher manufacturing pies by baking it, Hon. Mrs. approach up to me & explain

"Togo," she say it, "do you understand picnic?"
"What kind of Gen. Housekeeping are that?" I ask to renounce.
"It are the only kind what can be did outdoors," she report.

Sparkles from the Diamond

"SILK" O'LOUGHLIN, the illustrious originator of "Strike Tug," was not slow in his retorts to players who objected to his decisions.

Hal Chase, the brilliant first baseman was at bat, and failed to offer at a pitch in front of his eyes and which O'Loughlin called a strike.

"What's the matter? That was over my head," said Chase.
No reply from "Silk."
The next ball pitched came speeding in at a foot over Chase's head.
"Right in the same place," said Hal, smiling.

"Oh, was it? Well, then, that makes two strikes."

GHERWOOD MAGEE was still harping on a close decision which Umpire Bill Klein had given.

FRECKLES
Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Little Blemishes.
There is no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription, outcome—double—has guaranteed to remove these honey spots.
Simply get an ounce of ointment—double strength—from any of the Hater-Jaynes drug stores and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than an ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful, clear complexion.
He sure to ask for the double strength ointment, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

"How do you make a picnic?" are next question for me.

"Picnics can be manufactured by following recipe, she suggested:
"Let—Fill an ottomobile with children, pie & other sandwiches;
"Sit—Find a piece of Nature and set down on it with lunch;
"Set—Continue this program until go-home time, then do so."

"Cannot Nature be seen without taking lunch along?" I ask off.
"I have no time to answer statistics," she did harshly. "To morrow morning by early a. m. we depart away in ottomobile for find some soft place in Nature to sit on. I wish you prepare lunch of delicious hard-bakedness to include egg, chicken, more eggs, cake, some eggs, sandwiches & confused varieties of pie."
That ottomobile of Hon. Horse W. Snow are a 7 passenger car. Therefore it do not act surprised when 10 persons of sorted sizes gets into it. Think, it look last Saturday morning by early a. m. when Hon. Ottomobile give hosts similar to martyrs about to enjoy break down. Included among those getting in was Mrs. & Mr. Horse W. Snow & 2 twins; Mr. & Mrs. Hamlet J. Dilk & 2 yrs. old Arthur; Togo & food; Ethel & Albert. lovely young folks who look at each other with fancee expression.

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South, and before the game was over Mike Donlin came near being charged with manslaughter.

Donlin came to the bat with three on base. The rival pitcher, off in control, issued four straight balls to Mike, who began sauntering to first.
"Far out!" the darky umpire informed Mike, tugging at his sleeve.
"What for?" asked Mike, annoyed at the interruption.
"Far out, because the bases are full now und dere's no moah room for you."

JOHN J. MCGRAW and Umpire Bill Rigler are always at each other's throats. Each regards the other as his special personal affliction. One day at the Polo Grounds Rigler ordered the giant manager of the coaching line, and then there followed a series of jibes and jeers from the bench that nettled the arbiter. He tried in vain to single out some offender. Finally he asked his mark, walked over to ward McGraw and declared himself.

"If I hear any more said," he said, "I'll get the guilty parties if I have to clean the whole bench to do it."
For several innings not a murmur was heard from the New York quarters. Then, after Rigler had loudly called what appeared to be a bad strike, came one loud snuff. Rigler raised over, blood in his eye.
"Who brayed?" he roared.
"Go on, go on, Bill," McGraw replied soothingly. "It was only your echo."

THE Giants once pressed a negro into service as an umpire in one of their exhibition games down

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"This are delightful day to find Nature at home," say Hon. Horse W. with happy smiling.

"Let us go to Butterick Falls where moss is there," suggested Hon. Dilk.

Rut Hon. Snow, who was driving ottomobile, took us to Morning Glory Glen, because nobody wish go there.

Morning Glory Glen were landscape resembling some photos of Nature I have seen. It include wooden fence, a wet brook, considerable wasps & other outdoor symptoms.

In the immediate meanwhile, all that picnic were unfatening lunching basket and enjoying many unpleasant things about him.

"Who spilled mustard in angel cake?" require Hon. Snow, looking like a jury.
"Togo," report Hon. Mrs. Snow peevily.
"Who broke 17 eggs & forgot to bring butter while doing so?" approach Hon. Ethel with fancee eyebrows.

"Togo," suggested Hon. Albert with engaged expression.
"It are going to rain!" report all together like chorus girls.

"I are to blame for that also," I acknowledge.
Hon. Sky now look very sorry like he expect rain. Yet not yet. Lunching were nearly most prepared. Ethel & Albert were enjoying disagreeable love-talk.

Hon. Snow & Hon. Dilk were drinking appetite from bottle. Frederick & Ederick was weeping as usual—when Oh! ! ! Hon. Mrs. Dilk came hopping up hill and make following explanation:
"Bull! Bull!"

We could hear somebody talking moo-lan-gue slightly off in distance.
They all begin walking backwards to fence 85 feet away. That Hon. Bull appear very civilized, so I was sure he would go away by request. I had read in newspaper, somewhere, that bulls was afraid of red rags; therefore I took up that red ratty tablecloth & approach close by his nose making waves with it.

"Shoo!" I repeat like a torador.
All suddenly, Hon. Bull look upwards & observe my antics. He must be been extra brave, because that rugging did not scare him slightly. Shores of rage from

INQUISITIVE Bill Dahlen, manager of the soaring Dodgers, recalls the time Tim Hurst would not put him out of the game, regardless of what he said or threatened to say.

Before the game Bill confided to Hurst that he was desirous of being ejected from the game so that he might go down to the Brighton Beach race track and place a bet on a "good thing."

"I'll call you a few mild names—you'll know I won't mean them and you can put me out of the game," Bill told Tim.
Dahlen started applying the appellations early. Hurst turned a deaf ear to them in the first inning. In the second he was just as immune from Dahlen's calling down. Dahlen was becoming angry, and started to tell Hurst harsh names. Finally Dahlen blurted out a phrase to Hurst that would have cost him a heavy fine under ordinary circumstances. The players who were within hearing were astounded, when Hurst would not "call" Dahlen.
"Get back there and play," roared Hurst to Dahlen. "I wouldn't put you out of der game if you called me an A. P. A."
Dahlen was not a bit cooled when he treated that his "good thing" costed him a winner at the comfortable odds of 35 to 1.

him. He began pawing grass with fignorantly. Loudly bellus by him. Then he began pawing grass with horns downwards and make gollup for me.

When I see how ambitious he look, I did one great heroism: I continued to wave red rag & rush towards them picnic folks so I could be there to protect them when Hon. Bull begin to hook. They was 48 feet ahead of me, but me & Hon. Bull run very fast. I keep ahead, because he stop to swear two or three times. We

reached Hon. Fence together, just as Hon. Snow & Hon. Dilk was getting over with armful of family.

Roars! That grand-square animal knicked me with horns so skillfully that I made airship movement & come down on fence just in time to help Hon. Dilk & family fall over.

Hon. Bull spent 35 minutes making angry promenade up & down fence talking oratory in cow language. Then he go back to where Hon. Lunch was & spent rest of afternoon kicking it into river with horns.

At 7:25 p. m. time, Hon. Farmer come along with mouthache under chin & offer to coax off Bull, price \$5.
"He wouldn't hurt nobody," interrogate Hon. Farmer.

"I know it," report Hon. Snow. "He merely chased us to tell us how harmless he was."

We all got into car, pretty soon, and start homeards amidst considerable drips and shipwrecked feelings of stomach.

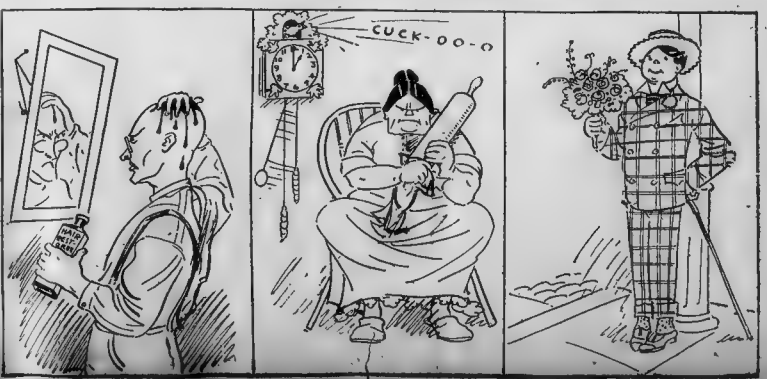
"Shakespeare never wrote nothing so tragic like today," glib Hon. Snow.
"Indeed, when you see Nature, you must take him like he comes," suggested Hon. Mrs. When we arrive up to R. R. Station I was surprised; Hon. Snow stop ottomobile.

"Togo," he say so, "This are where you get off."
"You wish me to depart homeards?" I snigger.
"Since you are so smart at flagging bulls," he resort, "maybe you can wave red rags at engineer and tell him take you some place where picnic is unknown & brains unnecessary."

Speaking thusly, Hon. Ottomobile depart away full of honks.
Hoping you are the same,
Yours truly, Hashimura Togo.
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What Is Missing from These Pictures?

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"Waiting at the Church" Laughs from McIntyre and Heath's Sketch

VENUS LOVE—You come right along! I'll find out if you can wait with me. Your just like all men; while you're holding hands with a woman you keep a talkin' marriage, marriage; but when she hauls you in front of the church house you get the "blind staggers," and back up. But, remember, Rufus Ambrosia Lee, you won't make no graveyard out of my heart to bury your perditionity in. Huh? Is this preacher Pattison? In this Parson Pattison?

PATTISON—This man Mr. George Washington Pattison, D. D. and A. M.

VENUS—Ho you hear that, Rufus Lee? I know you're getting cold feet ahead, preacher George

lations and omissions that mean something. Now, what are the difference?

VENUS—Friendly kisses is short with long waits twice over.

PATTISON—A

VENUS—In the kisses that mean something they ain't no difference.

PATTISON—In your presence, old Rufus Ambrosia Lee ever approximate the subject to a notion of marriage and epide in the affirmative on the salubrious prospect.

VENUS—Yes, and last Sunday night he gets right down on his knees and hankles up like a chicken with the pils, saks me if I could be a June bride.

PATTISON—Did you appreciate his profferation of epide?

VENUS—I did—with him!

PATTISON—Huh?

VENUS—I said I thought today would be better, 'kase 'twas some.

PATTISON—This was Saturday night?

VENUS—Dog if I know if it was Saturday night or Sunday morning. When Rufus called he stayed so long this hickie ran into days and he stayed into nights.

PATTISON—That 'twas an or about Saturday night, more or less.

VENUS—Yes, and now to-day he comes to my door and says he's changed his mind—that he hears marriage is a failure. But I ain't changed my mind, Rufus Ambrosia Lee. If marriage is a failure you and me giv' us back together.

PATTISON—Am they any witnesses to the impudic wedding of the couple here?

VENUS—That's what he claims, that they ain't no witnesses. But if he'd read what happens to other men he wouldn't write love letters. Rufus Ambrosia, that hot muck that you was in a year ago is 'bout to be served up to you cold! (Hisses *Pattison* letters.)

PATTISON (reading letter)—"I'mm! My Venus Love." He ain't writin' to a star in the sky.

VENUS—No, huh? I admit he was up in the sky when he writ that love letter, but I'm the star.

PATTISON—My Venus Love. The sun ain't showin' but above the earth and children's night smart; the moon's glories peepin' the old folks staid a sleepin', and heah I sits and dreams, while somethin' knockin', knockin' at my heart?

VENUS—Now, what you think of that poetry, Parson, and it's only the beginning.

PATTISON—It ain't serious! It shows a circumlocutory diagnosis of the species of the complaint; to wit, the writer couldn't sleep; he stole out into the garden and staid there, miled, the insects and the heave of dawn, he felt that bacilli knockin' at his heart.

VENUS—Huh! What am them?

PATTISON—A bacillus is a microbe, a germ. They's

belluues of smallpox, yellow fever, ruseadness, latness—they all keeps gallopin' round the diaphragm waitin' an opportunity to get in the heart and pizen the blood.

VENUS—For the land's sake! And all them things been circulate' round that nigger?

PATTISON—They has.

VENUS—Man, the whole luse of your diagram am muckin' but a race track for belluues! Your body is a whole circus music, but you're the clown. Go ahead, preacher Pattison.

PATTISON—Hon, does you 'member the corn?

VENUS—I 'members it!

PATTISON—Was it corn you cooked?

VENUS—No!

PATTISON—Was the corn on you?

VENUS—No, huh? The corn was on Rufus Lee!

PATTISON—Huh?

VENUS—It was this way: One night, he kept fightin' 'bout so that I ake him what alls him, and he tells me his corn is aching so he can't keep still.

PATTISON—What'd you say?

VENUS—I said, for the land's sake, nigger, take off your shoe and stop breakin' up your circulation!

PATTISON—Hon, does you 'member the corn, and the CUTE LITTLE WART?

VENUS—I ain't 'membered no wart!

PATTISON—Then th' letter is not for you.

VENUS—It ain't a wart no how, it's a mole!

PATTISON—Where am it located? It am necessary for the conviction of the subjective Lee by the objective Venus Love, that a cute little wart be found on her habes corpus.

VENUS—What?

PATTISON—Rufus, you must show your habes corpus.

VENUS—I'll be doggone if I show my habes corpus.

PATTISON—Where am it at?

VENUS—I 'began to tell you.

PATTISON—Yes, it's (he *chuckles* in his ear.)

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VENUS LOVE—Man, don't you know'nough to take off your hat when you're going to be married? Take off your hat! You ain't got no more etiquette than a billy goat!

PATTISON—Children of Ham, coming long the road from childhood you done picked up many a splinter of adversity, but now you 'bout to be thrown into a whole nest of brass nails, where if you stand up, sit down, go forward, or back up the thorns'll keep on stickin'! It's twice to turn all the milk of human kindness in the gvelins to clabber and hit you an uppercut in the solar plexus of haplessness. Hereafter for you they am to be no joy, no rest—no nothing!

VENUS—I ain't got no more etiquette than a billy goat!

PATTISON—Hon, does you 'member the corn?

VENUS—I 'members it!

PATTISON—Was it corn you cooked?

VENUS—No!

PATTISON—Was the corn on you?

VENUS—No, huh? The corn was on Rufus Lee!

PATTISON—Huh?

VENUS—It was this way: One night, he kept fightin' 'bout so that I ake him what alls him, and he tells me his corn is aching so he can't keep still.

PATTISON—What'd you say?

VENUS—I said, for the land's sake, nigger, take off your shoe and stop breakin' up your circulation!

PATTISON—Hon, does you 'member the corn, and the CUTE LITTLE WART?

VENUS—I ain't 'membered no wart!

PATTISON—Then th' letter is not for you.

VENUS—It ain't a wart no how, it's a mole!

PATTISON—Where am it located? It am necessary for the conviction of the subjective Lee by the objective Venus Love, that a cute little wart be found on her habes corpus.

VENUS—What?

PATTISON—Rufus, you must show your habes corpus.

VENUS—I'll be doggone if I show my habes corpus.

PATTISON—Where am it at?

VENUS—I 'began to tell you.

PATTISON—Yes, it's (he *chuckles* in his ear.)

VENUS—It ain't a wart no how, it's a mole!

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"You won't make no graveyard out of my heart to bury your perditionity in."

Washington Pattison, I want you D. D. and D. A. M. advice about Rufus Lee, here?

PATTISON—I'mm! What am the species of his procreation?

VENUS—He's a man what says sugary things to one woman while he's thinkin' about another woman.

PATTISON—In other words, he am a promiscuous Lohman.

VENUS—I don't know what he is in other words, but in plain English he's only a low, triflin' nigger!

PATTISON—There was any carcase indicted in that might be misinterpreted into tenderness adjacent to and abiding on matrimony?

VENUS—There was kisses.

PATTISON—Plain kisses?

VENUS—They tasted mighty fine to me!

PATTISON—I mean were they friendly kisses?

VENUS—No, huh? They were the kind that mean somethin'!

PATTISON—How do you know?

VENUS—'Cause I know the pedigree of a kiss when I feels it.

PATTISON—How do you know?

VENUS—There's a difference.

PATTISON—What am the difference?

VENUS—Parson, they am some things it ain't good for a preacher to know.

PATTISON—Sister, the ipso factum of the modus operandum of the disemulation is this: It is stated ex officio that they's a difference 'tween friendly occu-

modation of Summer hotel visitors.

A glass observation room is situated on the upper deck and here milk with a teaspoonful of brandy will be served by normals.

Contrary to the general belief, the sea serpent has a kind rather than horrible face. Nor is the sea serpent highly colored with jarring shades of red, green, blue, mauve, cerise, orange and dotted with large purple spots.

The 1913 model sea serpent is on the job for the Summer. It is a six-cylinder with a larger tonneau for the accom-

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CROWD JAMS PAK TO SEE TWO PILGRIM GAMES LOST

Rudolph Pitches Superb Baseball for Eight Straight Innings Against the Phillies, but Weakens and Loses First Game, 5-4

Tyler Takes a Hand in the Second Game, but, Encouraged by the First Victory, the League Leaders Win Again, 5 to 2

By A. H. C. MITCHELL.

Flushed (it might be said) drunk) from their successful Western trip, the Boston Nationals returned yesterday, and in their own ball yard gave a successful imitation of losing two games to the Phillies.

The score was 5 to 4 and 5 to 2. One of the largest crowds that ever jammed into the old South End grounds saw the double disaster.

The way that first game ended was enough to drive a man to drink. The Nationals had tightly sewed up, 4 to 0, and the game looked like a walk-off for the locals, when in the sixth inning the first thing they knew the Phillies scored five runs and won the game. It was heart-breaking, not to say disgusting.

Then, after a brief interval, the teams lined up for the second game and Captain Bill Swearey, of the Boston team, pretentiously took the game away in the very first inning. The Nationals were never dealer than mackerels and were easy victims. After about five hours of baseball the big crowd found home to several thousand players of cold hard bones, feeling out of sorts with themselves and everybody else.

For the first time this year ropes were strung in the outfield and this made ground rules necessary, all hits going into the crowd at the rope counting for two bases. There were many hits that took this course during the two games. Some of them would ordinarily have been easy outs.

Long before the first game started at 2 o'clock every seat was filled and the twenty-five cent gate was about. All the overpay was taken care of behind the ropes and along the first and third-base fence.

It would have been fine for the Boston team to have won both games (and there is no good reason why they shouldn't) but when both for taken with the victory of the Red Sox over the Athletics and the Harvard victory over Yale there would have been good grounds to celebrate.

Ninth Inning Rally.

In the first game Rudolph pitched and was fortunate for eight innings. But he began going wrong in the sixth and seemed to let up as well as lose his control. It would have been a good plan to take him out after Knabe's double, but Knabe kept him in and a minute or two later the game was lost. Finally when five runs had crossed the plate he was canned and Freddie pitched to the last man, retiring him.

Manager Booth of the Phillies used all the talent at his command to pull off the victory and he deserves credit for the stunt. Take a look at the box score and see how many men he used. It may be said, however, that if the Phillies haven't shown any better pitching than they showed in the two games yesterday.

Continued on Page 2, Column 2.

"A spheroidal body produced by the female of birds."
—That's an egg, according to the dictionary.

The Poultry Page of the Sunday American says its say more directly than that—and more pitifully.

HOW CLUBS STAND

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

W.	L.	P.	P.
Philadelphia	22	20	23
Washington	22	20	23
St. Louis	22	20	23
Chicago	22	20	23
St. Paul	22	20	23
Washington	22	20	23
St. Louis	22	20	23
Chicago	22	20	23
St. Paul	22	20	23

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

W.	L.	P.	P.
Philadelphia	22	20	23
Washington	22	20	23
St. Louis	22	20	23
Chicago	22	20	23
St. Paul	22	20	23
Washington	22	20	23
St. Louis	22	20	23
Chicago	22	20	23
St. Paul	22	20	23

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

W.	L.	P.	P.
Philadelphia	22	20	23
Washington	22	20	23
St. Louis	22	20	23
Chicago	22	20	23
St. Paul	22	20	23
Washington	22	20	23
St. Louis	22	20	23
Chicago	22	20	23
St. Paul	22	20	23

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

W.	L.	P.	P.
Philadelphia	22	20	23
Washington	22	20	23
St. Louis	22	20	23
Chicago	22	20	23
St. Paul	22	20	23
Washington	22	20	23
St. Louis	22	20	23
Chicago	22	20	23
St. Paul	22	20	23

GAMES TODAY.

Philadelphia	at	St. Louis
Washington	at	Chicago
St. Paul	at	St. Louis
Washington	at	Chicago
St. Paul	at	St. Louis
Washington	at	Chicago
St. Paul	at	St. Louis
Washington	at	Chicago
St. Paul	at	St. Louis
Washington	at	Chicago

EASTERN ASSOCIATION.

W.	L.	P.	P.
Philadelphia	22	20	23
Washington	22	20	23
St. Louis	22	20	23
Chicago	22	20	23
St. Paul	22	20	23
Washington	22	20	23
St. Louis	22	20	23
Chicago	22	20	23
St. Paul	22	20	23

GAMES TODAY.

Philadelphia	at	St. Louis
Washington	at	Chicago
St. Paul	at	St. Louis
Washington	at	Chicago
St. Paul	at	St. Louis
Washington	at	Chicago
St. Paul	at	St. Louis
Washington	at	Chicago
St. Paul	at	St. Louis
Washington	at	Chicago

Griffith Blames Heat for Slump

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 21.—Manager Griffith contends that his ball players are handicapped by local climatic conditions. He asserts that the heat during the summer months here is such that it takes all the stamina out of his players, and that this accounts for the fact that the team always plays better here than away from home than it does here.

He believes that the players cannot keep themselves in prime condition because they do not get the necessary rest as a result of the heat.

Griffith has a scheme whereby he proposes to secure quarters in the outskirts of Washington, where he will house his players. It will be a sort of a summer hotel, far from the city, where the club will also supervise the players' food.

The Naves farm at Silver, Md., is being considered as the ideal place to make the arrangement while another place in the hills over in Virginia is also being looked into. It is the intention to have the players brought to the ball park in time for the game and then send them back to their quarters immediately after the game.

It is figured that by this mode of living the players will get better rest and consequently retain their condition through the season. If present plans are carried out this system will be in vogue here by the time the team returns from its next trip.

Williams Too Fast for Hawaiian Team

WILLIAMSTOWN, June 21.—Williams defeated the Chinese University of Hawaii here today before a very large crowd of alumni and commencement visitors. The game was tied in the fourth and the first half of the ninth inning was one of the most exciting seen here this season. Neither Outler for Williams nor Apes for Hawaii did particularly fine work on the mound and both were touched up for nine hits. Twolin made the best batting average for the Purpurs, making two hits out of three times up.

A running catch by Alan of Prindle's fly to left and Brown's catch when failing of Apes' drive were the featured features of the game.

The Score

Williams	at	Hawaii
Williams	at	Hawaii
Williams	at	Hawaii
Williams	at	Hawaii
Williams	at	Hawaii
Williams	at	Hawaii
Williams	at	Hawaii
Williams	at	Hawaii
Williams	at	Hawaii
Williams	at	Hawaii

Jerome Travers Wins Apawamis Golf Play

RYE, N. Y., June 21.—Jerome D. Travers, of Rye, N. Y., won the national and metropolitan golf championship, added another victory to his long list of conquests by capturing the club cup at the Apawamis Golf Club by defeating T. V. Bermingham, the champion of the Wyngate Country Club on the seventeenth green by 2 up and 1 to play.

In the morning Travers had beaten John M. Ward, Garden City, 4 and 3, and Bermingham had beaten D. O. Allen of Fox Hills by 6 and 5.

HOW CREWS FINISHED IN POUCHKEEPSIE RACES

VARIETY EIGHT-OARED.	VARIETY FOUR-OARED.	FRESHMAN EIGHT-OARED.
Cornell, first.	Cornell, first.	Cornell, first.
Pennsylvania, second.	Pennsylvania, second.	Wisconsin, second.
Washington, third.	Columbia, third.	Syracuse, third.
Wisconsin, fourth.	Washington, fourth.	Pennsylvania, fourth.
Columbia, fifth.	Syracuse, fifth.	Columbia, fifth.
Pennsylvania, sixth.		
The official time:	The official time:	The official time:
Syracuse, 19:28.3; Cornell, 19:31.	30:32.1; Columbia, 30:24.3; Wisconsin, 30:28.4; Washington, 30:00.2; Syracuse, and takes.	10:04.5; Wisconsin, 10:09.4; Syracuse, 10:11.1; Penn., 10:12.1; Columbia, 10:20.

SYRACUSE WINS VARSITY RACE ON THE HUDSON

Creeps Up at the Finish and Noses Out the Favorite Cornell Crew.

CORNELL WINS FIRST TWO

Courtney's Men Take the Four-Oar and Freshmen Events in Hudson Regatta.

REGATTA RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—Varsity four-oared shells with coxswains, 9 miles—Won by Cornell, Penn second, Columbia third. Time—10:47.5.

SECOND RACE—Freshman eight-oared shells with coxswains, two miles—Won by Cornell, Wisconsin second, Syracuse third. Time—10:04.5.

THIRD RACE—Varsity eight-oared shells with coxswains, four miles—Won by Syracuse, Cornell second, Washington third, Wisconsin fourth, Columbia fifth, Penn sixth. Time—12:24.5.

By DAMON RYUNOV.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 21.—Syracuse first, Cornell second, Washington third.

There you have the result of the great

Harvard Triumphs Over Yale, 6 to 5 Crimson Wins the Baseball Title, Too 15,000 See Yale Team Humbled Again

Ayers Puts Cambridge Into the Game by Driving in Three Runs—Yale Takes Away the Lead, but Harvard Gets It Back

At the top is Captain Dana Wingate of the Harvard team. At the left, Left Fielder Schofield of Yale, center, Pitcher Sam Felton, Harvard; at the right, "Tacka" Handwick of Harvard, and, below (vignette), Captain and Short stop Blossom of Yale

FIBRETT'S FIELD, Ithaca, June 21. Harvard captured the baseball series from Yale and with it the probable intercollegiate championship today by defeating Yale 6 to 5 on Fibrett's Field in the third and deciding game of the series between the old rivals.

Yale employed three pitchers and Harvard two in the nine innings. Felton was effective till the fifth in the third, Hitchcock, who evaded him, held Yale practically helpless.

A single in the sixth by Hunter was the solitary safety alarm off the Yale title went home in the 8 and when Ayres' twosome hit to centre, the time that bit of the game, drove in three runners and proved the chief factor in winning the game.

The hit followed a pass and two

THE SCORE.

Harvard	6	Yale	5
Harvard	6	Yale	5
Harvard	6	Yale	5
Harvard	6	Yale	5
Harvard	6	Yale	5
Harvard	6	Yale	5
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PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 21. Fearless baseball enabled the world's champion Boston team to pull out a ninth inning victory against the Athletics at Shibe Park this afternoon by a score of 5 to 1.

It was a brilliant performance, with a great finish in the face of almost certain defeat and it convinced the timid spectators that the Red Sox return to last year's form is a matter of fact. The score at close of play against them in the eighth inning, the Sox batted away (no talking and steady up the score, and then in the ninth session, they managed to shoot another run over the plate, and except one game nearer the Athletics in the league race.

It was a slugging game on both sides and all pitchers were called to replace three by each club. Day after day, the players have participated in a series of 100 hit slugs, no difference in the playing better, as announced the Athletics.

On a previous occasion, toward the last of the season, three innings were hit, but the Sox were beginning to get on, and the danger was at hand. It almost being reached in the ninth.

The latter went along until the sixth, when the Sox were leading 5 to 1, and they with the bats. Hall being in this change, was made not satisfactory for the Athletics were powerless in front of him and were unable to score at close range. Hook was the first ball man for the Athletics, and he will remember his reputation for some time. He got on by walking and strikes caught.

Speaker came along with another one, but the Sox were still leading. The Sox were still leading 5 to 1, and they with the bats. Hall being in this change, was made not satisfactory for the Athletics were powerless in front of him and were unable to score at close range. Hook was the first ball man for the Athletics, and he will remember his reputation for some time. He got on by walking and strikes caught.

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RED SOX WIN GREAT GAME FROM MACK MEN 5 TO 4

Score Three Runs Off Eddie Plank in the Eighth and Ninth Innings and Overcome the Lead of the Athletics

World's Champions Win Their Second Straight Off the Ex-Champs; Each Manager Has to Use Three Pitchers in Game

Champions Play Errorless Baseball and Come on to Victory with a Wonderful Finish—Philadelphia Is Scored Now

How the Red Sox Trowned the Athletics

THE SCORE.

Red Sox	5	Athletics	4
Red Sox	5	Athletics	4
Red Sox	5	Athletics	4
Red Sox	5	Athletics	4
Red Sox	5	Athletics	4
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RESULTS OF RACES
AT COUNTRY CLUB'S
STEEPLECHASE COURSE

CLYDE PARK
THREE DAYS
SOCIETY FOLK

Brilliant Throng Sees the Final
Day's Racing at the Country
Club.
PARK IS GAY WITH COLOR
Fashionably Gowned Women
Make Close of the Meet a
Notable Affair.

By ELIZABETH ELLIOTT.

Never was the Brookline Country Club more beautiful or attractive than yesterday when after the showers of the morning the sun came out and shone down throughout the afternoon on quite the most brilliant assemblage of fashion that favored place has yet known.

As usual the women in their dress, diaphanous gowns vied in interest with the races, yesterday more than ever, for they were of more gorgeous coloring and striking make, while the persons and hats were most brilliant.

Everything was draped and the smartest of the society was of deep color and of faintly dotted silks with bodice mainly of lace. All the coverings were long and flowing, with extremely low necks, quite as low as were formerly worn for evening.

Girdles and sashes, too, are extensively coming in their own season and the color effect of the costumes is carried out by having the trimmings of the hat match the girdle.

Many Callers For Mrs. Turner.
The hats were of every imaginable shape and size, but were for the most part small. The black hat still stands in high favor with many and it was with every conceivable color.

One of the most striking of the housed and very much draped costumes worn yesterday was that which the tall and slender Mrs. Oliver Turner, a bride of a week ago, donned for the occasion. It was of deep purple cloth with stripes of satin. It was vainly becoming to her dark type of beauty. Mrs. Turner, who before her marriage was Marie Lee, still clings to the large black hats which are most becoming, and one of which she wore yesterday with the purple gown.

She was with her handsome young husband, and they were constantly surrounded by friends. After the races, Mrs. Turner attended the wedding of her sister, Miss Helen Lee, and Mr. McKean, which took place at the Lee house, not far from the Country Club.

Misses Bachevalier Most Stylish.
Perhaps no gowns excited more interest and favorable comment than the pale green satin ones by the Misses Bachevalier. Both girls are especially pretty, very young and decidedly demure, and they were gowned precisely alike to the very smallest detail.

Their gowns were of the honey drop skirt kind, and their hair of rule over pale green, trimmed with huge loops of green, fringed with their gowns, at the back.

They were the sole-bonnet shape, nicely becoming to the fresh young faces which they framed so prettily. There was a faint that the Misses Bachevalier carried off the palm for beauty, but so closely do they resemble one another that it was impossible to tell which was the prettier.

Needless to say they were surrounded the entire afternoon by a cove of admiring young women who trailed them from the grandstand to the clubhouse and back again after every race and vied with one another in making themselves agreeable.

Many Other Beautiful Gowns.
Another attractive figure was the tall, slender and decidedly pretty, Miss Rosewood, who attracted no end of admiring glances as she sat in the grandstand. Her gown was a bright rose satin with deep loose folds of drift blue. Her hat was of drift blue trimmed with brown plumes.

Miss Darnley-Jordan was a decidedly modest though most effective gown of the cloth with giraffe of the same shade and small hat of blue of the same shade.

Some of the Prominent Leaders.
Mrs. Hallam Morton was attractive in black with a black hat trimmed with white.

SUNDAY AMERICAN SPORTING NEWS

O'BEAR WINS BANNER EVENT AT BROOKLINE RACES

BRILLIANT GATHERING MARKS THE CLOSING OF MEET

SOCIETY and the races at Clyde Park yesterday. At the top, Cloud winning the first race from Lamplight and Bull Care. Below, Ace of Clubs and Zard taking the water jump in the sixth race.



With the greatest assemblage of Brookline society people that has graced an outdoor event in this part of the country for years, the annual race meeting of the Brookline Country Club came to a close yesterday at Clyde Park.

The day in point of brilliancy, enthusiasm and real racing was far and away superior to any of the preceding days of the meeting.

The warm sun called the world outdoors and society obeyed the call and flocked to watch the jumping, the brilliant, varicolored gowns of the women lending to the scene a touch of splendor and beauty reminiscent of the days when the race meets were a universal society fad and a big annual affair.

There was considerable quiet betting and pool making, and Capt. Howe, of the New-Town Detective Bureau, was on hand to prevent the gamblers from making noise. He unsheathed several and had them removed from the park.

Young Society Folks Enjoyed Sport.
Among the society young folks, betting in a small way was the fad of the day, and the fact that each race had an objective for almost every spectator, lent greatly to the enthusiasm.

In fact, the cheerfulness, the rush of the crowd, the barked back to the days of the great social gatherings at Sheephead Bay and other tracks.

The big event on the day program was the Country Club Cup Steeplechase, for which the top 100 jumps in the country were entered.

There was much speculation on the race, and the result was a 12-1 getting on, as the clock of the do I made letting a risky proposition.

The honors in the race fell to J. E. Davis, whose O'bear, winner in last year's bumper event, again showed the way to the wire, after one in this most splendid race ever seen in this part of the country.

All the way through, Bill Andrews and Boston fought for the lead with the winner, and it was not till the stretch that O'bear, the favorite, broke away to get a safe margin.

Paw Falls During Races.
The riders were more fortunate than the horses on the other days there not being a tumble of any kind until the last race in which two riders came to grief, but neither was it as bad as it looked.

The track and jump course had been put in perfect condition by the men who left in the morning and in all the events the horses were faster than on the previous days.

Seven furlong dash opened the day's racing, four horses answering the call. At the flag corner, twice a winner in the present meeting, while the other three others closely bunched, forcing a close finish.

Going down the back stretch, Boston, jumping from the lead, was the first to cross the line, while the other three and galloped home a winner in the present meeting.

Another horse was second, but J. E. Davis was charged with fouling by Tucker, who rode Clover, and when the fouling was called, Clover was disqualified.

The second event was a two-mile steeplechase, which furnished the closest finish of the meeting and immediately left Red Ruddy his second win.

Back and Neck to the Wire.
At the flag old winner took the race, while Red Ruddy and Mable hanging

SOCIETY MAKES
A DAZZLING SHOW
AT CLYDE PARK

COLOR BEARER
BEATS OUT C. E. R.

Nine Fast Races Held at Dorchester Driving Club Meet.

Nine fast and even races in which twenty-two of the fastest horses of the Dorchester Driving Club were entered were pulled off on the Franklin Field Sports Ground, yesterday afternoon before one of the largest audiences of the season.

The selection of the afternoon was the race in which Color Bearer, a new acquisition on the local list, beat out the fast C. E. R. with J. H. Burns as jockey. M. Warren, the Municipal Court Police officer, handled the reins and Color Bearer, yesterday afternoon, was pulled off on the half mile track.

Another feature of the afternoon was the colt race in which Annie M. drove by J. M. Brown, showed her heels after a hard battle in the first half mile, but was pulled off on the half mile track.

CLYDE PARK RESULTS

Race	Distance	Winner	Jockey	Time
1	5 furlongs	Cloud	J. H. Burns	1:12
2	1 mile	Blue Bird	J. H. Burns	1:40
3	1 mile	Blue Bird	J. H. Burns	1:40
4	1 mile	Blue Bird	J. H. Burns	1:40
5	1 mile	Blue Bird	J. H. Burns	1:40
6	1 mile	Blue Bird	J. H. Burns	1:40
7	1 mile	Blue Bird	J. H. Burns	1:40
8	1 mile	Blue Bird	J. H. Burns	1:40
9	1 mile	Blue Bird	J. H. Burns	1:40

Leonora Features
at Wakefield Races

Wakefield, June 21.—(P. M.) Leonora was the star performer at the Wakefield Racing Club in the Quinquecentennial Steeplechase, taking the lead race and three bags in a row.

Leonora, a three-year-old, was owned by Mrs. H. H. H. and was trained by Mr. H. H. H. She was the first to start in the race and was the first to cross the line.

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EASY FOR PRESENTS.
At Myrtle Field, Dorchester.
By mail.
Crown J. 10 0 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Eagle 10 0 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Buttercup, Cavalier and Hatched
Leary and Davidson

\$675 FOR 1910 POPE
A VERY LIGHT 8-pass. touring car, cost only \$3500. Everything complete. In A condition. machinery, painting and upholstery very complete. equipped with factory price given at your convenience. guaranteed representation. Address 215, Boston American.

MIDDLEBORO JUNE 21.
Middleboro team today defeated the Milton A. team by the score of 11 to 1 in a very snappy game.

CLYDE PARK RESULTS

Race	Distance	Winner	Jockey	Time
1	5 furlongs	Cloud	J. H. Burns	1:12
2	1 mile	Blue Bird	J. H. Burns	1:40
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6	1 mile	Blue Bird	J. H. Burns	1:40
7	1 mile	Blue Bird	J. H. Burns	1:40
8	1 mile	Blue Bird	J. H. Burns	1:40
9	1 mile	Blue Bird	J. H. Burns	1:40

MEDFORD HIGH BEATS MALDEN

**Dave Twombly Is Star of Final
Suburban League Game;
Steals Five Bases.**

The Medford and Malden high schools completed their baseball schedules with the closing of the Muburnia League, at the Medford High School Field yesterday, the former taking the game with ease by the score of 10 to 1. Malden's on-base run was made in the first inning, although two men were out, Medford won the grounders to Trombly which began the

Dwy scored Medford's first tally on a single and three errors by Butler in the second inning. Crowe got a two-ban

ger and went to third on a passed ball. Little walked and stole second, and both scored on Jeffrey's error. In the third, Twombly singled, stole second and third and scored when they tried to catch him napping at third. Sweetman walked

In the fourth, Twombly was hit by a pitched ball, stole second and third and scored on Butler's error. In the sixth

Fraser and Twombly scored on an error and Sweetman scored in the ninth on Burrell's triple.

Twombly's playing for Medford was one of the features of the game, stealing bases with ease and getting in two hits. The Golden Grays were unable

control the ball in the fielding and a lot of the large score against Malden was due to errors. Medford got but eight hits. The score

MEDFORD, N. H.						MALDEN, N. H.					
ab r bi po a						ab r bi po a					
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
2	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
3	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
4	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
5	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
6	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
7	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
8	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
9	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
10	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
11	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
12	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
13	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
14	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
15	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
16	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
17	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
18	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
19	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
20	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
21	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
22	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
23	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
24	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
25	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
26	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
27	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
28	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
29	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
30	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
31	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
32	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
33	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
34	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
35	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
36	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
37	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
38	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
39	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
40	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
41	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
42	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
43	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
44	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
45	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
46	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
47	1	0	0	0	0	1	1				

Mason	1	0	10	Moss	3	0	0
Noble	1	0	0	Myer	4	1	1
T. Price	4	3	2	Myer	4	0	1
H. Ryan	1	0	0	Myer	4	0	1
R. Wells	1	1	3	Myer	4	0	1
Crowley	4	4	0	Myer	4	0	1
Little	1	0	1	Myer	4	0	1
R. Fish	1	0	1	Myer	4	0	1
D. McKim	1	0	0	Myer	4	0	1
Street	1	0	0	Myer	4	0	1

		Totals		Totals	
Medford H.	8	1	2	1	2
Malden H.	8	1	0	0	0
Everett	2	1	0	0	0
River 3	1	0	0	0	0
Harlow 2	1	0	0	0	0
Boston 1	1	0	0	0	0

- Twombly 6, But or 2, Little 2, Day 3
Brady 1, Frazier 1, Kane 1, Ma 1, H. 1
2, Harlow 4, Berry 1, at By 1
S. by Harlow 4, by Berry 2, H. 1
ball Times 4, by H. 1, Well 1, Berry 1
Parrish had Joffe 1, Moore 1, May 1
2th. Im. Attendance—500

Errors Lose Game for Haverhill High

Haverhill, June 21.—The Haverhill High School, champions of the Grant's State, closed their season of victories in Athletic Park this afternoon, defeating the crack Haverhill High School team by a score of 12 to 1. Byard pitched a

consistent game for the local high school, but was given wretched support, Haverhill making nine errors, which have cost, Manchester scoring a dozen runs off ten hits, making their first nine runs in the second, third and fourth innings.

on four hits.
Haverhill was unable to hit Richards
when men were on bases.
The score:
MANCHESTER HAVERHILL

	ab	r	h	er		ab	r	h	er
Cipolla, 5	0	0	0	4	3	Green, 2	1	0	2
5	0	0	0	1	0	Wheat, 3	2	0	1

St. Newk.	4	2	3	3	8	4	0	0	4	0
Med'gh, 2.	4	2	3	3	8	4	0	0	4	0
E. M. rase	4	1	1	3	4	4	0	0	1	0
Richards, p	4	5	0	0	4	4	1	2	0	0
Norres, r	2	2	3	2	0	4	0	0	0	0
Hinley, r	4	5	0	0	0	4	0	0	10	0
M'Quade, l	2	3	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0
Porter, l...	4	0	0	14	0	2	0	0	0	0
							1	0	1	0

Totals ..	41	12	10	27	14					
Manchester ..	0	4	3	2	0	0	0	0	1	12
Mave hall....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0-1
Keros-Greens 4,	Hoyt 2,	Herrick 2,	Gibbs.							
Two-base hits McDonough.				McGee.	Three-					
base hits-Gilroy, M. Oula.				Stolen bases - 1						
Daily 2, Greene 2,	Gray, E.	McDonough,								
Bundy 2, Wadsworth 1,	Wadsworth 1,	Max 1,								

Murray, Double plays—Richards, C. M. Don-
 ough to Porter. Left on base—Haven, J. D.,
 Manchester 3. Time base on balls—left 3. Balls
 0, off Ryard 3. Hit by pitched ball—Hosi-
 McDonough by Ryard. Struck out by Ryard
 3, by Richards. Passed by, C. Murray. Wild
 pitches—Richards. Time—1 hr., 20 min. At-
 tendance—600.

MILFORD BEATS CLINTON.
CLINTON, June 21.—Milford, composed almost entirely of Holy Cross college regular string men, defeated Clinton this afternoon on Fullers Field, 15

Milford ..	0 0 0 3 1 1 2 0 8	15 18 3
Clinton	0 0 1 0 3 0 0 0 0	4 7 5

reductions

June 23d

Mothers

We direct special attention to bargains in Boys' Knickerbocker Suits, ages 9 to 17 yrs.

Also special values
now in Shirts and
other furnishings for
boys. *Second floor.*

romptly at 8:30
ing, June 23d

R PARKER

ANY
N STREET BOSTON

QUIMET WINNER OF STATE TITLE

Defeats F. H. Hoyt at Wollaston
for Amateur Golf Cham-
pionship.

By H. P. FARRINGTON.

By defeating F. H. Hoyt of Wollaston in a 90 hole match, Francis Quimet of the same club stepped into the coveted berth of Massachusetts amateur golf champion at the Wollaston Golf Club yesterday afternoon.

Quimet's triumph was marked, except to the quiver masters by played through the work, but his golf was not very emergency, and he is at least in the position that critics expected to see him fill last year, when Heston Behndel defeated him.

In yesterday's match he showed the same kind of brilliant golf throughout the morning half of the final round as he had shown in the first round, when he defeated a 71, and gave him the very second hole of 8 up.

During the first nine holes of the afternoon round, Quimet managed to pick up two more holes and as the match was being in four, the contestants shook hands while the gallery applauded, and then accepted the congratulations and commendations extended to where and hear.

These two players had both been seen before as they had both been in the final round, but not a new name Quimet deserves great credit for his win, although he must make a good guardian stand, that he showed over him in two of his matches.

Hoyt Beat Tough Field.
Hoyt did the best playing before the match was reached, with the best of Ben-Burns and P. W. Whittemore of the Country, rated as two of the best players in the State. Incidentally, Hoyt also beat J. B. Hoyt of Wollaston, who was coupled a front spot to a few weeks in the fall of last year by eliminating W. J. Travis and P. W. Whittemore at the Country Club.

Quimet repeated his last year's style of not taking things too seriously in a couple of matches until they were both in a state of being late, and then pulling himself together in time to reap a victory at the eleventh hole, ending the match with a 69, and a score of 138 for the match. The victory of this youngster seemed, but it is plain to see that he is a real winner.

Repetition of Victory.
A repetition of victory already printed, and a glance at his two matches tell the story. He played the first round with a 72, and a two-foot putt, or possibly a little longer, to put Quimet out of the running at the eighth hole. He then had two putts for a half on the next hole, and then a 71, and a 72, and a 73, and a 74, and a 75, and a 76, and a 77, and a 78, and a 79, and an 80, and an 81, and an 82, and an 83, and an 84, and an 85, and an 86, and an 87, and an 88, and an 89, and a 90.

Many players feared that the winner of the Quimet-Hoyt match would be the winner of the State title, and they are right in their reckoning. Quimet has a reputation for being a "hot" player, and he is a real winner.

The occasional blunder made by Quimet yesterday would never be duplicated for the State title, and he is a real winner.

It is interesting to note that Hoyt led at one time, but was out at the first hole, but as he lost the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-second, twenty-third, twenty-fourth, twenty-fifth, twenty-sixth, twenty-seventh, twenty-eighth, twenty-ninth, thirtieth, thirty-first, thirty-second, thirty-third, thirty-fourth, thirty-fifth, thirty-sixth, thirty-seventh, thirty-eighth, thirty-ninth, fortieth, forty-first, forty-second, forty-third, forty-fourth, forty-fifth, forty-sixth, forty-seventh, forty-eighth, forty-ninth, fiftieth, fifty-first, fifty-second, fifty-third, fifty-fourth, fifty-fifth, fifty-sixth, fifty-seventh, fifty-eighth, fifty-ninth, sixtieth, sixty-first, sixty-second, sixty-third, sixty-fourth, sixty-fifth, sixty-sixth, sixty-seventh, sixty-eighth, sixty-ninth, seventieth, seventy-first, seventy-second, seventy-third, seventy-fourth, seventy-fifth, seventy-sixth, seventy-seventh, seventy-eighth, seventy-ninth, eightieth, eighty-first, eighty-second, eighty-third, eighty-fourth, eighty-fifth, eighty-sixth, eighty-seventh, eighty-eighth, eighty-ninth, ninetieth, one hundred, and one hundred and one.

Stymies Hoyt Hoyt.
Two stymies at the second hole of the afternoon round, and Hoyt lost one hole, and another at the fifth, and then he might possibly have won the match, but he did not.

For this player, cost him another chance to try and reduce Quimet's lead. Hoyt secured a beautiful three at the seventh, but as he lost the eighth, he was out of the match.

It is interesting to note that Hoyt led at one time, but was out at the first hole, but as he lost the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-second, twenty-third, twenty-fourth, twenty-fifth, twenty-sixth, twenty-seventh, twenty-eighth, twenty-ninth, thirtieth, thirty-first, thirty-second, thirty-third, thirty-fourth, thirty-fifth, thirty-sixth, thirty-seventh, thirty-eighth, thirty-ninth, fortieth, forty-first, forty-second, forty-third, forty-fourth, forty-fifth, forty-sixth, forty-seventh, forty-eighth, forty-ninth, fiftieth, fifty-first, fifty-second, fifty-third, fifty-fourth, fifty-fifth, fifty-sixth, fifty-seventh, fifty-eighth, fifty-ninth, sixtieth, sixty-first, sixty-second, sixty-third, sixty-fourth, sixty-fifth, sixty-sixth, sixty-seventh, sixty-eighth, sixty-ninth, seventieth, seventy-first, seventy-second, seventy-third, seventy-fourth, seventy-fifth, seventy-sixth, seventy-seventh, seventy-eighth, seventy-ninth, eightieth, eighty-first, eighty-second, eighty-third, eighty-fourth, eighty-fifth, eighty-sixth, eighty-seventh, eighty-eighth, eighty-ninth, ninetieth, one hundred, and one hundred and one.

Large Gallery Out.
No large a crowd had turned out for the final round than these two players showed out the last time they were to give the exhibition, and a large gallery saw the new Wollaston champion, and the first of the final round.

As the result of the week's play Quimet won the Association gold medal, and Hoyt won the silver medal. Hoyt secured a beautiful three at the seventh, but as he lost the eighth, he was out of the match.

It is interesting to note that Hoyt led at one time, but was out at the first hole, but as he lost the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-second, twenty-third, twenty-fourth, twenty-fifth, twenty-sixth, twenty-seventh, twenty-eighth, twenty-ninth, thirtieth, thirty-first, thirty-second, thirty-third, thirty-fourth, thirty-fifth, thirty-sixth, thirty-seventh, thirty-eighth, thirty-ninth, fortieth, forty-first, forty-second, forty-third, forty-fourth, forty-fifth, forty-sixth, forty-seventh, forty-eighth, forty-ninth, fiftieth, fifty-first, fifty-second, fifty-third, fifty-fourth, fifty-fifth, fifty-sixth, fifty-seventh, fifty-eighth, fifty-ninth, sixtieth, sixty-first, sixty-second, sixty-third, sixty-fourth, sixty-fifth, sixty-sixth, sixty-seventh, sixty-eighth, sixty-ninth, seventieth, seventy-first, seventy-second, seventy-third, seventy-fourth, seventy-fifth, seventy-sixth, seventy-seventh, seventy-eighth, seventy-ninth, eightieth, eighty-first, eighty-second, eighty-third, eighty-fourth, eighty-fifth, eighty-sixth, eighty-seventh, eighty-eighth, eighty-ninth, ninetieth, one hundred, and one hundred and one.

Hitchcock and Lyall Tie for Gross Prize.
A. L. Hitchcock and G. A. Lyall tied for the best gross score at the Wollaston Golf Club yesterday afternoon, while George D. Wheeler was the best net player with a 72 and a handicap of 16. There were many entries. After the playing had been over, and there was an informal dinner at the clubhouse in the evening.

The summary:
A. L. 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America or Japan—Which Will Rule?



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DIFFERENT kinds of human beings people this earth. They are white, yellow, black and brown—and some rapidly killed off on this North American continent were red.

RELIGIOUS FAITH teaches us that first one man and one woman were made—presumably white—and then, in ways not very clearly described, other colors appeared.
SCIENCE teaches that the human race descends not from one animal, but from various animals somewhat alike, as regards legs and arms, but sufficiently different to account for the chief differences among the human races. According to science, the human race appeared on different parts of the earth at different times, and at the different points DIFFERENT human beings. And they have always been fighting each other and struggling for the master.

This much we know.
 Our own white race will have as much of the earth, and as much to say in the control of this earth, which is our garden, as we can get and keep by intelligence, force and prudence.
 The two great races on the globe are the white and the yellow—the yellow includes the brown Japanese.

The chief distinction between them is that one, the yellow race, has black-eyed men for its intelligent leaders and the other, the white race, is led by blue-eyed men.
 The struggle for mastery on this earth has been between the men with black hair and black eyes on one side, and the men with fair hair and blue eyes on the other.

And thus far the white race has won.
 The best lands, the fertile valleys, the shores of the Mediterranean, all of America, all of fertile and beautiful Western Europe, belong to the white race.

The yellow men and the brown men, Chinese and Japanese, and the other Asiatic peoples, probably started in the territory to which they have been confined, in China, the rest of Asia and the Japanese Islands.

What the Greeks were to Europe three thousand years ago, the most highly intelligent mixed race, living on islands and close to the water, the Japanese are to Asia, a highly intelligent, mixed Asiatic race, living on a small group of islands, ambitious, determined to conquer.

For centuries the great masses of population have remained within set borders. There have been occasional forays and occasional attacks, but in the end the white people have won their lands, or gained more. And the yellow, black and brown races have been kept within their own limits.

The destruction of Attila, called "The Curse of God," the man who boasted that the grass never grew where his horse had planted its foot, was a victory of the white over the yellow people.
 The magnificent work of the Hungarians in checking the Western march of the Turks, at

The Yellow People of Asia Menace This Continent Today, as They Menaced Europe Centuries Ago.

Don't Take Your Opinions From Others; Decide for Yourself Whether It Is Necessary to Plan Against the Invasion of Fifty Millions of Intelligent Brown Men, Locked Up in a Country Two-Thirds the Size of California. This Nation of Ours Will Remain White or Become Yellow. There Is No Half Way Possibility.

Pest, was another victory of the white people over Asiatics.

One after another, great hordes of Asiatics have been turned back or destroyed. And now for some centuries there has been quiet—yellows, blacks and whites remaining within their borders.

But there is in sight another movement, greater than that of Attila, greater than that of Genghis-Khan, in the movement of educated, powerful, intelligent and persistent brown men of Japan, across the Pacific Ocean, toward the United States.

Conditions have greatly changed, and a danger unknown has appeared since the days when the Americans opened the Japanese ports and taught Japan the difference between a bow and arrow and a repeating rifle, the difference between a canoe of bamboo and a battleship of 20,000-horsepower.

Marvelous are the Japanese, wonderful their power and facility in learning.

In a generation they have changed from a nation of ignorant nobles, depending upon their fighting men, the Samurai, or two-sword men, into modern, intelligent beings, drillers of armies and builders of navies, as big, as powerful, and MORE EFFICIENT THAN THOSE OF THE WHITE MEN IN MANY RESPECTS.

Nature's power only kept the masses of the people fixed within their borders. Mountains and rivers alone sufficed to keep back the moving hordes. When population became too dense and the great crowd of Tartars, Mongolians, and other Asiatics, started on weary marches, hunger, disease and battle killed them.

There could have been no thought a few years ago of the Japanese crossing the great Pacific Ocean to this continent.

And today, in the minds of intelligent Americans, THAT VERY POSSIBILITY, THAT PROBABILITY, SHOULD BE THE FIRST AND CONSTANT THOUGHT.

The Japanese have changed from men with little canoes, unable to navigate out of the sight of land, into a people that are building torpedo boats, swift as express trains, battleships the biggest in the world, AND FLYING MACHINES THAT WITHIN THE LIVES OF THOSE NOW LIVING WILL CARRY MEN AND ARMS ACROSS ANY OCEAN.

We wish that every man in this country, those who make laws, and especially such men as Mr. Wilson and Mr. Bryan, who encourage Japanese ambition and arrogance, JAPANESE AMBITION TO OWN AND CONTROL THIS COUNTRY—we wish that they could read a few pages of a small pamphlet prepared by A. W. Thomas, a pamphlet of facts.

When we are told that the Japanese "do not

want to come to America," that there is no reason why they should come, or when it is alleged that America discriminates against the poor yellow man as other countries do not, have at your finger tips a few facts.

The United States, in the first place, has been more gentle, more considerate in its treatment of the Japanese, Chinese and other Asiatics THAN ANY OF THE COLONIES OWNED BY GREAT BRITAIN.

The English call themselves the friends of Japan, and they have an alliance with Japan, offensive and defensive.

And yet the English Government, that England whose newspapers criticize American action, has been more determined in exclusion of the Japanese than any other nation. And the treaty between Japan and England is largely based upon England's desire to be upon good terms with Japan IN ORDER TO BE / LE TO KEEP THE JAPANESE OUT OF THE ENGLISH COLONIES, AND THUS AVOID LOSING THOSE COLONIES.

Every year the number of Japanese born is seven hundred thousand greater than the number of those that die.

What is Japan?
 It is a country of intelligent, determined men and women—ambitious, vain of their power and reckless of life.

The whole of Japan is only equal to two-thirds of the State of California. And more than half of Japan is worthless for the purpose of raising food.

There are in Japan FIFTY MILLIONS of human beings. Think what that means. And in Japan the birth rate exceeds the death rate vastly.

Every year the number of Japanese born is seven hundred thousand greater than the number of those that die.

What is to become if those seven hundred thousand surplus Japanese yearly?

We don't know, BUT WE DO KNOW THAT THEY SHALL NOT COME HERE TO SPREAD NORTH AND SOUTH AND EAST, AND MAKE THIS NORTHERN COUNTRY THE SPREADING GROUND AND THE BREEDING GROUND OF AN ASIATIC RACE.

Civilization has always traveled around this world—as long as we have known history—from the East to the West.

From Asia to Greece, from Greece to Rome, from Rome to Spain and France, from France to England, from England to the United States, from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

The people of this country do not intend that the thing shall be reversed, or that power and conquest shall come eastward across the Pacific Ocean from Japan to America.

Should there be any continuing of the movement of conquest in the future as in the past it will still be westward from the western coast of California, west across the Pacific toward

Asia—and that already has been done and begun in Hawaii and in the Philippines.

Think of the temptation that is held out to those fifty millions of Japanese crowded together when they look upon the coast of California.

The three great States of Washington, Oregon and California have a population of only nine people to the square mile, and IN JAPAN THE POPULATION AVERAGES THREE HUNDRED AND THIRTY TO THE SQUARE MILE.

Do we need wonder that the Japanese, fifty millions of them packed in a small territory, the greater part of which is arid and worthless, should be eager and determined if possible to overflow and come into the land of promise and wealth, AND OF THE WHITE RACE?

Thorntons may say what they please, and sentimentalists may talk as they please.

The white people of the United States are determined that the thousands of square miles on our Pacific Coast, and every other square mile of this continent, SHALL BE PEOPLED IN TIME BY WHITES—AND MEANWHILE THE YELLOW AND THE BROWN RACE SHALL STAY OUT.

The fight which the Americans must carry on now, the fight to keep the Asiatics from coming eastward across the Pacific to this land, is the fight that the plucky men of Hungary, the fighting Frenchman, the determined German tribes carried on for centuries against the Asiatic invasion moving westward.

Are the white men, or the yellow and brown men better?

What they are to be in the future we do not know.

What they have been in the past and what they are in the present no one need question.

Read the world's record, find what the white men have done and what the yellow men have done. Decide whether or not it is for the good of the world that the whites shall continue to rule.

Remember that there are on this earth twice as many yellow and brown Asiatics as there are white men.

And the number of yellow men outnumber ten to one the white men in the United States.

The tendency of the yellow men, formerly directed toward Western Europe, coming from the East, is now directed toward Western America, coming from the West across the Pacific Ocean.

It is the business of the white men of America to keep back the yellow and the brown flood as that flood was turned back by the men of Eastern Europe centuries ago.

The British Colonies are doing their share of the work in Australia, in New Zealand and in Canada.

The English criticize us because we refuse to permit America to become yellow, and—there is talk that England may support Japan in a war based upon our refusal to admit Asiatics. Sympathy with Japan with AMERICA involved is one thing.

Sympathy for Japan where British territory is involved is another.

We recommend to the average American citizen, and to the very average American law maker, a speech of Sir Henry Parkes, the British Lieutenant-Governor of New South Wales, discussing immigration.

"It is our duty to preserve the type of the British nation, and we ought not for any consideration whatever to admit any element that would detract from or in any appreciable degree lower that admirable type of nationality.

"We should not encourage or admit among us any class of persons whatever whom we are not prepared to advance to all our franchises, to all our privileges as citizens, and all our social rights, including the right of marriage. I maintain that no class of persons should be admitted here, so far as we can reasonably exclude them, who can not come among us, take up all our rights, perform on a ground of equality all our duties and share in our august and lofty work of founding a free nation.

"We can not potentially stand to be treated with the frozen indifference of persons who consider some petty quarrel in a petty state of more importance than the gigantic interests of these magnificent colonies.

"Whether for Her Majesty's ships, nor for Her Majesty's representatives on the spot, nor for the Secretary of State for the Colonies, do we intend to turn aside from our purpose, which is to terminate the landing of Chinese on these shores forever, except under the restrictions imposed by the bill, which will amount and which are intended to amount to practical prohibition."

If a small official of a small British colony could talk in that way, and compel the British Government to give in, as it WAS compelled to give in, to an ordinary American citizen, the man of California, or any man of the Western Coast protecting his territory against the yellow flood, might well talk with equal emphasis to a President, to a Mr. Bryan, anxious to conciliate Japan.

This country will remain a white country.

It can be done without war or bloodshed with common sense and united action, backed by a sufficient navy. IT CAN BE DONE IF NECESSARY AFTER THE LEARNING OF A SEVERE LESSON AND THE LOSS OF MANY LIVES, BUT IT WILL BE DONE.

The thousand million yellow and brown men that live on this earth shall not overrun or wipe out the ninety million of white men that have developed this country and intend to continue developing it AS A WHITE MAN'S COUNTRY.

How Cancer Is Caused by Over-nourishing Our Bodies

By Prof. de Keating Hart,
of the Society of Medicine of Paris

Cancer Appears to Be Peculiarly a Disease of the "Fittest," as It Preys Chiefly Upon Those Who Eat Regularly and Well and Take Best Care of Their Health.

Long investigations of the subjects of cancer have led me to the conclusion that the disease is due to cells long over-developed in an irritated area of the body.

They are overdeveloped like plants in hotbeds by a slow and prolonged increase of heat and food supplies. At the end of a certain time they acquire hereditarily the characteristics of overproduction and over-nutrition which distinguish them.

I find especially that the nutritive element on which cancer feeds most abundantly like all other cells in active development is glycogen (the form of sugar secreted by the liver).

Well-nourished bodies and organs favor the rapid development of cancer. Persons enabled by age or sickness are less subject to cancer or at least to its rapid growth. We know that cancer is less frequent among the tuberculous than the gouty. In the poorly nourished old person the tumor growth takes usually a torpid form.

Prosperous diabetic persons are the class of persons most subject to cancer. The excess of glycogen secreted by their livers furnishes nourishment to the tumor at the same time the development of a cancer in a diabetic causes a decrease of this elimination of sugar, indicating that the tumor absorbs part of the hydrocarbons of the system.

In many ways we have found that glycogen feeds cancer. Even use up hydrocarbons in the change into glycogen in the body and they often produce an amelioration of cancer. When a cancer is removed from a mouse, secondary growths in other parts of the body are suddenly, indicating that there was just enough glycogen to feed the original tumor.

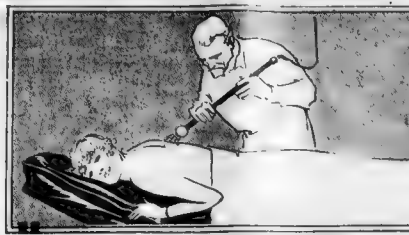
Professor Guelph has found when dieting persons for rheumatism and obesity there was a marked decrease of cancer from which they were suffering. Reduction of food may have the effect of diminishing cancer, but cannot be regarded as a sufficient treatment.

I reject the theory that cancer is of microbial origin and consequently I must deny the existence of the malignant cells can be grafted but we have found it would require more time than I can give now to discuss the subject of "cancer houses" and "cancer eggs." I may say, however, that the conditions of nutrition and parasitism which I have found explain satisfactorily the existence of "cancer eggs." As to "cancer houses," the very limited number of them permits us to believe that they are simple colonies.

In there a pre-disposition of the body to cancer? It is true that my theory of local irritation explains all idea of direct hereditary, because it shows cancer as the result of a local condition of cellular nutrition. But if cancer is not hereditary there are several states of ill health which realize more easily than others the local conditions favoring its development. These conditions we know are: 1. Constant irritation of the body by an agent within or without the body. 2. Constitutional infirmity which lowers the vitality of the body. 3. The amount of nutritive elements present in the blood vessels and raises the temperature. 4. The amount of nutritive elements present in the blood vessels and raises the temperature. 5. The amount of nutritive elements present in the blood vessels and raises the temperature.

The irritant, when it does not come from without the body, may be furnished by a chronic inflammatory condition. Thus rheumatism and certain blood diseases are causes of prolonged local cellular

inflammation. Allments which bring on irritability of the blood vessels such as arterial over-pressure and arterio-sclerosis, dispose the body to local reactions that bring on abnormal cell formation. A prosperous diabetic person secreting an abnormal quantity of glycogen will bring to the irritated cells a blood supply overcharged with



Fulguration or Treating with Electric Sparks the Cancerous Tissue Which is More Sensitive to Electricity Than Healthy Cells.

the same means? We must not fix our attention on the accidental cases in which the organism has no apparent part and which may be due to a simultaneous infection, such as erysipelas. It does not seem to me reasonable that we should make use of a weapon which has the double defect of being uncertain in its action against the disease and dangerous to the sufferer.

While it is difficult to observe the secret mechanism of natural amelioration of cancer, we may judge of it by cases in which improvement has been produced by artificial direct treatment. One such method consists in removing the organs associated with the infected area and another in closing the principal sources of blood supply. We know that many cases of almost complete cure and remarkable improvements have been produced by these means in cases of inoperable cancer.

From these cases we may reason that if we can cut off the food supply of an infected area through vasoconstriction, produced by some drug, for instance, we can cure a great number of cancer growths, if not all. If we can find a medicine which will check growth in a certain part of the body without endangering the rest, we shall doubtless have found a specific remedy for cancer.

There exist many methods of treatment which have sometimes produced ameliorations. Nearly all the anti-cancerous agents have produced results of this kind. How can we explain their action? The volume of many tumors is greatly increased by the blood which fills them like a spongy sponge. A medicament which reduces the blood supply by vasoconstriction will suffice to diminish greatly the apparent mass of our tumors. But I found that a simple fever by using up a large amount of hydrocarbons in the system will diminish the food supply of the cancer. The serum introduced into the body usually produces notable increases of temperature, a form of fever. Thus may we explain the results obtained from them.

I would make special mention of the remarkable results due to the employment of cautery, cauterization, or cautery. I have seen many cases of cancerous growths which have been cured by cautery. I have seen many cases of cancerous growths which have been cured by cautery.

Today the knife has remained the primary, and hardly any surgeon would remove an operable cancer by any other means. It is, however, far from satisfactory. In the case of cancerous growths, the knife is not a perfect local disease at the beginning, and therefore capable of being cured by local treatment. If the disease has extended beyond the limits of the knife, the knife is not a perfect local disease at the beginning, and therefore capable of being cured by local treatment.

Another source of hope comes to us from known cases of spontaneous diminution of cancer. Can we not one day bring about what nature accomplishes by employed

Diagram Chart Showing Where Cancer Most Frequently Occurs in Men and Women The Spots Are Ranged from 1 to 20 in the Order of Their Relative Frequency.



actual tumor the cancer, though apparently operable, is destined to relapse to a more or less rapid recurrence. In reality this is not always so, and I know more than one case in which, in spite of considerable dissemination of the disease, I have obtained cures.

This brings me to the curative treatment in which we combine surgery, the high frequency spark, and various forms of rays. For a long time it was believed that only operable cancer was curable. To-day this cannot be said. Many cases in which surgery did not dare intervene are today cured. They have been submitted to the action of the X-rays and radium or, after having been operated on, contrary to therapeutic necessities, have owed their cure only to the action of the high frequency and high tension sparks. I admit that where there is no reason against it an operable cancer should be removed. To have it in place and try to melt it more or less slowly under the action of the rays is to give it an opportunity to infect the body during the time of treatment.

To remove the growth is to give an opportunity to complete the surgical work by appropriate therapeutic means, gives the sick man a double chance of cure.

I must remind you that when surgery could not attempt the bold achievements of today, the partial cauterization performed on cancerous growths, such as resections, was rapid that many surgeons preferred it to the knife. I have seen many cases of cancerous growths which have been cured by cautery. I have seen many cases of cancerous growths which have been cured by cautery.

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ical operation. The great error which has been followed is a better reputation has been the method of applying it. Many who used it thought it was a means of destruction. A caustic, possibly more powerful than others, and they tried to use it as a caustic. They diminished the length of the spark, replacing tension by heating of the tissue. They sought to destroy the tumor directly. The spark has hardly any action of this nature, twenty other agents being more destructive and easier to use than this.

If you fulgurate a cancerous tumor before grafting it in another mouse the cancer takes root as if it had not been touched. On the other hand, if you fulgurate carefully the wound in which you are going to graft the tumor, it will almost certainly not take root.

If you operate on your human cancer patient according to the best technique of surgery and then use the high frequency and high tension sparks on the operated surface, you will have many more chances of preventing recurrence than with the knife.

How shall we explain the action of the spark? From experiments made up to the present we know that high tension electricity, when applied to the cancerous growth, acts on the cancerous growth through its action on the central nervous system. It is a very curious phenomenon. It is a very curious phenomenon. It is a very curious phenomenon.

tion even employed in bad cases, where ordinary surgery had failed. It was a case of cancer of the neck. Mr. Moreau had performed very extensive operations, but recurrence had occurred immediately and the disease progressed so rapidly that the moment when Professor de Keating Hart arrived to see him, the tumor occupied all the soft parts of the neck, enveloping the carotid, jugular, pneumogastric, etc.

A laboratory operation was performed by Professor Truffier which consisted in part of breaking up the tumor with the fingers. I then saw treatment with the spark, a delicate operation, as I had to operate cancerous tissue with the spark. Several months later I fulgurated a nodule left in place. Result: cure, which has lasted more than three years. (Mr. Hart gave four other equally remarkable cases of cure.)

To obtain a lasting cure by fulguration we must first secure the careful removal of all masses visible to the naked eye, in cases of absolutely inoperable cancer, this method can at most serve to hide the disease under appearance and is not to diminish the suffering.

Must we consider then that inoperable cancer is synonymous with incurable cancer? I do not believe so. The success obtained by the X-ray and radium, for example, they may be in proportion to the extent of the cancer, nevertheless, how can we say that tumors which the knife could not remove are incurable? I have known many cases of cancerous growths which have been cured by the X-ray and radium. I have known many cases of cancerous growths which have been cured by the X-ray and radium.

In order to reach deep seated cancerous growths, the X-ray and radium are more powerful than the knife. In order to reach deep seated cancerous growths, the X-ray and radium are more powerful than the knife. In order to reach deep seated cancerous growths, the X-ray and radium are more powerful than the knife.

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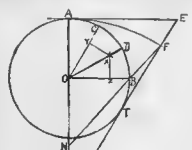
How the Man Tri-sects an Angle, a Problem That Has Baffled Scientists

By discovering a method for geometrically trisecting an angle of any size, a Greater Boston man, Arthur W. Weeden, has performed a feat in mathematics which has defied the efforts of the greatest mathematicians for centuries. Mr. Weeden's method is so simple that those who have talked it over with him are amazed that scientists have missed this new step for shortening one of the most essential problems in the list of the unsolved problems of mathematics.

By this new method any angle may be easily trisected and with an accuracy which has been impossible because of the lack of any known geometric theorem for its accomplishment. Mr. Weeden's method is as follows:

How to Tri-sect, Geometrically, Any Given Angle.

By ARTHUR W. WEEDEN. This problem, which has for centuries defied all attempts made for its solution, has at last been solved, and another of the so-called impossibilities no longer remains unaccomplished.



In the diagram next herewith Fig. 1 shows how a right angle may be trisected, and furnishes the key to the solution of every angle by bisecting the angle of Fig. 1.

Fig. 2 shows how an angle of less than ninety degrees may be trisected.

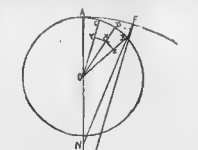


Fig. 3 shows how an angle greater than ninety degrees may be trisected.

Fig. 4 shows how an angle of less than ninety degrees may be trisected.

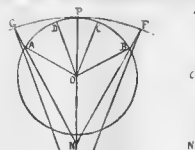


Fig. 5 shows how an angle greater than ninety degrees may be trisected.

Fig. 6 shows how an angle of less than ninety degrees may be trisected.

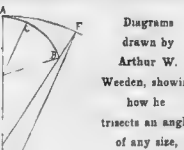


Fig. 7 shows how an angle greater than ninety degrees may be trisected.

Fig. 8 shows how an angle of less than ninety degrees may be trisected.

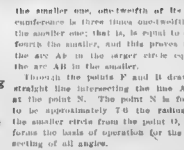


Fig. 9 shows how an angle greater than ninety degrees may be trisected.

Fig. 10 shows how an angle of less than ninety degrees may be trisected.

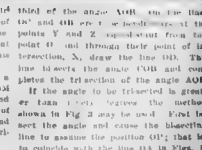


Fig. 11 shows how an angle greater than ninety degrees may be trisected.

Fig. 12 shows how an angle of less than ninety degrees may be trisected.

THE TRAGEDY AT
NO. 16 HENDON STREET

THE TYPE OF DETECTIVE STORY

By E. PHILLIPS OPPENHEIM.
IN HEARST'S MAGAZINE

The "Accidental" Detective Is a Society Man Who Shatters the Conspiracy of a Beautiful Girl and Several Desperate Men by Printing Her Engagement Notice

THE three young men sat together in a private box at the fashionable skating rink. It was Sunday afternoon; the music was inspiring; the ice was not too crowded. Yet all three seemed content to remain onlookers. They sat and watched one of their little coterie and their faces grew gloomier. Only Knox, who had been over in Paris for a fortnight, sitting his tea in contentment and remained unmoved by the general depression.

"You fellows don't seem very gay," he remarked presently.

"How can we be gay," Sammy Ford replied, motioning with his head toward a passing couple, "with that to look at! Poor old Len!"

Knox put up his eyeglasses and followed the direction of his friend's gesture. "I admit," he sighed, "that it is a somewhat depressing sight to see one of our own pale pulch of such a shocking breach of taste. Why do you allow your fellows to do it? At the back of my head, I feel it all, a sugar room would be had enough, but here on Sunday afternoon! Has Leonard gone out of his senses?"

They all began to talk at once, but Sammy silenced them. "Come," he said, "for the moment I have forgotten that they know nothing of it. At the back of my head, I feel it all, a sugar room would be had enough, but here on Sunday afternoon! Has Leonard gone out of his senses?"

"Not at all, but," Sammy Knox remarked, shaking his head, "you know the young woman?"

Knox nodded. "Miss Rose Montresor, back row of the Hilarity, and not too sure of her place even there. A loud, bold-looking young woman whom none of us excepting Len have ever spoken to, that I know of. I heard her talking once. Her name may be Montresor, but I should say that she was born Whitechapel way."

"Your estimate of the young woman," Sammy Ford declared, "brings you into line with us. No doubt you are asking yourself then, the same questions which are driving us almost crazy. Firstly—why, in the name of all that's reasonable, is Leonard advertising himself here on Sunday afternoon and at every other place you can think of, with such a person? Secondly, what in the matter with the fellow? He looks frightened to death."

"Have any of you fellows tackled him about it?" Knox asked.

"Done our best," Sammy Ford replied. "He only smiled and said something about her being a jolly decent sort of girl, and ran off. He's given us the go-by."

"Comes in with her late to supper, and hangs about the theatre purposely instead of coming to the first with us. Just a trick of his to avoid us. And all the time, as you know, he is engaged to my Huntington, one of the nicest little girls in London. If she or any of a people come across him with a

caricature like this, he's done for. They relapsed into silence for a time, a glass broken a little abruptly by Knox. "The Leonard sort of money, or anything of that sort?"

"Not he!" Sammy Ford answered. "He is up to his eyes in it, though that wretched little hussy must have cost him a bit. Her clothes must fit her look at a month ago. Now she's got sables like a duchess, hats like lamp shades, and she reeks of all the perfumes of the Burlington Arcade."

"Mighty queer business," Knox remarked thoughtfully. "I'll tackle Len first opportunity. Haven't seen him since I got back from Paris, so I shall have an excuse."

The couple whom they were discussing swung by at that moment. The girl was dark, cold-shouldered, over-dressed and her unpleasant voice and shrill laughter reached them like a scorching note. She skirted badly, and clung to her companion, a tall, thin youth whose hostile and unpleasant expression was marred just now by a curious tightening of the lines of his face. His eyes seemed to have sunk. He looked, as Sammy Ford had recently declared, like the ghost of himself.

"Something wrong there," "About a doubt," Knox decided finally. "It must be investigated."

Knox presented himself at Leonard Spender's room about half-past seven that evening. He brushed the somewhat doubtful manservant and strove into the bedroom, where his friend was struggling with a white tie in front of a looking-glass.

"Thought this would be a safe time to run you down, old chap," he remarked. "How are you?"

"Rotten!" Leonard replied shortly. "Have a drink?"

"Presently, thanks. Is your man coming back?"

"Not for a few minutes."

Knox seated himself on the edge of the bed. "What's wrong, Len?" he demanded.

Through the looking-glass he saw the boy's face harden.

"Nothing."

"Not!" Knox replied. "You're making a thunderous sea of yourself with a silly, under-bred girl. It's beastly form. You've engaged to marry Lily Huntington, and you're right to advertise yourself in the way you are doing. There must be some explanation. Out with it!"

For a moment there was a stony silence. Then, without a word, Leonard crossed the room to the door, turned the key, and came back. His lips were quivering. He spoke with a sob.

"Aldy, old man, I will out with it. Swear I wouldn't. Got to break my word. I can't stick it out any longer. Look at me. You've known me all your life. I'll tell you something that's a murder."

Knox stared at his friend fixedly. His face remained entirely expressionless. Leonard sat down by his side upon the bed.

"You take it very quietly," he went on, "but the thing's like a nightmare to me. It's my own fault. I drove Rose Montresor home one night. She lives quite respectably down with her father in Hendon street, West Kensington. I went in and was introduced to her father and mother. You may as well know the truth. They're shocked, both of 'em. The mother's been on the stage all her life—cheap parts in country melodramas. The father's a sort of stage manager—of acting, a bit of stage-managing, and a good deal of loafing. Of course, they wouldn't fuss over me, and Rose would let me go. There was a heart of a chap in her, and she kept on trying to come and talk to her. Wretched boulder he was, as I said, and a nuisance. He came from him, Rose and I went into the back room. He followed us there and kicked up a row. I was a bit 'tilt' and I couldn't stand the chap. I called him a cad, and he came for me. There was a brass candlestick on the mantelpiece, and I struck him with it right across the head. He went down, Aldy, just like a log—dead as a door nail."

"The frightened, and we called some one. Fortunately only the old man came. He was a bit of a chap, but he got the fellow into a hospital, mixed up with the victims of the railway accident that night at Earl's Court station."

"But how on earth has a thing like this been kept quiet?" Knox asked.

"Have you read of the disappearance of Robert Jones, stock broker's clerk?"

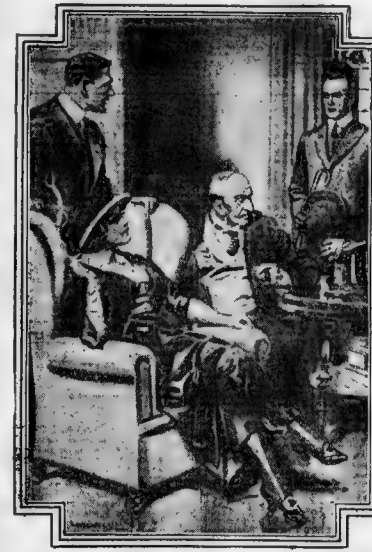
Knox nodded. "I saw something about it in the newspapers," he admitted.

"That's the chap," Leonard went on. "Rose's people have certainly behaved like brigs. They got the fellow into a hospital, mixed up with the victims of the railway accident that night at Earl's Court station."

Knox shook his head slowly. "You're a silly ass, Leonard," he said.

Printing Her Engagement Notice

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Rose was stretched in Leonard's most comfortable easy chair, with the apparent object of displaying as much as possible of her silk stockings, a cigarette between her fingers.

"You ought to have owned your right away. The thing was only a brawl. You would have got a sentence, of course, for manslaughter, but it would have been a light one, and the thing would have been finished with. What made Miss Montresor's people behave so decently about it? The fellow must have been a friend of theirs."

"They thought I was engaged to Rose," Leonard explained slowly. "I'm not sure that Mrs. Montresor is in the line," he said. "What might your business be?"

"My dear Mrs. Montresor," he explained, "I am a great friend of his, and I can't feel anything to her, but it's all right. They're a bit worried about conspiracy."

"I can't tell you that," Leonard explained. "I'm not sure that Mrs. Montresor is in the line," he said. "What might your business be?"

"My dear Mrs. Montresor," he explained, "I am a great friend of his, and I can't feel anything to her, but it's all right. They're a bit worried about conspiracy."

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"There was a brass candlestick on the mantelpiece, and I struck him right across the head. He went down like a log. They found he had killed him!"

"I have the pleasure of knowing her by the sight very well," Knox admitted.

"And a dear good girl she is!" Mrs. Montresor continued enthusiastically. "Never a moment's trouble to me since she was born. I was on the stage myself, Mr. Knox."

"Mr. Knox. You wouldn't think it, to look at me now, but I've been at most of the balls round London in my time."

"Why not?" Knox replied. "Such gifts as your daughter possesses are generally inherited. Ah, this, I suppose, is Mr. Montresor?"

Mr. Montresor, who turned out to be elderly, with a dyed mustache and bushy white hair, entered the room with an air of marked anxiety. The sight of Knox, who was looking very pink and white, and seemed to be a little nervous, appeared, however, to console him.

"Mr. Montresor," Knox said, holding out his hand. "Very good of you to give me a few minutes."

Mr. Montresor breathed more freely. There was certainly nothing alarming about his visitor's appearance.

"Sit 'em down, sir," he invited. "My wife called up that you were a friend of Mr. Spender's. Therefore you are welcome."

Mrs. Montresor seated herself in a cane chair which seemed pitifully inadequate for the purpose. Mr. Montresor stood upon the hearth, and for his arms.

"You are the first of Mr. Spender's friends, sir," he remarked, "who has found us out. You are welcome."

"Very kind of you, I am sure," Knox declared. "You are wondering, I dare say, why I have come. I'll try and explain."

Mr. Montresor nodded gravely. "I dare say," he said, "we should be glad to hear it."

"I do not know that it has any right to help coming to see you. Poor old Len is fairly knocked over by this little affair."

"My wife and I," Mr. Montresor declared solemnly, "have known no sleep since that awful moment. Even now a ring at the bell makes us shiver. I have run a risk, Mr. Knox, which I would not have run for any other man's sake. I liked your friend, Mr. Spender. I know very well—no better—that whatever happened was unpremeditated, but still, sir, it is my opinion that the law of this country would have fallen hardly upon your friend, Mr. Spender, if he had been found guilty of the crime."

"You have it, without a doubt. It was splendidly done. Just, for a moment, Mr. Montresor. Neither Leonard nor I can feel quite satisfied in our minds. It seems too wonderful to think that a man can be spirited off the face of the earth and all trace of him be lost."

Mr. Montresor nodded self-satisfactorily.

"I take no credit to myself, sir," he said, "but I will tell you the truth. I achieved a wonderful performance. I have a friend, a doctor, a gentleman, peculiarly unfortunate, yet a gentleman. He is addicted to habits which have unfortunately shortened his career. His name is Spender. I took him into my confidence. I said to him, 'I have an opportunity here of doing a great deed.' It was he who man-

hand, whom his entrance seemed somewhat to disturb, and gazed at Knox with an air of intense interest.

"Most particularly anxious for a few minutes," Mr. Montresor declared, moving toward him. "You won't mind, my dear fellow, I am sure. No glad to see you a little later on."

The newcomer apparently did not mind. His eyes were fixed upon Knox.

"The moment," he bowed, as Montresor's hand fell upon his shoulder. "The moment, if you please. Am I right in supposing that this gentleman is a friend of Mr. Spender's?"

"I am," Knox answered briefly. "And you, I am sure, are the doctor who has been so kind as to help in this unfortunate little matter? A pleasure, my dear sir, a great pleasure, I assure you."

The newcomer drew off his own glove and shook hands with Knox impressively. "I am delighted to find you here, Mr. Knox," he said, setting down the silk hat upon the table. "The night," he will relieve my mind very greatly to have a little chat about this matter. No, no, Montresor, I went on, as the doctor showed signs of interfering. "You will forgive my saying that it would be more satisfactory for me to discuss this matter with Mr. Spender's intimate friends."

"Naturally," Knox answered warmly. "Leonard is one of the best of us. I can assure you we all of us feel tremendously indebted to you both—to you, Mr. Montresor, and to Mr. Spender, who had the law sometimes in a hard thing."

"You are right, the doctor declared portentously. "The law takes too little account of extenuating circumstances. That has always been my experience. When one considers what might have happened to a young man in your friend's position, simply through that act of self-defence, why, it gives one a fit!" he broke off.

Mr. Montresor, who had been looking from one to another impatiently, and was evidently in a state of great irritation, intervened. "There is one thing very certain," he said firmly, "and that is, the less an affair of this sort is discussed, the better. Mr. Knox has paid us a visit for which I am obliged to him. Let us drop the matter there. Perhaps you gentlemen will both join me in a little drop of the usual—do for me."

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Knox shook his head slowly. "You're a silly ass, Leonard," he said.

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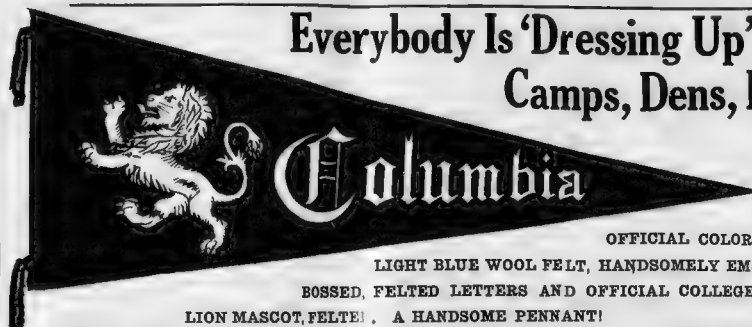
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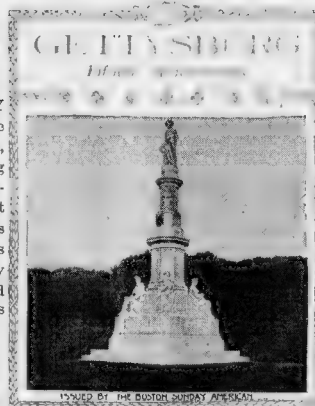
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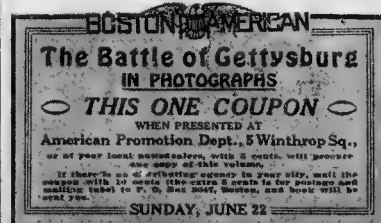
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London's Four Greatest Beauties - BROKEN HEARTED!



May Eberidge, the Newest Charmer, in Pajamas.

Crushing Successive Blows of Cruel Fate Tear from Them Dukedoms, Titles and Millions and Shatter Love's Young Dream

There, little girl, don't cry, don't cry,
They have broken your heart, I know,
And the rainbow picture of your
youthful dream—
Are things of the long ago

STRANGE to say, the four most admired and popular beauties in London are all very much in the same predicament as the little girl in James Whitcomb Riley's charming old song. Every one of these beauties has had a very romantic love affair, shattered. That means to them just what having her doll broken meant to the little girl in the song.

The case of pretty little May Eberidge is a sad one, but hopes of her recovery are entertained. May is very young, and quite recently she won a brilliant success on the stage by her appearance in pajamas. It was not exactly a novel form of art, but the way she wore them quite won the hearts of her audience.

As a sequel to that delightful exhibition the noble Lord Edward Fitzgerald, brother of the Duke of Leinster, courted her ardently, and secured her promise to be his. His Lordship is just twenty-one years old. The Fitzgerald family is the greatest in the Irish nobility, and his brother is the premier duke and earl of Ireland.

When all the noble Fitzgeralds heard of the engagement they were very indignant, and threatened Lord Edward with all sorts of terrible things, possibly with having to work, if he persisted in his plan. Finally they worried him into letting the pretty little actress. She is looking very tragic, now, and her friends say that she feels the deflection of her lover more than the loss of his title. Whether she will bring a breach of promise suit remains to be seen.

Perhaps the most astonishing affair is that of Gabrielle Ray and Eric Loder. These young people were only married on February 23, 1912. Gabrielle Ray is considered by excellent authorities to be the most statuesque beauty that ever appeared on the English stage.

Every Johnny of international fame, from Alfred Vanderbilt to King Manuel of Portugal, worshipped at this beauty's feet. It was whispered that dukes and earls wanted to marry her.

Out of the whole crowd she picked young Eric Loder, who had a fortune of \$10,000,000. Although his family made their money in tallow, they have a fine social position, and one of them is a baronet.

The wedding day arrived, and every ornament of stage and peerage was waiting at the church. There, too, was the bridegroom. But the fair bride did not come, and the ceremony was deferred.

People thought it was an exhibition of the beauty's capricious ways. Closer investigation showed it was rather an exhibition of business sense. Loder had failed to sign the stipulated marriage settlement, securing her the income she needed. He pleaded that excessive premarital hospitality had caused him to overlook the formality. He signed up and the wedding took place three days later.

Now, after barely a

Clever and Pretty
Gertie Millar,
Whose
Hope of
Becoming a
Duchess
Has Been
Torn
from Her



Lovely Lily Elsie, Whose Shattered Love Romance Has Wrecked Her Health.

year of married life, they have quarrelled, and Gabrielle is seeking a divorce. Her stage friends say that the incognitum millionaire found perfect beauty a perfect bore, and sought consolation with one who was less beautiful, but more amusing.

The greatest tragedy is that of Lily Elsie. She has a very soulful type of beauty. She achieved the record of being the most photographed woman in England. Countless youths enhanced her picture on their dressing tables. After devoting many brilliant efforts she accepted Ian Bullough, a young Scotchman, with an income of \$40,000 a year, and brother of Sir George Bullough, who owns the Isle of Rhum.

Within three months of the wedding society heard that there was trouble in the youthful household. At first it was stated that Lily Elsie would return to the stage. Then it was learned that she was desperately ill and was hiding herself from nearly everybody who had known her. Those who have seen her say that she is a physical wreck, and doubt whether she will recover.

Her sufferings were greatly increased by the hostility shown toward her by her husband's aristocratic family. Strange to say, Ian Bullough's first wife was also a great stage beauty, and died within a year of their marriage. She was the famous Maude Parrell, and a few years ago enjoyed almost as widespread an admiration as Lily Elsie.

Beautiful Gabrielle Ray in Her Becoming Newby Costume. She Has Fallen Out with Her Millionaire Husband



Then there is Gertie Millar. Woe for her, tender hearted people, for she appears to have lost the chance of becoming Duchess of Westminster and wife of the richest peer in England. Gertie once made a great hit in "The Spring Chicken." That was some years ago, and she had won other triumphs years before that.

She is clever as well as attractive, and the bohemian Duke of Westminster considered her the best company he had ever met in the best experience. True, she has a husband, a popular composer, but it is understood that he would be quite willing to part with her. Then the Duke of Westminster said that he would get divorced in one way or another from his Duchess, the former Miss Corawallis West, who has been more of a sparring partner than a wife to him.

The prospect of a duke and duchess in the divorce court filled the society gossips with delight. Advanced politicians made it a text for attacks on the aristocracy.

Then the King and Queen of England stepped in. They told the Duke that he was a disgrace to society, that he was paving the way for the downfall of the House of Lords, and a few things like that. He was told that a divorce court official called "the King's Proctor" would interfere if he tried any wife swapping schemes. In short, he was frightened out of any idea of getting divorced. So poor Gertie Millar cannot be a duchess.

OVER THE LAZARUS

Why Your SILK SKIRTS CRACK Along The Folds

THOUSANDS upon thousands of women have discovered to their great surprise and sorrow that their silk skirts have cracked along the folds while the garments were yet practically new. But out of these thousands upon thousands of women probably not a score of them knew that the real reason for this was that they were wearing more of a tin skirt than a silk one. In other words, their handsome, soft, rustling silk garments with the rich sheen were made up of about 60 to 75 per cent tin, and the remainder pure silk, or pure silk except for an ounce or two to the pound of coloring matter.

Again many a woman, in fact probably nearly every woman has been surprised and angered because new silk waists have become discolored and rotted under the arms and about the neck. Again, it was the tin that was to blame for this. The salts in the perspiration set upon the tin and other foreign matter in the silk in a manner that not only discolors it, but causes it to rot, and in summer it is practically impossible to avoid this unless one is certain of getting pure silk.

The woman who walks along the street in a handsome silk gown that rustles softly is extremely proud of her dress, but she does not know that every twelve ounces

Many Manufacturers Make SILK 75 PER CENT. TIN to Give It False Weight

of silk, pure silk, in her dress, has been so weighted with pure tin that this original twelve ounces is made to weigh thirty or twenty ounces, and there are instances, according to the very best of authorities, where twelve ounces of pure silk is made to weigh as much as eighty ounces.

There is a simple method for finding out whether a piece of silk goods has been adulterated or weighted, as the manufacturers call it, with tin, and that is to cut off a small sample and burn it. Pure silk is animal matter, just as feathers or hair, made, as every one knows, by the silk worm. Now if pure silk is burned it will instantly curl up into a crisp mass, just as a burnt hair or feather will curl. But if the goods are adulterated with from 60 to 75 per cent of tin, it will not do this. It will leave an ash in the semblance of the fabric, much as a burned piece of newspaper will leave an ash that still shows the printing. The harder and more firm this ash, the more tin there was in the silk.

Silk manufacturers claim that competition is so great they cannot afford to produce pure silk goods. They admit they do produce some, but it is so expensive only goods with plenty of money can afford to buy it.

Pure silk goods, such as those manufactured at the tin our grandmother and great-grandmothers made their wedding dresses, were and were without any signs of splitting or cracking in the seams. This was because it was pure silk, with no foreign matter in the goods. No tin was put in those goods, and there are probably thousands of women who have these old dresses as heirlooms, and they find the silk apparently as good as ever.

The great injustice of weighting silk with tin is that there is nothing to inform the public of this. Poor women can afford to buy silk because some of it is so good that it is worth the price, and so they are really worse off than before. It has been suggested that the



Nearly All Raw Silk for Fabrics Is Boiled in a Tin Solution to Give It False Weight. This Causes Silk Skirts to Crack in the Folds, Frequently Before They Have Been Worn Dozen

HOW YOUR HEART Rests More Than It Works

YOUR heart rests thirteen hours out of the twenty-four in the normal adult. Its work is done during the systole or forcing out, and the diastole or the relaxation lasts just one-fifth longer than the working period, so that when the twenty-four hours have elapsed the heart has had thirteen hours rest and only eleven hours work. It is, therefore, a great mistake to speak of the "unresting heart." If it did not rest it could not stand the strain, in fact, if it is forced to beat too rapidly, either by drugs or any disorganization of the system, it soon breaks down, for strong as the muscles are they cannot work continuously, but must have rest to regain power.

While it is true that the heart is the great motive power which keeps the blood flowing through the arteries and veins, it is a mistake to regard it as a force-pump, which drives the blood all the way it is to go. But it must have rest between its muscular contraction or it wears out very quickly.

If the work of the heart were to be compared with the work of a man, the necessary for sleep would be clear. Almost any healthy man could walk a thousand miles in six weeks, walking a little over eight hours a day, at an easy pace, and resting for the remainder of each day. Almost any one thinks that he could walk a thousand miles in a thousand hours, but it is no mean

feat, as was shown by an English soldier, Captain Barclay. Some few men have tried to outdo the captain by walking a thousand miles in a thousand half-hours, but few could perform this great task. The way Captain Barclay and other athletic pedestrians accomplished this task was to walk two miles at a time, the first mile at the end of one hour or half-hour, and the second at the beginning of the next hour or half-hour, so as to get as much unbroken sleep as possible. If he walks at the rate of a mile in fifteen minutes, he gets an hour and a half for sleep between every walk when walking a thousand miles in a thousand hours, but he only gets one-third as much sleep, namely, half-hour between his walks when going a thousand miles in a thousand half-hours. It is plain that no living man could walk a thousand miles in a thousand quarter hours, because he would get no rest at all, and if he increased his pace so as to match a little rest the strain would be so great that he could never finish.

This is precisely what happens when the heart is forced to do too much work, either by over-exertion or by the strain of disease. If it is compelled to beat more quickly than normal, for instance, for five months, the whole time needed for the diastole or rest is taken up in labor, even though the systole be slightly shortened. For this reason when the pulse is very rapid

the physician bends every effort to decreasing the rate of the heart's beating by cold applications or by drugs, which slow its action.

The natural question which arises is—What happens to the system while the heart is taking its necessary rest? When the heart is over the valves or the aortic close tightly and the heart is cut off from the circulatory system. What force is it then which is carrying on the circulation in these resting intervals? The answer is a very simple one. In adults whose arteries are normal the arteries are very elastic, and when the heart-force-pump drives the blood out they are stretched greatly. The moment the force stops the elasticity of the arteries makes these vessels try to come back to their normal size, and in this way the blood with which they are gorged is forced forward by the energy stored in the elastic walls. They might be compared to the watch spring which is wound up every night and thus stores the energy for running the watch all day. The walls of the arteries store the energy from the heart between each beat and send the blood along its course. The elasticity of the arteries also serves to regulate the flow of the blood, so that it does not shoot through them as a child would with a gun, but is distributed gradually and in proper proportion to all parts of the body. This is plain that while the heart rests the arteries do its pumping work, even more effectively than it could do itself.

Why an Angry CHILD Always STAMPS Its Feet

THERE are a few universal habits in the human race which have strange primitive origins, and there are some which are universal because they have a physiological stimulus, and one of these latter is the habit that a little child often has of stamping its feet when angry. Exactly the same thing occurs when a man, when he is angry, brings down his fist on the table. In both cases it is due to lack of nervous control.

The nervous system is a unit, and most of the emotions of anger come from a sudden thwarting of a calculated nervous plan. Thus if we are about to sit down on a chair and a mischievous uncle jumps the chair away just as we have let the muscles of the thighs relax, the anger excited is out of all proportion to the actual business that has resulted. If a child wants to get of jam and is denied he is immediately angry, unless he has been taught to control himself. The desire for the jam, for example, has set in motion a nerve plan,

and when this is suddenly stopped there is a flow of nervous energy which has to spend itself in some way. In the case of the child, he usually works this off by stamping his feet and crying. In the case of the man, he usually goes through exactly the same process by stamping the table and swearing. In the case of a hysterical woman, she beats upon the floor with her heels and screams. It is all the same thing. Strange as it may seem, moreover, the outflow of emotion is far better for an angry man than a hysterical woman, as the latter is going to express itself in action somewhere, and if the muscles are kept still the brain cells will be exhausted instead. Emotional forces has got to go somewhere—it can't just stop and disappear. Too great a flow of emotion is a bad thing, but a gradual atrophy of them, and when the emotions begin to die out the person himself or herself is a comparatively little use to the world. It is for this reason that nothing should ever be done to "break" a child's temper, but only to guide it into right channels. You can teach a child not to lose control of his temper, but you cannot teach the child's development, try to train him not to be angry.

A New Relationship to the Monkey

IN the early days of Darwinism the question of the evolution of man was constantly misrepresented, as though it had been proved that man had descended from a monkey. For fifty years zoologists and biologists have been industriously explaining that the succession was not direct, but that man was descended from the root stock of the primates, of which the ape was a distinct branch. Not so soon as that, the correct way of stating our ancestry could be fully understood, there has been discovered a new relationship between man and ape which bridges the gap and makes the old popular idea seem nearer to the truth than the scientific statement.

Like a great many modern discoveries, the factors are highly technical, but the broad outlines serve to reveal in a general way the importance of the discovery. One of the principal differences between man and the lower animals has been in the actual cell processes that happen in the building up of the body. The chemistry, or metabolism, are really fundamental to life, and are the evidence of life. So that, when a large difference appears between man and the animals in the important basic fact of life, the diversity is really far greater than in some outward appearance that is far more superficial. In this particular case the acid is the peculiar product considered. Uric acid is a product which is peculiarly peculiar to man—the breaking up of certain bases, known as purines—producing in the other animals an entirely different acid, known as allantoin. The common monkey the maceur which is largely used in laboratory experiments—this difference exists, and the same is true of the baboon. For a long series of experiments, conducted in the most careful and scientific way by Dr. Wicbowicz, of Prague, have resulted in the proving of the fact that the chimpanzee, one of the anthropoid apes, shares with man this power of producing uric acid. As this product is already suspected to have some relationship to rheumatism—though only in certain types of that disease—it is doubtful whether the chimpanzee is to be congratulated upon his possessing this human characteristic, but it places him in the highest group, even above his fellow anthropoids, the orang-outang and the gorilla.

It has for some years been known that the anthropoid apes showed a close comparison with man in their blood characteristics, especially in the preparation of serum, for preceptives which have been prepared with special significance to men are equally available for the anthropoid apes, though utterly unapplicable to the monkey. But the discovery of a bridge over the gap between man and ape in the important branch of metabolism is a missing link of far more importance than a primitive ape-human skeleton would be. It would, even more lightly, the wonderful fact whereby all living beings are drawn together in the eternal struggle upward.

Healing WOUNDS and SORES with PURE SUGAR

By Dr. L. K. HIRSHBERG, PROFESSOR of Ophthalmology, of the General Hospital of Munich, Germany, has demonstrated that sugar, when properly used, is the best thing for the treatment of ulcers, and he says, a disinfectant superior to any of the popular poisons, such as mercury, carbolic acid, and the other numerous and commonly used toxic dressings for wounds. Professor Magnus has now used sugar in the treatment of ulcers for five months with the most promising outcome. Instead of inducing fermentation, infections and putrefaction, as has hitherto been asserted, it really prevents such complications in wounds. If the sugar has itself been first thoroughly sterilized. Sugar applied to the sore spot not only dissolves any clots or crusts present, but it particularly stimulates the tissues to protect themselves from the invasion of the germs that cause blood poisoning.

Sugar induces fluids to form in the wound which aid materially in washing and rinsing away the foreign and contagious matter. The sugar also has a powerful effect in softening and deodorizing the spot better than any of the well-known remedies.

Moreover, Dr. Magnus has discovered in his experiments that the human body is able to not only enjoy, but tolerate, such a strong sugar solution. He even went so far as to offer himself for tests. He injected, for example, a ten per cent. solution of sugar in water into his own arm. At the same time he gave his other arm an equal amount of salt water. There was no unpleasant effect whatsoever in either instance.

These investigations of the Munich physician show that sugar is both harmless and antiseptic. It confirms the researches of an older savant, Dr. Kuhn, who maintained against great opposition, as well as unjust accusations of quackery, that sugar applied in the treatment of such inflammatory troubles as "peritonitis" will help materially toward its cure.

Dr. Magnus applied sugar solutions and dried sugar to ulcers of the legs, sores on the hands and open wounds generally, and during the several months of his rigid tests he has been uniformly successful under its influence in healing them.

There must be an emphatic understanding that the sugar be pure, clean and free from dust, dirt and invisible germs. This assurance cannot be had if the sugar is taken from the table or from the grocer's and dashed in a haphazard fashion upon the open sore. The proper application of a sterilized sugar can only be made by a trained physician, who is aware of the importance of bacterial-free wound dressings.

With the inauguration of sugar as a means to protect open injuries, to encourage healing and to aid in the body's upbuilding, there will be smaller cost—for all the methods and antiseptics now used are expensive—less trouble and an ever-ready, handy method of treatment.

Why Stars do Not Really Twinkle

PROFESSOR F. W. LORING-GREEN, of London, has made claims that, if nothing else, spoil our old favorite notion of childhood days of "twinkle, twinkle, little star," for the professor says the stars do not twinkle at all. In fact he says the twinkling is all our eyes, and he means it literally. Of course, he doesn't say it in quite this manner. In fact he rather emphatically says it, but he is a noted scientist and has made many ponderous reports to learned British societies, so it is to be expected. His claims are interesting, nevertheless.

The "twinkling" of the stars is not due to something in interstellar space, nor to the earth's atmosphere, says the professor, and to prove his point he rigged up artificial stars in a dark laboratory, and also added as evidence the well-known phenomenon of "seeing stars" when you are struck a blow on the head. He placed a small light in a dark room. A ball's-eye lens and a small telescope were placed at a distance of one thousand yards was equivalent to his little light at twenty feet distance. If this is looked at in a dark room without moving the eye, the light will twinkle exactly like a star.

In this experiment you will notice that pale, bluish-violet circles start at the outside and gradually contract at the centre. On reaching the centre the light brightens. Another simple experiment he used to show that it is your sensitive retina and not the atmosphere that causes the "twinkling" was to observe, as you would in the morning, then to look at the centre. At first a star-shaped, irregular black spot will appear. On closing the eye again a bluish-violet circle appears, spreads, contracts, and then, after breaking up into a star-shaped figure, it becomes brighter, disappears and is followed by another contracting circle.

If you open your eyes as the star figure is formed in the centre, it will appear as a rose-colored star, much brighter than any other part of the field of vision. If, however, you wait until the star has broken up and disappeared before opening the eye, it will be found that only a black spot is seen in the centre. Many psychologists confirm these discoveries of the British investigator, and certainly there is no proof that star figures appear in the outside world. Indeed, you know that the distant stars, as well as the distant earthly lights, are round or globular, not star-shaped or black. The "twinkling" of an eye is enlarged by looking through a telescope. Then you become convinced that it is big and round.

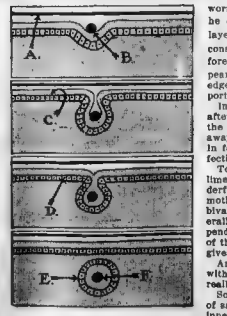
The Best PEARL Is the TOMB of a WORM

THE oyster makes a pearl to get rid of the annoyance of an enemy, generally a worm, that sneaks inside his shell. But in doing this he makes nearer being "hoist by his own petard" than any other thing known in the lower order of life. White he gets rid of the troublesome worm or other foreign matter by making a pearl around it, he makes himself so much more valuable to man by this process that his life is in ten times the danger it was from the object that caused his first annoyance.

Sometimes a pearl is the result of a grain of sand getting inside the shell which the bivalve is unable to dislodge. But recent investigations have shown that the pearls resulting from a grain of sand are by no means as valuable as those resulting from worms. And so it is that the really valuable pearls are nothing more or less than tombs for festering oyster worms. It is the corpse worms that seem to be responsible for the best grade of pearls, with the trematode worms for the second grade.

The manner in which the oyster makes the pearl is extremely simple. Every step of the process has not been learned by naturalists. In the first place the foreign matter, generally a worm, works its way inside the shell of the oyster. The oyster is unable to get rid of it and it continues to annoy him.

Now the black line (A) represents the outer shell of the oyster, with the line next to that (B) is the



The Text Describes How the Black Spot (B) Which is Generally a Whirling Worm Is the Tomb of the Oyster.

worm or other foreign matter. When the foreign fluids he cannot dislodge he begins to deposit a layer of mother-of-pearl (C) around it. The oyster is constantly building his shell by this means. When the mother-of-pearl is covered with sufficient mother-of-pearl the oyster stretches his outer skin (D) until the edges meet where they grow together and detach that portion encircling the mother-of-pearl. The mother-of-pearl is covered with sufficient mother-of-pearl to increase until the layer after layer of iridescent mother-of-pearl has formed the actual visible pearl. The outer skin, now worn away or dissolves and leaves the smooth round pearl. In fact, it leaves the worm so entombed that it is perfectly harmless.

To be exact, a pearl is merely a lump of carbonate of lime mixed with organic matter, which shows its wonderful colors only because of its layer or layers of the mother-of-pearl structure. Pearls are found in various bivalves, although the oysters furnish most and generally the most beautiful. The color of the pearl depends upon the feeding beads which determine the tint of the lime from which the oyster makes his shell. This gives rose pearls or brown or so-called black pearls. And so the beautiful woman whose throat is adorned with a string of rare and almost priceless pearls is really wearing a string of insecticides around her neck. Sometimes the oyster can cover the worm or grain of sand with mother-of-pearl and so-called black pearls. But they are, like the round pearls, the tomb of some unfortunate worm that dared venture inside the oyster's shell castle.

Winning Husband by Waiting

How the Pretty Daughters of the New Haven Prudent Mothers' Club Hope-- Like "Naomi, My Restaurant Queen"-- to Capture Millionaire Husbands by Serving Hot Butter Cakes and Coffee with "Special" Cream to Yale Boys

The buckwheats now are fat and stale,
The coffee's turning gray;
The milk is sour, the soup is pale--
Naomi's gone away!
Oh, sweet Naomi Campbell Stearns,
You've busted Cupid's darts;
You've stirred a fire that sears and burns,
You've broken all our hearts!
Butter Cake Chorus of Yale Freshmen.

THEIR last faint spark of hope has expired. Never again will the ears of susceptible Yale freshmen be captured by the dulcet tones of sweet Naomi Campbell at "Old Eli Lunch," warbling:

"Oh, dear! Fry two! Rush them there butter cakes!"

When sweet Naomi eloped with George Sullivan Stearns, a freshman in the Sheffield Scientific School at Yale, the shock was hard to bear; but they bore up, saying to each other:

"She'll be back on the job. George's old man's a millionaire. Business of proud family spinning blushing bride--chance of cradle-matching--marriage annulled. 'Tis ever thus--no chorus girl, no candy shop girl, no butter cake-tossing, need apply. Consult the newspaper files. Oh, yes, Naomi'll be back on the job--we should worry and get an indignation!"

Hushed hopes, alas! It was barely a week ago that the news reached the Yale campus and the New Haven Prudent Mothers' Club that the happy couple had been restored into the bosom of the opulent Stearns family. Sweet Naomi, erstwhile lovely hostess of butter cakes at "Old Eli Lunch," is mistress of a handsome mansion in the smart set district of Capitol Hill, in Denver, Colo. Far from feeding butter cakes to Yale freshmen, she is now serving afternoon tea to the elite of the Rocky Mountain metropolis. And she has a husband who is now a solid factor in the mattress manufacturing industry which, in Cincinnati, made a millionaire of his father, Edwin R. Stearns, of that city.

In the Prudent Mothers' Club, of New Haven, this news, while it scatters woo in the ranks of Yale freshmen, is received with exclamations of rapture. It justifies the purpose of their organization. It promises opulent husbands for other daughters of the Prudent Mothers. It demonstrates the principle that, among Yale men as well as among all other men:

"A man's affections are reached, retained and controlled through his stomach. Don't rely on your beauty," say the members of the New Haven Mothers' Club, "but feed the brute. Venuses of the chorus and hordes of the candy shops have won these Yale sons of rich fathers, but they knew nothing about the important art of feeding them."

What happened? Honey-moon bliss succeeded by the pains of dyspepsia, which could live on marshmallows; young husband couldn't. He appeals to father, crying help! Father asks, "Can she cook?" Learning the fatal truth, he telegraphs: "Come home--but come alone." Bride goes back to her old job. It's all off.

Thanks to the Prudent Mothers' Club, and to the triumphs of sweet Naomi, the tide has turned. The sons of rich men who flock to Yale are saved from entanglements with a rash mellow brides; they can get nutritious butter cakes and capable wives at the same shop.

No longer will the pretty daughters of New Haven, with an eye on freshmen of the famous "Gold Coast," seek positions in the musical comedy chorus. The Prudent Mothers will see to that! They will find light and congenial employment at "Old Eli Lunch" and other restaurants popular with freshmen, and will see that the butter cakes are well buttered, the "ham and cheese" is fragrant and nourishing, and the cream in the coffee skimmed only on one side. They are already doing it.

The romance of sweet Naomi was the prompt reward of her perspicacity. She would have graced any musical comedy chorus that ever turned the heads of Yale freshmen. But she was wise, and got a job at "Old Eli Lunch." It is true that, four years ago, at the age of fifteen, pretty Naomi Campbell left school and went to work at a New Haven candy factory; place

true that even then the Yale boys sung her charms and brought much trade to the shop so graced by her presence. But soda water is not "filling"; college boys have ravenous appetites and cannot live by soft drinks alone. Accordingly, sweet Naomi took counsel with her mother--that was before the Prudent Mothers' Club was organized--and took the step that was to make her mistress of that Capitol Hill, Denver, mansion.

She applied to "Sig" Hartenstein, proprietor of "Old Eli Lunch"--a favorite Yale students' eating place established by his father more than sixty years ago, and he lost not a moment in engaging her services. He had already heard of Naomi's winning ways, and his wisdom was identical with that of the founders of the Prudent Mothers' Club.

From that day business at "Old Eli Lunch" boomed as never before. Rich students who formerly knew butter cakes only in theory now received them eagerly, from the soft white hands of Naomi, deserting the gilded cafes to become steady customers.

Up to the beginning of the last Fall term at Yale it could not be seen that Naomi's graciousness had specially marked any individual among the scores of her college devotees at "Sig's." She treated them all alike. Evidently success was needed to fire their competitive spirit. And that "something" arrived in the person of George Sullivan Stearns.

This fine-looking, manly and enthusiastic son of the rich Cincinnati mattress-maniac factory looked upon Naomi when his first order of butter cakes was fresh from her hands and lost his heart completely. From that moment he haunted the place. A Yale poet has immortalized that first meeting in verse:

"George Stearns, a 'Dauntless Durban' bloke,
One day meandered in,
And sat among the other folk
Amid the crash and din;
And as Naomi wandered by
I saw him start and stare
With admiration in his eye--
For she was passing fair!
I noticed, too, that when she came
To ask him what he'd eat,
Her wimpled check burst into flame--
Oh, my, but she looked sweet!
I saw her fair hands tremble, too;
"Her voice took me the snakes

"Evenings the fellows all gather around to see Naomi smile. That's what they're about while she hands the victuals out--dressed in the latest style."

In calling forth: "One dark! Fry two! Rush them there butter cakes!"

George never put the soft pedal on his campaign for Naomi. He let it be known from the start that he was "in to win." Like an electrical wave his enthusiasm set the whole freshman contingent aflame. Verily, George had his work cut out for him.

"Sweet Naomi," with a hundred verbal variations, was on every freshman lip. Songs were written about her. At least one was published in regular sheet form, entitled "Naomi, My Restaurant Queen."

"Down in a restaurant not far away,
Where peaches bloom so sweet,
There's a little queen that has it on them all,
Pretty and trim and petite,
Sundwiches, "special" cream, "ham and cheese" on toast.

She hands out all day;
And when you gaze in her eyes divine,
Like them all you'll say:
"(Spoken) 'Well, what WILL you say, fellow?'"

And when you gaze in her eyes divine,
Like them all you'll say:
"(Spoken) 'Well, what WILL you say, fellow?'"

"Oh, gee, Naomi, my hunch counter girl,
I'd give you my size, dear,
I'd give you my eyes, dear,
Set my heart a-burnin'!
Kiss me, Naomi!"

Oh, but, don't be mean!
Oh, you beautiful big blond baby,
Naomi, my restaurant queen!"

In the meantime young Stearns was concentrating all his faculties on securing the lovely waitress at "Sig's." If not as a waitress, at least as a sweetheart, with the purpose of making her his very own for life. Too late his fellow freshmen were

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Mrs. George Sullivan Stearns, Who Was Naomi Campbell, and, Below--Yale Boys in Front of the "Old Eli Lunch" Where She "Waited."



George Sullivan Stearns, the Yale Freshman Who Was Won by the Prettiest Waitress at "Old Eli Lunch."



to learn that this could happen to the popular

Now, alas! they remember how she would lean over his shoulder a bit lower than necessary as she served him, while her lips moved audibly--inaudibly except to George. Now they realize that she was "marking time," tenderly.

"You like 'extra' cream for your coffee, don't you?"

"Are the butter cakes hot enough?" hush! the boys are rubbering."

"Cook? Of course I can cook. What does a girl amount to if she can't cook?"

Suddenly one day in February George Sullivan Stearns was absent from class. He failed to show up on the campus. Agitation among the "freshies." Dark suspicion. Grand rush to "Old Eli Lunch." Worst fears realized--Naomi mysteriously missing.

"They've eloped!"

They took comfort in recalling the "lefty" Plymouth Leary case; the case of Howard Bowen, football center, who also eloped, and also had his allowance cut off. They remembered quite a number of such incidents. Was it not an unbroken tradition that sons of rich men at Yale couldn't marry "beneath their station" and "get away with it"? Indeed, wasn't it an unsecret that Stearns' parents expected him to marry an aristocratic young heiress in

not on butter cakes. Then news from Stratford, Conn., that on February 27 the Rev. N. Ellsworth Cornwall, rector of Christ Episcopal Church, had applied in bonds of matrimony to Miss Naomi Campbell, of New Haven, and George Sullivan Stearns, Yale freshman.

General astonishment, succeeded by a flicker of hope--as mentioned near the beginning of the story.

"She'll be back. Rich papa won't stand for it."

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the Cincinnati "out"? "Fish, tush!" Naomi would be back again on the job at "Sig's." Nil desperandum.

In the meantime they tried to "save their faces" with published congratulations. The Spring vacation started at Yale on March 19. On the day before there appeared on the campus a bright little anonymous sheet called "The Extraneous." It contained this comment on the elopement of the Stearns-Campbell affair:

Naomi--it would be hard to overestimate the terrible loss that our Yale community has recently suffered. The sudden departure of Naomi from our very midst has created an aching void that cannot be filled in a hurry.

"Suffice it to say that Cupid has once again succeeded in mauling one of the bulls of industry. The 'Kew-dropper' where the young couple indulged, and urge leave to quote for the benefit of the readers Mr. A. Stearns's touching tribute

to his former employer:

"She was a girl, take her for all in all, I shall not look upon her like again."

Now you will understand the shock--the paralyzing shock--of the news just received on the Yale campus from Denver, that Naomi Stearns in the approval of her husband's rich and powerful family that she is an established factor in the social life of fashionable Capitol Hill; that Yale's musty tradition is shattered; and that, to wit:

If you want a Yale husband--win it by waiting.

To which the minutes of the New Haven Prudent Mothers' Club add:

"A good waitress cannot fail to be a capable cook. No father of a Yale is too rich to understand the advantages of having a capable cook in the family."

"etc." Ruf said.

The Prudent Mothers' Club is in

to the real.

WILKES DOES NOT PAY

No. 12 of a Series of Remarkable Revelations by Sophie Lyons, the "QUEEN OF THE BURGLARS."

Astonishing Careers of the Bidwells, Who Cheated the Bank of England Out of \$300,000, and Other Famous Forgers



Sophie Lyons.



"Bidwell and McDonald had destroyed everything in their lodgings except a piece of blotting paper—and this proved their undoing. When the Scotland Yard detectives discovered this blotter they were able, by holding it up to a mirror, to decipher Austin Bidwell's New York address and also the imprints of several signatures which proved just the evidence needed to send the forgers to prison."

Copyright, 1911 by the Star Newspaper.

If there is one crime on the calendar which might be expected to pay for forgers, on first thought, would seem to be it.

Other criminals work for returns which are more or less problematical. When the pickpocket slips his hand into your hip-pocket, he risks his liberty for a wallet which may contain little or nothing. The bag-snatcher may secure only a worthless handbag containing loose change and a few trinkets. The house-burglar takes big chances for loot which may not be worth carrying away.

This is not the case with the forger. Unlike other criminals, the forger risks the amount of his booty himself. In this respect he is restrained only by such limitations as the circumstances may suggest. In the majority of cases, however, in making out the forged instrument, he may fill in any amount he happens to want.

Under these circumstances, forgers ought to pay. It doesn't. I have known scores of professional forgers in the course of my own criminal career and there is not a single one alive today who has anything to show for the years of labor he has put into his criminal career. Many of these criminals are dead. None of those left are any states. Others whom I knew in the old days are spending their declining years behind prison walls. All the others are in straitened circumstances. Some of them have received the low dignified forms of crime and are living the wretched existence of the underworld.

There isn't a single forger whom I know in the old days or who has since come directly or indirectly to my attention who is worth \$5,000 today. And these are the fellows who have cleaned up anywhere from \$500 to \$50,000 in a single transaction.

These facts are the more significant when it is remembered that the forger is

usually a man of education, refinement and superior attainments. Many of them are college graduates. Certainly the same amount of effort and ingenuity employed by them in their criminal operations would, if legitimately used, have made them wealthy and respected citizens in their old age.

My views on this matter are in complete accord with those criminal authorities who are in a better position to judge. William A. Pinkerton, of the Pinkerton National Detective Agency, who represented the American Bankers' Association for years and in that capacity had occasion to run down thousands of professional forgers, recently declared that "forgers, like all other criminal occupations, does not pay."

"We have in the past twenty-five years had to do with the conviction of probably five hundred forgers," he said, "and I do not know of a single one of them out of prison who has any money, and, like a great many other professional criminals, had they directed their talents in other directions, the majority might have been successful business men."

Bank burglars have been regarded as the aristocrats of the underworld. Forgers are the underworld's braves. For this reason they have been inclined to hold rather aloof from their fellow-criminals. Nevertheless, they come frequently in contact with each other and the ways of the forger are not very different in some respects from those of other criminals.

Perhaps the principal respect in which the forger resembles his brother criminals is the fact that, despite the great amount of talent and skill he possesses, he frequently slips up on minor details and thus comes to grief.

How big criminals fall through little things was never better illustrated than in the case of the gang of forgers headed by the Bidwell brothers, George and Aus-

tin. These criminals succeeded in hoodwinking the Bank of England out of \$300,000 and then came to grief through trifling mistakes.

For three months the Bidwells succeeded in getting credit at the bank on forged bills of exchange, and then just when they had decided to make one final haul of \$75,000, they forgot to put the date accurate on one of the bills. This carelessness cost them the fraud. The supposed acceptor and disclosed the fraud. Even then the Bidwells who had carefully kept themselves in the background, might have made a successful flight but for another oversight. In destroying all evidence which might have led to their identification at the rooms where they had been lodging, they left a small piece of blotting paper. How that piece of blotting paper brought about their arrest will appear in connection with this account. It is their operations.

George Bidwell and his brother, Austin, will go down into history, I suppose, as the cleverest forgers who ever victimized a bank, and yet their operations covered but a comparatively short period of time.

George was the victim of circumstance. At twenty-five he was wrongly accused of having stolen ten dollars from his employer. He was discharged in court, for the accident proved his undoing. He found it impossible to secure honest employment. He started in business on his own account several times but failed time after time. Sometimes he was victimized by people he regarded as his friends. Sometimes ordinary business reverses ruined him. However hard he tried he seemed to be unable to make good, and thus he decided to do dishonestly what he had found himself unable to do legitimately.

Bidwell had the misfortune of making bad acquaintances and he was easily led by them. He embarked in one swindling operation after another and at last he fell

into the meshes of the law. He served a prison term when he was thirty years old, having from a Southern jail, George Bidwell visited New York. There he met Austin, a professional forger, and with him he commenced his real criminal career.

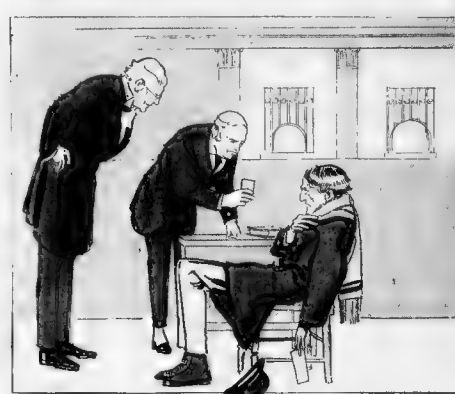
For several years these two worked together in the country cleaning up several thousand dollars a year on forged paper. Then, with his brother Austin and George McDonald, a Harvard graduate of criminal tendencies, went to Europe.

Bidwell had a well mapped out plan of gain. He bought a letter of credit on a big London bank and obtained one of the bank's stationery. He then wrote a letter of introduction supposed to have been signed by the manager of the bank and mailed them to various banks throughout Europe. He also sent letters written on the London bank's stationery to himself in care of these banks. He then proceeded to the various European capitals, asked for his mail at the banks to which he had addressed it,

needed street" in the name of "Warren." Another account was opened in the Continental Bank. False bills of exchange for amounts averaging about \$20,000 were discounted almost daily at the bank in England and put to the Warren account. Checks were drawn against that account and the proceeds invested in American bonds.

The success of the forgers was so great that within a few months they had amassed a fortune of \$300,000 in bonds and several thousand dollars in cash. They decided that to continue the game indefinitely would be running unnecessary risk and a final coup calculated to net them some \$75,000 was planned.

It was this coup which proved their undoing. Through pure carelessness the clever Bidwell forgot to insert the date of the acceptance of the draft. Of course, the bank regarded it as a mere oversight, but they had to communicate with the supposed acceptor in order to have the omission supplied, and thus the forged character of the bill was discovered. Very



The coughing started again. The teller became alarmed. It seemed as if the man's racked frame could not much longer resist the terrific strain his coughing spells were subjecting it to. One of the officials of the bank appeared on the scene just in time to catch him as he was falling to the floor. The man's terrible condition completely disarmed them of suspicion, and the draft he had presented was paid. It called for \$2,000. It had been raised from \$20."

presented his forged letters of introduction and easily succeeded in getting the banks to cash the forged checks and drafts he presented to them.

In this way he cleaned up hundreds of thousands of dollars. The gang had not been operating long in Europe before they discovered that the Bank of England might prove an easy victim. An account was opened with the Old Lady of Thread-

needle bank kept its discovery to itself, and when No. 10, one of the members of the gang who had been used to do the actual presenting of the drafts, appeared at the Continental Bank to draw some of the gang's money he was arrested.

Word reached Bidwell at his aristocratic quarters, in the West End of London, that the game was up and he and McDonald, who boarded with him, at once set to work to destroy all incriminating evidence. Not an iota of evidence apparently was left to identify them or to characterize the work in which they had been engaged. Every label was carefully cut out of their clothes and the contents of the papers were burned and, of course, the engraving blocks were thoroughly destroyed.

While the sort of destruction was going on, McDonald wrote a letter to Austin Bidwell in New York, whence he had fled, and he asked George to save a piece of blotting-paper so that he might blot the letter when he got home.

Some days later when the detectives from Scotland Yard had so far followed the forgers' trail that they came to the abandoned quarters of Bidwell and McDonald, they ran across that piece of blotting-paper. Holding it up to a mirror they were able to decipher Austin Bidwell's New York address. This piece of blotting-paper also contained imprints of the signatures of the forgers. The two brothers went West. Austin died of poverty a few years later. George delivered a lecture in an effort to raise enough money to bury his brother. A few weeks later George himself died.

George Bidwell had cleaned up over a million dollars by the course of his comparatively short criminal career, but after years of suffering and privation he died a pauper. In all the history of crime there never was a better example of the futility of a life of crime than that of Bidwell.

But there are many others. There was "Steve" Broadwell, referred to so often as "the forger of the century." He was a member of the notorious Wilkes gang of forgers. George Wilkes, regarded as the most successful of the forgers of his time, was the penman of the gang, and Broadwell was one of the "presenters." Every forged document was signed by the "penman" or "scratcher," a middleman, who acted as the forger's representative,

and a "presenter." The proceeds are divided in certain proportions, the presenter getting the lion's share, because it is he who takes the greatest risk.

"Steve" Broadwell is said to have realized nearly three-quarters of a million dollars as his share of the forgeries in which he was implicated. There was hardly a city in the country in which he had not operated at one time or another. His method was unique.

Here is a typical case. He walked into a Boston bank one rainy afternoon just before the hour for closing. He presented a draft drawn by a Southern bank upon a bank in New York directing the New York bank to pay to James Lane some \$2,000. Broadwell was soaking wet from the rain, and as he handed the draft to the paying teller he commenced a fit of coughing which seemed as though it would split him apart. The teller waited until the coughing man had a moment's respite and then explained that he couldn't cash the draft because it was drawn on a New York bank.

Again the man started his terrible cough and the perspiration stood out on his brow. When the spell subsided, he handed the draft back to the cashier and insisted on a weak voice that the cashier of the Southern bank, whose signature guaranteed James Lane's draft, was on the back of the draft, had told him that he could cash the draft as well as the Boston bank.

"I was on my way to New York to see a specialist," he went on, "but I'm afraid all parts of my body are affected with this. That's why I came here."

The coughing started again. The teller became alarmed. It didn't seem as if the man's racked frame could much longer resist the terrific strain his coughing spells were subjecting it to. The man finally coughed out the piece of the man's paroxysm, appeared on the scene just in time to catch him as he was falling to the floor.

A chair was brought and while the exhausted man was assisted into it the teller and the cashier discussed the question of cashing the draft he had presented.

The man's terrible condition completely disarmed them of suspicion as to the authenticity of the draft he had presented and the only thing which made them hesitate was the irregularity of the proceeding. Banks and bank officials are the last people to suspect a man of crime who has repeated experiences have taught them that safety lies in following precedent.

It seemed that the Boston bank had carried a large deposit of the Boston bank's funds, and could, of course, safely have cashed the draft if it had been a fact with which Broadwell was, of course, familiar. Again the man commenced his deadly cough, and the teller, fearing that further argument with the apparently dying man might bring about his death, simply counted out the sum and handed it to him. Broadwell went out into the rain again, wearing the same trick at four other banks before three o'clock that afternoon and cleaned up some eighteen thousand dollars on the day!

The drafts he issued in this way were genuine drafts issued for small amounts in the regular way and skillfully raised to several hundred times their actual amount. In the case mentioned the original amount was \$20. Broadwell collected \$2,000 on it. He died of poverty in a Boston lodging house. He had made fortunes in his time, but he died a pauper. The strain he exerted in the course of his career undoubtedly hastened his end. He was a most trusted agent and would have secured the lion's share of a life of crime and he reaped the criminal's inevitable reward—misery and poverty.

George Wilkes himself, one time or another worked with most of the big forgers of his time and cleaned up hundreds of thousands of dollars in this country and in Europe, died penniless in the Bellevue Hospital in New York City. The accounts of the actual forgers become involved in the meshes of the law more frequently than the principals themselves. "Steve" Broadwell, for instance, has pointed out that eight of the associates of Arthur Becker, the forger, were caught and sent to the penitentiary. He has told of the case of George Wilkes' associates, five of Jack Bruhn's, six of Jim Farrell's and eight of Alonzo J. Whitman's.

No one who is at all familiar with the careers of the big forgers will ever consider the life of crime as a life of luxury like every other crime. It has never brought anyone any real happiness. For a few years, perhaps, it may ease the thirst for pleasure as a means of livelihood to live well, but in the long run the life of the forger is a life of misery and despair. Forgery does not pay because no crime pays.

SOPHIE LYONS.

The New Plan to Encourage Love-Making

By Thomas S. McQuaide, Pittsburgh's Superintendent of Parks.

Why should not the course of true love run smooth? Why should spooning be interfered with? If all the world loves lovers why should they be forced to do their spooning, their love-making under cover? It is the business of any city to see that lovers are given a place to spoon in. And because I was once a lover I am determined that for once the young people of Pittsburgh shall be given every opportunity to spoon to their heart's content.

And where else should they spoon, where else should they kiss but in the public parks? My parks will be transformed every evening into spoonheaters where the true lovers can take their sweet nothings and embrace each other, and do all the airy trifling lovelinesses that comprise a courtship. But, of course, it is necessary that true lovers be distinguished from the masquerade. The former shall not only be welcomed, but encouraged to spoon. The latter will be given a free ride in a police wagon.

It is love that makes the world go round, and it is spooning, that is, love-making, that is the greater part of love. And young people should be made to feel that they are doing nothing to be ashamed of when they frankly spoon.

The more open love-making there is under the carefully careful eye of a chapman, the less secret the love is apt to be.

What harm is there in a young couple going into the park at an afternoon or evening, seating themselves on a bench and spooning? If the young fellow does put his arm around the girl's waist, or even if he embraces and kisses her, there is no wrong in that. Then why should they be driven out of the park, or perhaps arrested, for doing something that the magistrate and the chief of police and everybody else did when they were young, and do so now too?

Let me understand it, the parks are the playgrounds for the people—mostly the common people who aren't the means of providing for them some of the pleasurable amusements of the wealthy. The parks should be made as attractive as possible, especially for the young people. For if you provide decent

even amusement for your boys and girls they are not nearly so likely to go wrong.

Our park policemen have been instructed to use their discretion in determining between true lovers and masqueraders. We have twenty are old, experienced

men who will be allowed to spoon with a different girl every night, nor will be allowed to enter the park with one girl and leave with another.

How do our men tell whether true lovers or masqueraders are doing the hugging and kissing? Why, in this way: Take Schenley Park, for instance. There are three entrances to it. At each entrance a stationed policeman watches the comings and goings. These fellows can tell almost at a glance whether a young man is bringing his regular girl to the park to see her or if he is the sort of fellow who is out for a quick evening. The masquerader is turned away from the entrance and is not permitted to enter. If he goes through, the policeman watches the benches he will get him. If that sort is caught misbehaving, they are bundled out of the park in one of the police automobiles and are fined in the morning. Reformation means jail sentences and workhouse terms.

No, I haven't issued any instructions to the park policemen as to what sort of love talk is permissible. I have left it to their discretion. I have said things that sound silly to the eavesdropper, but we allow for that. Silliness is not a sin. Honestly speaking, my rules are three in number, as follows:

Rule 1—No man will be permitted to bring a different girl to the park every night, nor will be allowed to enter the park with one girl and leave with the sound of a kiss between true lovers.

Rule 2—Police-men must wink to themselves and look the other way when they hear the sound of a kiss between true lovers.

Rule 3—The girl who does not want to be kissed must do more than say "Please don't." What about the girl who frowns and says that she doesn't want to be kissed? Well, that is a delicate question, but our men are told to give up and be sure that the girl means it before they interfere. You know girls have that habit, and yet when the man refrains from the kiss they get mad.

I firmly believe that our liberal attitude toward spooners will do much to improve the morals of the young people of the city. I have great sympathy with lovers, and this year determined that all bars should be let down and that they should go as far as they like within reasonable bounds of decency. Spooning is the birthright of the young. I am with the spooners heart and soul.

Of course, we take precautions, but we try not to



"Heart Secret" Gowns.

LADY DUFF-GORDON, the famous "Lucile" of London, and foremost creator of fashions in the world, writes each week the famous article for this newspaper, presenting all that is newest and best in styles for well-dressed women.

Lady Duff-Gordon's new Paris establishment brings her into close touch with that centre of fashion.

Lady Duff-Gordon's American establishment is at Nos. 37 and 39 West Fifty-seventh street, New York.



By Lady DUFF-GORDON
"Lucile"

Do you find yourself liking one color, or one shade of some color, more than the others? Do you find that, perhaps, unconsciously you have a touch of this color in every costume? That it has begun to really have a meaning to you?

If this is not true of yourself do you not find that it is true of some of your friends? Are you not conscious that among your women friends there are some with whom you always associate certain colors? And have you noticed that some of your friends are apt to have their costumes all cut along the same general lines?

You may have wondered at this so-called fad of these friends but remained in ignorance—why? Pretty Mario always has a bit of purple somewhere in her costume and, why, the stately Sarah is never without a touch of green.

Of course there are many reasons that are perfectly patent to the most casual observer; the general becomingness of a color is the most obvious, but it is with the more subtle reasons that I am interested and it is of these reasons that I mean to write.

It is all very well to say that Mario wears purple because it is becoming to her and never wears red because it is not. In these days of the ready-to-use cosmetics and the applied hair design any woman can wear any color, no matter what she was born. Therefore, we must seek a deeper reason than becomingness.

I believe that in every woman's life there has been an episode that affects her whole being and that consciously or subconsciously, it affects her dressing. I believe that every article of a woman's clothing has some meaning, that her choice of stockings and lingerie are controlled to a great extent by this episode. I have a client who, for instance, will never have a bit of yellow anywhere in her costume; the very sight of bright yellow sunshine affects her unhappily. One day she told me that yellow was associated with a great tragedy in her life, and that every time she saw it she recalled that great sadness.

But there are other women who

have capitalized such tragedies and have ever kept with them some memento of them. There will be the faded bunch of flowers that is all that is left of an early love affair, or a dance programme that brings back

kindred social topics.

By Mrs. Frank Learned.

A n evidence of good training is to suppress undue emotion in public. Whether it is an emotion of laughter, anger, disappointment, or mortification of any sort, one's tone should be free from excitement. Self-command is a quality to be striven for, whether at home or abroad. Even in the midst of those who are strangers, it is desirable to make a favorable rather than a disagreeable impression. One is obliged for one's own sake to maintain the dignity which forbids doing anything that attracts observation, comment or criticism.

An agreeable companion in traveling makes the most of the enjoyable experiences and the least of the unpleasant parts of the journey. Often there may be annoyances or discomforts, but one who has good sense and good humor does not complain but tries to keep a cheerful temper and an amiable expression of countenance. An experienced traveler does not assume or use officials, and is not severely exacting. If an inquiry must be

made it is made politely. If a train is late, because of some delay, it is a fact of life, and one should not be impatient and not to demand rights angrily. If employees do not carry out rules properly one may call their attention to this, but only when the rights of the traveling public must be upheld.

Noise or display when traveling stamps a person at once as not conversant with good form.

Consideration for others is obligatory. A well-bred person is careful not to place bags or wraps on an adjacent seat in a train while knowing the fact that someone is looking for a seat. If someone asks if a place is reserved, one should remove things promptly and with a graceful air. One should not throw a wrap or coat over the back of a seat in front when it is obvious that it is an inconvenience to others, but should one open a window and let in a draught if others are made to suffer by it.

Although it is a fault to be officious or intrusive about offering information to one's fellow travelers, it is equally a mistake to have a haughty, cold reserve when one

sees that information is needed. It is kind to give it readily and not to be indifferent to the wants of others.

Sensible women said those who are sure of themselves know that refinement and culture go hand in hand with simplicity in dress and demeanor. Coiffures and elaborate jewelry in dress and the wearing of jewels when traveling are avoided by everyone with good taste and a sense of the fitness of things. While it is true that lighter colors are worn than during the winter, and thinner materials are chosen for warm days, it is equally true that nothing that is conspicuous is ever correct, and that perishable materials or those that soil quickly are undesirable. A gown that might be suitable for a short trip in a drawing-room car is not appropriate for a long journey in an ordinary car.

To dress correctly for traveling is to wear what is simple, serviceable and neat. A tailored suit of serge or other light-weight woolen material is indispensable. The color being gray, dark blue, brown or black. In warm weather dresses of pongee, voile, moulin or linen are used. A good supply of washable waists should be included in one's outfit, the simplest styles, high in the neck, being suitable. When traveling rapidly from place to place it is advisable to have few dresses. Plenty of gloves, fresh neckwear and a good supply of undergarments are necessary. When remaining but a few days in a place one's clothing may be washed promptly at a hotel laundry. Absolute freshness of attire is

Photos by
WHITE NY

Sea Green Spangle Tulle, Recalling a Love That Is Past, but Not Forgotten. To Wear It Is to Feel Again Some Thrill of the Old Happiness.



The Gown of Her Past. Reminiscent of Youth. Dove Gray Charmeuse, with Apple-Green Girdle.

carry our hearts on our sleeves! It is because of this that Mario always has a bit of purple somewhere on her person. It is because of her modernity that Sarah invariably has a hint of green in her costume—and the virginal debutante who does not yet know the world has always gray or soft, warm brown in her costume.

In the large picture that I am sending you I am showing an episode of a gown that carries a heart secret that only the initiated realize. This is a simple little frock in its way, but still

the tale that it could tell if it could speak.

It is created in a soft shade of gray, the true debutante gray although its wearer is long past that happy stage. But she wears it because it recalls an episode of her debutante days. The little grey lady I call her, but there are those who say that she would better wear scarlet.

Notes, if you please, the extreme simplicity of the design; the sublimity, however, gives it the touch of sophistication that the wearer ac-

quired when she went through her episode.

In the picture of the very beautiful evening gown, with its very new fashion trails, there is a memory that is very wonderful to the woman who will wear it. This is an exquisitely spangled green tulle that looks very like the color of the sea just as the waves turn but before it breaks. Sea foam tulle with sea green spangles should mean happiness to any woman, and it does to the one I have in mind. It recalls, no it epitomizes, an episode that is all loveless, even though it is now but a memory. I wonder why it is that some women make all memories unhappy while others make theirs all happiness.

And now this brings me back to the sea-green dress. For this woman loved on a Summer evening and an Summer was no, she had not married the man, but she says that her memories of that love will be with her all her life long, and while she does not carry them in every one of her gowns she has epitomized them in this delightful costume. And she is never more happy than when she is wearing it.

Let Your Wardrobe Tell the Story of Your Love Affairs, Says Lady Duff-Gordon



Costume of Rare Blue Crepe, Recalling the Happiness of the Honeymoon to a Bride of a Year.

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In the third picture I know you are wondering what kind of a memory that recalls. Well, prepare to be disappointed, for that recalls the happiest kind of a honeymoon! This is the gown that I created for a bride of a year. She came to me and said that she was so happy that she must have a costume to express her happiness. "My honeymoon was the most wonderful time of my life. If I should die to-morrow," she added, "I should die with a smile on my face. In this costume. The color is a rare and wonderful blue, the blue that a baby's eyes are the day they are born—and this is a very radiant blue, indeed. It is a silky crepe, marvelously draped, and there is much real lace on it; the bodice is nearly all lace, and there is the drop skirt to match."

And the hat is a picture of lace that shades the face must be wistfully.

When it was finished and the happy bride saw it she smiled and said, "Ah, before me I see the happiness of my life. I see my heart secret shown, but no one else will know that I do."

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HOW TO BE AGREEABLE AND WELL-BRED WHEN TRAVELLING

By Mrs. FRANK LEARNED
Author of "The Etiquette of New York To-day."

A GREEABLE manners lend attractiveness to a man or woman fully as much as physical beauty. Mrs. Cavert gives valuable information to the readers of this newspaper on the care of their personal charms every other Sunday. On the intervening Sundays Mrs. Frank Learned discusses the equally important subject of social charms. She is a member of New York fashionable society, widely known as a writer on etiquette and kindred social topics.

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To dress correctly for traveling is to wear what is simple, serviceable and neat. A tailored suit of serge or other light-weight woolen material is indispensable. The color being gray, dark blue, brown or black. In warm weather dresses of pongee, voile, moulin or linen are used. A good supply of washable waists should be included in one's outfit, the simplest styles, high in the neck, being suitable. When traveling rapidly from place to place it is advisable to have few dresses. Plenty of gloves, fresh neckwear and a good supply of undergarments are necessary. When remaining but a few days in a place one's clothing may be washed promptly at a hotel laundry. Absolute freshness of attire is

necessary the rule for a well-bred woman. Shabbiness is unpardonable. Anyone who thinks that anything will do for travelling is mistaken. Aside from the chances of meeting friends or acquaintances and wishing to make a good appearance, one's own self-respect demands that one should be carefully dressed at all times.

A hat plainly trimmed, without feathers or flowers, is in good taste. A more dressy hat may be provided for occasional use. Gloves of gray suede or tan dogskin are useful, and silk gloves may be worn in very warm weather. An important rule is that gloves should remain on the hands. Nothing is more unattractive, as well as showing a neglect of good form, than ungloved hands in the street or when travelling. Gloves which are inexpensive may be worn, but gloves must always be worn for the purpose of neatness. Shoes should be black Oxford ties, or tan in summer.

Women who are correct in facts prefer not to wear pumps or fancy shoes of any sort in the street or for travelling, nor do they wear transparent stockings. Plain stockings of black or tan to match the Oxford ties are best.

A man wears for travelling a stick suit or culotte suit of tweed,

cheviot or flannel; a derby or straw hat or a soft felt.

At hotels in the evening in summer women wear dresses of tulle or other light materials, or pretty waists of chiffon or lace with separate skirts.

In regard to luggage much depends on what is to be the length of one's journey or absence from home. For a short trip a small quantity of luggage is best. Good form forbids that a woman should ever carry a suit case by hand. It should be checked and an attendant called for the baggage.

A small travelling bag and an umbrella may be carried. It is incorrect to carry boxes, packages or baskets.

A convenience is to purchase one's trunk in advance and to check one's trunk through from residence to destination. A small extra express charge relieves one of this trouble; otherwise it is necessary to attend to the checking at the station.

Women and girls travel alone more than they used to do. If they are quiet and dignified they will always be treated with respect. It is of the utmost importance for them to remember the rule to ask for any required information either at an information bureau, a ticket office, or from officials at railway stations or on trains or boats. They should avoid making inquiries of strangers and should be prudent in entering into conversation with them. If civility is offered by a stranger a woman expresses her thanks and that of the incident.

Under no circumstances should one take a present of fruit or bon-

bons, or anything of the sort from a stranger. It is better to leave an impression of having been formal rather than familiar.

Young girls should not travel alone on very long journeys. If obliged to go alone they should be met by friends on arriving. Women travelling alone are careful to plan to arrive before evening. Young girls do not stop at hotel alone, but are accompanied by an older woman whose presence protects them from criticism.

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SUPERFLUOUS HAIR ALL SIGNS BANISHED

Woman Tells From the Secret of Her Complaints How She Got It Never Returned



Don't Inquire of Strangers.

"Whipping Is None Too Bad for the Heartless Woman Flirt," Says Mile. Lenique.



HOW DUGHT FLIRTS TO BE PUNISHED?

They Killed Them with Poisonous
Snakes 4,000 Years Ago.
Here Distinguished Persons
Discuss What Should
Happen to Them To-day.



The Invidious Manoeuvres of the Modera Flirt. From the
Painting by A. Guillaume in the Present Salon.

THE discovery that Hatshepsut, an Egyptian priestess of 4,000 years ago, was put to death for flirting has raised the palpitating problem how this offence against society should be punished in these days.

Some of the best authorities on social laws and conduct in America give their opinions about it here. Flirtation is a natural instinct that, passing certain limits, becomes a crime. Hence a great difference of judgment among the authorities. Some view it as its innocent form, others think of its most evil consequences.

The mummy of Hatshepsut was recently received in San Francisco's Golden Gate Park Museum. In un-

wrapping the mummy Professor George Barron, the Curator, found the skeleton of an asp upon her bosom.

Hatshepsut, explained the professor, "was a beautiful vestal who devoted the priests of the temple to which she had been assigned by dancing before the tomb of a sacred cat. In other ways she aroused their ire, and finally when she was caught flirting with an archer of the Pharaoh's guard, a council of the priests was called, and she was condemned to death. The archer was presumably married, but the priests probably condemned her for her offence against their cult rather than the domestic transgression. A viper was secretly placed in her couch, and in the morning she was found dead."

"Electrocution for the Man Flirt."

By Mile. Andre Lenique, Parisian Portrait Painter.

FLRITS should be punished severely.

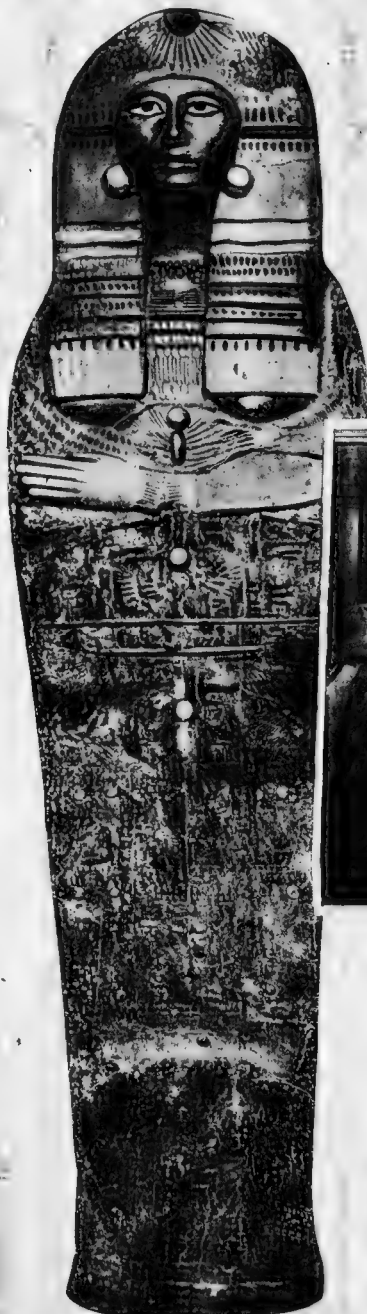
There is flirting and flirting. A flirtation in which neither is in earnest and in which each knows that the other means nothing is harmless amusement, but there is seldom such a condition. In this country, where people are childlike and ingenuous in their affections, one or the other is almost sure to be interested, and if the other knows of the interest, there is for the one who continues the flirtation no excuse. In France a man and a woman understand each other. Here they do not always. In France if a man rolls his eyes and pays an extravagant compliment the woman smiles and forgives. Neither is credulous. Here the man is credulous. If a woman flatters him he believes all she says and is convinced that she believes it.

The American women are cleverer than the French. Hence they flatter and flatter and flatter, and behind the man's back they smile and smile and

smile. The American woman cultivates her mind. Always her mind sits aloft there governing her life and directing its affairs. And that is better, much better than the heart always rules.

Generally speaking and forgetting all boundaries of land and creed, I think the punishment of the male flirt should be greater, because love is not so large a part of his life. He has his business and is immersed in it for the greater part of his life.

To make clear what I would desire to see done in extreme cases of flirtation, we will suppose that a woman deliberately sets about ruining the happiness of a home. She has no love for the man. She desires only to show her power, or she may want his money. At any rate, she wrecks the family. For her what punishment should be meted? The whipping post would not be too severe. But for the man who brings honor and dishonor into a home, what? If he whips the post for the woman, then electrocution for the man.



"Within the mummy case of the ancient Egyptian Priestess Hatshepsut was the skeleton of the asp with which she had been put to death for flirting 4,000 years ago."

"I'd Give the Flirt Thirty Days in Jail."

By Anthony Comstock, of the Society for the Suppression of Vice.

FLIRTATION is not only harmful to persons concerned, but evil consequences are likely to ensue from it affecting the welfare of society. Particularly is flirting a menace when it involves married persons. Many young girls make a business of flirting at every opportunity. These girls are, as a rule, attractive and charming; they enmesh their youthful admirers and lead them on under the presumption that they are willing to marry. Then, when the affair becomes rather serious a heartless

girl of this kind will calmly tell her most ardent wooer, one by one, as she tires of them and finds more entertainment in newly found victims, that she has never really cared for them, and that marriage is the least of her thoughts.

Culprits with whom I have to deal, people who handle vice as their stock in trade, are often sentenced to thirty days or more in jail. If I could convict a man or a woman who had been party to a disastrous situation, I should feel justified in pronouncing the same sentence upon either.

"Don't Punish the Flirt—Reward Her."

By Alberta Hill, Former Secretary Women's Political Union.

IF there is no misunderstanding about the true meaning of the verb, to flirt, then the answer must be: No, the flirt should not be punished; she should be rewarded.

She should be rewarded because she radiates sunshine. Sunshine is clean, wholesome. Synthetically, sunshine is the enveloper and the beautifier of every living thing; analytically, it is Nature's own disinfectant. The true flirt scatters sunshine, aids in developing what is good and wholesome and in neutralizing what is morbid.

So, if you ask, "How should flirts be punished?" the answer should be: Convert

your pillory into a throne and seat her upon it, crowned with roses.

Besides, it is rather late in the day to talk about "punishing" flirts—at least when considering the verb in its feminine gender. Throughout all the ages we know anything about my sex has been rewarded for flirting. Until quite recently we have been looked upon by men as irresponsible beings, to be cared for, petted and caressed and exalted when we made ourselves agreeable to them, ignored or otherwise punished when they found us lacking in charm.



The Death of Paolo and Francesca da Rimini, a Historical Tragedy That Resulted from an Originally Innocent Flirtation.—Painting by A. Caband.

"Innocent Flirtation a Social Necessity."

By Clara Morris.

WHAT is woe's name would become of society without flirtation of a certain harmless kind? For, of course, there is an imprudent—nay, worse—a cynically cruel flirtation, that should be reborn.

It is the flirt who opens the heavy portals of society to sentiment and romance. Poetry ever follows the small tracks made by Cupid's rosy feet; in truth, flirtation is to society what bubbles are to champagne. Oh, I am aware there are those who declare flirtation is never innocent.

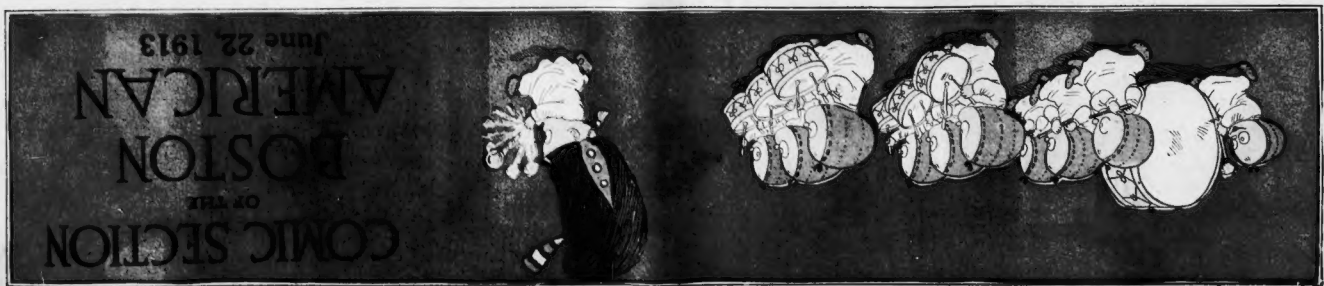
Nonsense! Have I not seen a baby girl, short of three years of life, flirting to beat the band, the object of her attack being some twenty years older than her own father. Arching brows; playing curved lashes; casting the glance oblique; alluring, repelling, retreating, advancing, retreating; head on one side, smiling, frowning, one lovely pose melting into another, all with the skill of a Nino de' Capricci and the innocence of the delicious baby she was, as she fascinated a



whole car full of people by exercising her birth gift of coquetry.

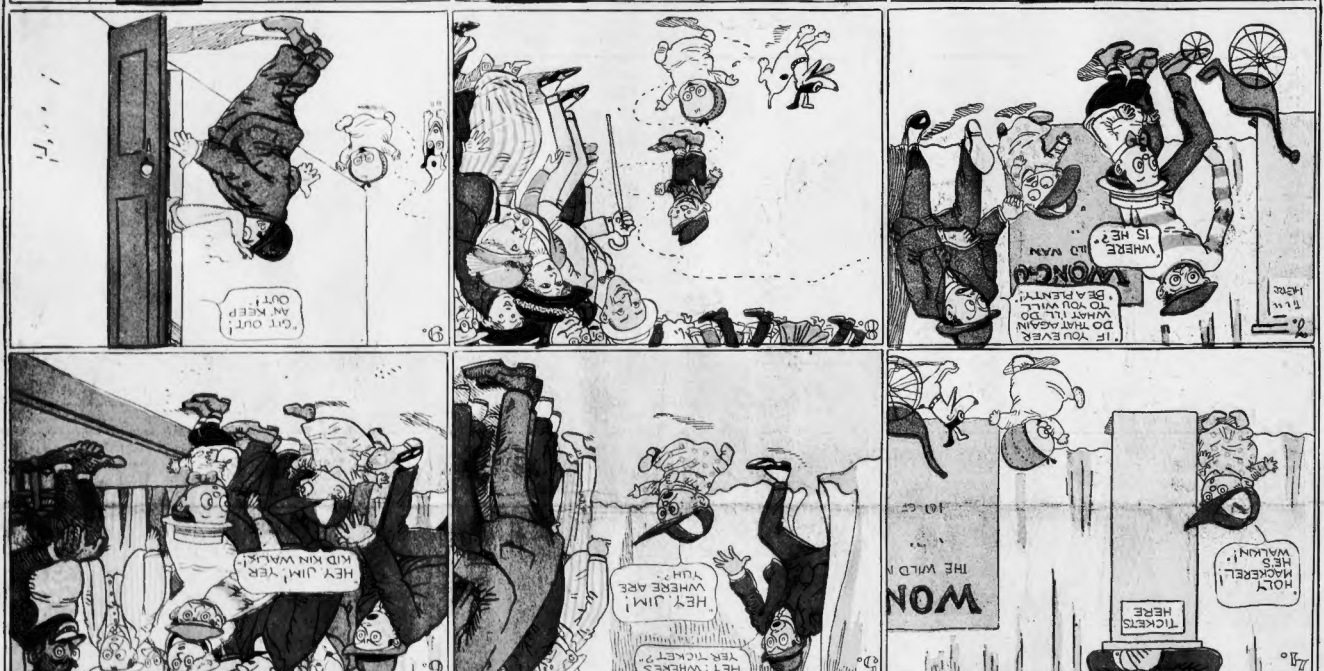
One cannot look with favor upon the married flirt, but for the young, the free, let them alone! Let "him" read poetry aloud while lying at her feet; let "her" give him the rose from her belt—yes, even let him lingeringly lift her from the saddle, and don't thunder against their wickedness; it is so ludicrously like sending for the public executioner to break a butterfly on the wheel.

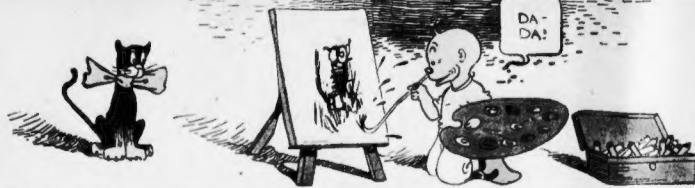
"I Would Give the Wicked Flirt Thirty Days in Jail," Says Anthony Comstock.



COMIC SECTION
OF THE
BOSTON
AMERICAN
June 22, 1913

Jimmy--Baby Can Walk!

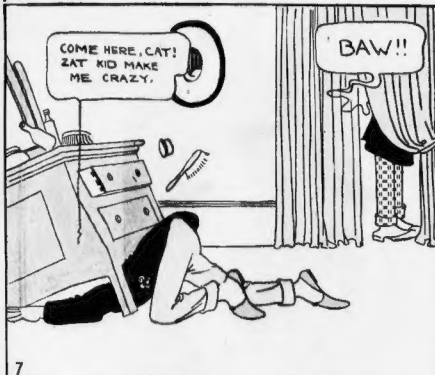




THEIR ONLY CHILD...

HE POSES FOR HIS PORTRAIT

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Their Names Were "Boris" and "Sergius."

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Happy Hooligan Applies for a Marriage License.

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IN THE WONDERFUL LAND OF DREAMS

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Flip Introduces Baseball Among the Lilliputians

